## City of Vandalia, Ohio







Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the year ended December 31, 2017

#### CITY OF VANDALIA Montgomery County, Ohio

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2017

Issued by: Director of Finance

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### Table of Contents

Introductory Section Page
Letter of Transmittalv
Certificate of Achievementx
List of Principal Officialsxi
Organizational Chartxii
Financial Section
Independent Auditor's Report
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Basic Financial Statements:
Government-Wide Financial Statements:
Statement of Net Position
Statement of Activities
Fund Financial Statements:
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position
of Governmental Activities
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities 28
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual:
General Fund
Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in
Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Fund
Notes to the Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information:
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the
Net Pension Liability80
Schedule of the City's Contributions
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
Combining Statements:
Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds:
Fund Descriptions
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Statement of Povenues Expanditures and Changes in
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds96

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended December 31, 2017

### Table of Contents (Continued)

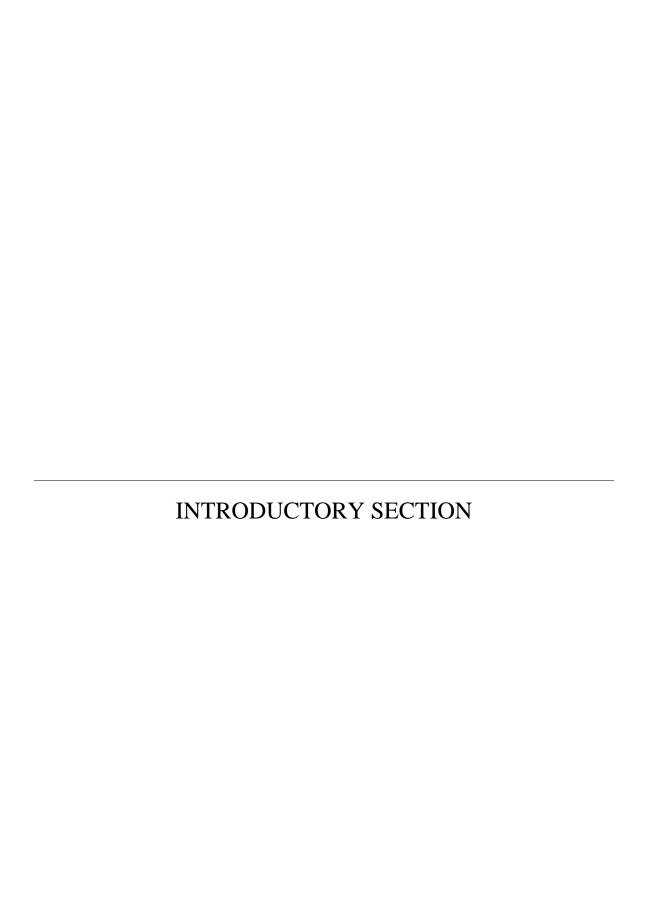
Paş	ge
Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual:	
Fund Descriptions	99
Major Funds:	
General Fund	
Employee Retirement Benefits Reserve Fund	
Capital Improvement Fund	
Police, Fire and Street Capital Improvements Fund	
General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund	)5
Nonmajor Funds:	
Street Fund	
State Highway Fund10	)7
Permissive Motor Vehicle Tax Fund	
Law Enforcement Fund	
Drug Law Enforcement Fund	
OMVI Education and Enforcement Fund	
OMVI Indigent Fund	
Computer Legal Research Fund	
Indigent Drivers IAM Fund	
Police Continuous Professional Training Fund	
Stormwater Fund	
Magistrate Fund	
TIF Fund	
Dixie Drive Phase 3 Widening Project Fund	
Stonequarry Crossings TIF Fund	
Community Development Block Grant Fund	
Fire Equipment Fund	
OPWC Fund	
Capital Improvement Reserve Fund	
Facilities Improvement & Maintenance Reserve Fund	25
Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net Position – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual:	
Major Funds:	
Water Fund	
Sewer Fund	
Golf Fund	
Hospital Care Fund	29
Combining Statement – Fiduciary Funds	
Fund Descriptions	
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	31

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended December 31, 2017

### Table of Contents (Continued)

Page
Statistical Section
Table of ContentsS-1
Net Position by Component - Last Ten YearsS-2
Change in Net Position - Last Ten Years
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten YearsS-6
Changes in Fund Balance, Governmental Funds - Last Ten YearsS-8
Schedule of Assessed Valuation and Estimated True Value - Last
Ten Collection Years
Schedule of Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten YearsS-10
Schedule of Property Rates - all Direct and Overlapping Governments
- Last Ten YearsS-11
Schedule of Principal Taxpayers – Real Property - 2017 and 2008S-12
Schedule of Principal Taxpayers – Public Utility - 2017 and 2008S-13
Income Tax Rates and Collections - Last Ten Years
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten YearsS-15
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten YearsS-16
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt - December 31, 2017S-17
Legal Debt Margin Information - Last Ten YearsS-18
Schedule of Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded
Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures - Last Ten YearsS-19
Schedule of Principal Employers – 2017 and 2008S-20
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten YearsS-21
Schedule of Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by
Function/Program - Last Ten Years
Schedule of Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program - Last Ten YearsS-23
Schedule of Operating Indicators by Function/Program - Last Ten YearsS-24





333 James E. Bohanan Memorial Drive Vandalia, Ohio 45377

PHONE (937) 898-5891 FAX (937) 898-6117



June 18, 2018

Citizens of Vandalia Mayor Members of Council City of Vandalia, Ohio

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Vandalia, Ohio for the year ended December 31, 2017 is hereby submitted for your review. I am pleased to report that this is the twenty eighth CAFR the City has prepared.

Ohio law requires that every general-purpose local government prepare their financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and to have an annual audit. The preparation of this CAFR represents the commitment of Vandalia to adhere to nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting.

Management, specifically the Finance Director's Office, assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. This evaluation involves estimates and judgment by the City administration and members of the finance office. The administrative and financial management personnel believe that the City's financial controls adequately safeguard existing assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions.

The Ohio Auditor of State, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Vandalia's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. The auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### Profile of the City

The City of Vandalia is located in Southwest Ohio, just north of Dayton. Long recognized as the intersection of our nation's major coast to coast highways and as the site of Dayton International Airport, the City of Vandalia is, literally, the nucleus of a region that has become renowned for its convenient access to the entire world.

In 1848, incorporation papers were filed to establish the Village of Vandalia, with 200 residents. In 1958, Vandalia was incorporated as a City, and adopted its charter in 1960, pursuant to Section 7 of Article XVIII of the Ohio Constitution.

The current charter provides for a Council/Manager form of government. The Mayor and the council are elected by separate ballot from the municipality at large for four-year terms. As a council member, the Mayor has the right to vote on all issues before the council. Council appoints the City Manager. The City Manager appoints all department directors of the City.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the City are not misleading.

The primary government consists of all funds and departments which provide various services including police and fire protection, garbage disposal, sewage collection and treatment, water treatment and distribution, street maintenance and repair, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, and maintenance of a staff to provide support services (i.e., payroll processing and accounts payable). Council and the City Manager have direct responsibility for these activities.

The City is associated with the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority (TCA) and the Northern Area Water Authority (NAWA), which are defined as joint ventures. A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. These organizations are presented in Note 14.

The City also participates in the Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA), a risk sharing insurance pool, which provides liability insurance coverage to the City. The pool consists of twenty municipalities who pool risk for property, crime, liability, boiler and machinery and public official liability.

The City is also a member of the Economic Development/Government Equity Program (ED/GE), a jointly governed organization which promotes developing plans and programs designed to assure that County resources are efficiently used, economic growth is properly balanced, and that county economic development is coordinated with that of the State of Ohio and other local governments. This organization is presented in Note 15.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Vandalia's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared at the fund level. The finance director may transfer resources within the function and department levels. The department heads may transfer resources within their department as they see fit. Budgetary control is maintained by the encumbrance of purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Purchase orders are not issued when insufficient appropriations preclude the encumbrance of the amount of the purchase. Each department head is furnished a monthly report showing the month's transactions and summarizing the balances available to be spent from the appropriations for goods and services.

#### Relevant Financial Policies

It is the mission of the City to develop, maintain and implement financial accounting policies and procedures and protect and optimize the financial resources of the City. The City provides a sound accounting system for safeguarding the City's assets through recording and reporting of financial transactions according to mandated laws and guidelines of the Federal law, Ohio Revised Codes, GAAP, and the City's Codified Ordinances. The department goals are to develop sound fiscal policies, provide solid financial management for the City, maintain reserves and fiscal integrity, and protect the assets of the citizens of Vandalia.

The City's past financial stability is largely due to implementing and managing a series of policy decisions. These policies which promote growth of the City and economy through controlled delivery of services remain in place today.

Recognizing the deterioration of the national and state economies and the unprecedented decline in available City resources, the City implemented a 2% income tax effective January 1, 2006.

The City's investment policy is to invest public funds in a manner which will ensure the preservation of capital while providing the highest investment return with the maximum security, meeting the daily cash flow needs of the City, and conforming to all State and local statutes governing the investment of public funds.

#### **Local Economy**

2017 was another positive year of development in the City of Vandalia. Two new buildings went under construction and a number of other projects contributed to growing employment numbers and a positive economic outlook heading into 2018.

One of our most notable developments in 2017 has been the first two lots of "40 West" an office park at a former site of a middle school. PriMed Vandalia, a medical office, opened in December of 2017 after a seven-month construction period. While this project did not create jobs, it retained about 15 and serves as Class A medical office space on once vacant land. Construction also began late in 2017 for a new dental office. This dentist is relocating from a small office in the City and will offer an expanded space and another 2,000 square feet for lease. 40 West has been a very favorable project for the City thus far and with another 7 acres available for development, we are hopeful for more traction in 2018.

In addition, Sand Lake Property, LLC., an affiliate of Dayton Freight Lines, purchased the property at 6450 Poe Avenue. This purchase secured the corporate headquarters for Dayton Freight Lines and ultimately retained 13 other building tenants, which are comprised of nearly 500 total employees for the building. Dayton Freight Lines is projected to grow by adding another 41 jobs over the next three years. Sand Lake Property, LLC. received both JobsOhio and Vandalia Development Corp. grant funds to assist in the building acquisition and renovation.

Just north on Poe Avenue, LeGrand/C2G began renovations at 6500 Poe Avenue for their planned occupancy in spring of 2018. The company received an economic development grant through Montgomery County and funding from the Vandalia Development Corp. to support the project. LeGrand is leasing approximately 30,000 square feet of office space in the building to house 125 full-time employees. The company made the decision to relocate from Moraine to the City of Vandalia in 2016. We are very pleased to welcome LeGrand to the City.

In Stonequarry Crossings, Superior Abrasives officially opened their doors in 2016 and have been prospering since. The company relocated 85 FTE's from Harrison Township upon the completion of an approximate 84,000 sf light manufacturing and office facility on Fieldstone Way, next door to the Fire Station, and across the street from Manufactured Assemblies Corp (MAC). The building is well designed. The company added another 3 full-time jobs in 2017 and has plans for continued job growth. Superior is a German owned company (Pferd) that focuses on the manufacturing and distribution of specialty abrasive products such as cartridge rolls, square pads, round pads, and flap wheels. The company had basically outgrown its current space, and had searched rigorously to find a location that would suit its needs. We are proud that Superior Abrasives chose to grow in the City of Vandalia.

Also, noteworthy in Stonequarry Crossings along Capstone Way, Independent Can Company (ICC), headquartered in Belcamp, Maryland near Baltimore, was in its 3<sup>rd</sup> full year of operations. ICC is a family owned and operated 4<sup>th</sup> generation business. The company is very well known for the manufacturing of decorative canisters that are utilized all across the U.S. The company also manufactures nostalgic signage and produces 100% of the Zippo Lighter Fluid Canister business in the world. During 2016, the company's ownership executed the purchase of an existing option of a 5.5 acre lot to the south of the existing facility. The company will continue to consider expansion over the next several years. ICC committed to 30 FTE's in a three-year period, and has hired over 36 employees to date. The future expansion opportunities would certainly create additional employment positions.

Manufactured Assemblies Corp (MAC) also expanded again along Fieldstone Way in Stonequarry Crossings in 2015. The company has completed the construction of a 15,000 square foot high bay addition to the west side of the facility. This expansion has provided additional space for storage of inventory and finished goods which will continue to support the diversification of product lines and revenue opportunities. MAC purchased roughly 4 acres to the west of the new high bay area in 2017 to secure additional land for a possible future expansion. With over 84 FTE's now, MAC was the first private business to construct in the park, and has been a great supporter of the City for a number of years.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Vandalia, Ohio, for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. This was the twenty eighth year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report was made possible by the efforts of the Finance Department staff. My sincere appreciation is extended to all members of the City of Vandalia staff, whose efforts have made this report possible. I am especially grateful to Assistant City Manager Greg Shackelford for his economic development input for this report. I would also like to express appreciation to W. Michael Lennon, CPA, and Lorrie Miller for their time spent in preparing this report. This report contains an expanded Statistical Section and a significant amount of work from members of all city departments was necessary to complete the tables. I am extremely grateful for those individuals who gathered the data to complete those statistical tables. Finally, credit must also be given to the City Manager, Mayor and to City Council for their support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Vandalia's finances.

Bridgette M. Leiter Director of Finance

Bridgette M. Lever



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

## City of Vandalia Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

**December 31, 2016** 

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Vandalia Montgomery County, Ohio List of Principal Officials December 31, 2017

#### **Elected Officials**

*Mayor*Arlene Setzer

Vice Mayor
David Lewis

#### **Council Members**

Bob Ahlers Dave Gerhard Mike Blakesly Candice Farst Richard Herbst

#### **Appointed Officials**

City Manager
Jon Crusey

**Director of Finance**Bridgette Leiter

City Attorney
Gerald McDonald

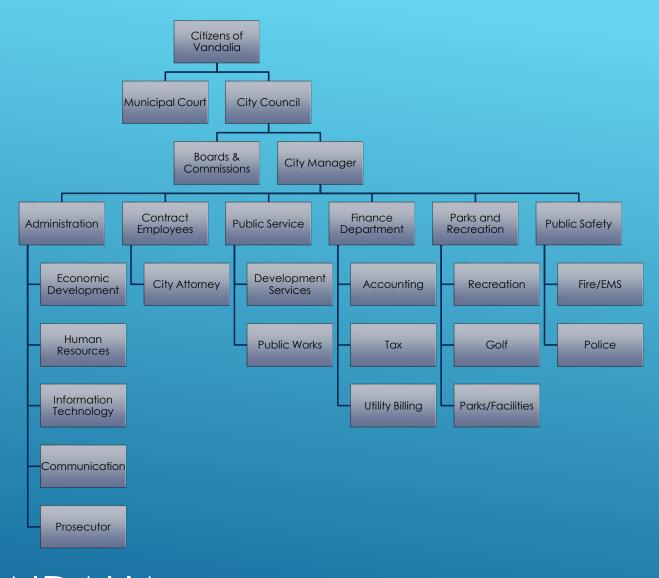
Assistant City Manager
Greg Shackelford

**Chief of Police**Douglas Knight

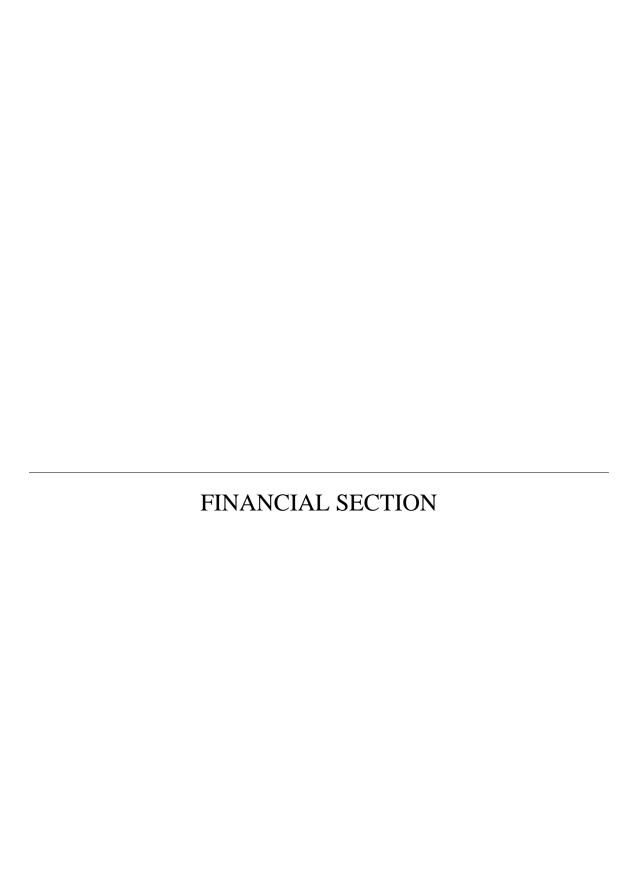
*Fire Chief*Chad Follick

Parks and Recreation Director
Steve Clark

Director of Public Service Rob Cron



# CITY OF VANDALIA ORGANIZATIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES





The discussion and analysis of the City of Vandalia's (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the transmittal letter, basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The City's total net position decreased \$627,008 during 2017. The net position of the governmental activities decreased \$1,346,354, while the net position of business-type activities increased by \$719,346.
- General revenues, for governmental activities, accounted for \$16,188,360, or 68% of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for \$7,490,895 or 32% of total governmental activities revenue.
- Governmental activities net capital assets decreased \$521,965, due to current year depreciation expenses exceeding current year additions.
- The City had \$24,784,949 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$7,490,895 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants, contributions, or interest. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$16,188,360 were not sufficient to offset these program expenses.
- The general fund, the City's largest major governmental fund, had revenues of \$19,888,390 in 2017, or 84.6% of total governmental funds. Expenditures of the general fund were \$17,526,597 or 75.8% of total governmental funds. The general fund balance increased \$651,963 or 4.2% in 2017.
- Business-type operations reflected an operating income of \$153,290 during 2017, and the business-type unrestricted net position was \$13,187,692.

#### **Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements are presented so that the reader can understand the City's financial situation as a whole and also give a detailed view of the City's fiscal condition.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

#### Reporting the City as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

The analysis of the City as a whole begins with the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These reports provide information that will help the reader to determine if the City is financially better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities and deferred outflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in this position. This change informs the reader whether the City's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the readers of these financial statements need to take into account non-financial factors that also impact the City's financial well-being. Some of these factors include the City's tax base and the condition of capital assets.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the City is divided into two kinds of activities.

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's services are reported here including police, fire, public works, recreation, judicial, and legislative and executive.
- Business-Type Activities These services include water, sewer and golf. Service fees for these operations are charged based upon the amount of usage or a usage fee. The intent is that the fees charged recoup operational costs.

#### **Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds**

#### Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 14. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's major funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the Finance Director, with approval of council, to help control, manage and report money received for a particular purpose or to show that the City is meeting legal responsibilities for use of grants. The City's major funds are general, capital improvement, police, fire and street capital improvements, general obligation bond retirement, water, sewer and golf.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the City's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to our residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

When the City charges citizens for the services it provides, with the intent of recapturing operating costs, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match. Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide services to the City's other funds and departments.

#### Fiduciary Funds

All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the City as a whole.

Table 1 below provides a summary of the City's net position for 2017 compared to 2016:

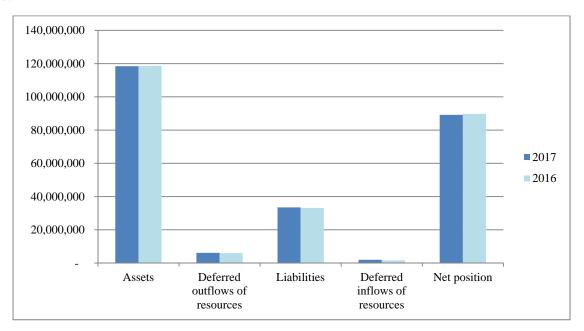
Table 1 Net Position

		Government	tal A	activities	Business-Ty	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>				
		2017 2016		2017 2016		2016	2017			2016	
Assets Current and other assets	\$	28,562,571	\$	29,057,222	\$ 5,439,597	\$	5,124,974	\$	34,002,168	\$	34,182,196
Capital assets		56,460,245		56,982,210	18,721,165		18,740,110		75,181,410		75,722,320
Investment in joint venture		-		-	9,249,089		8,671,740		9,249,089		8,671,740
Total assets		85,022,816	_	86,039,432	33,409,851	_	32,536,824	_	118,432,667	_	118,576,256
Deferred outflows of resources Pension	_	5,619,089	_	5,522,225	 539,735	_	437,849	_	6,158,824		5,960,074
<u>Liabilities</u> Other liabilities		6,823,711		8,029,972	279,056		340,677		7,102,767		8,370,649
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year:		1,458,246		1,404,658	146,462		126,558		1,604,708		1,531,216
Net pension liability		19,584,608		17,863,249	1,402,850		1,137,526		20,987,458		19,000,775
Other amounts		3,613,678		4,062,400	170,110	_	156,671		3,783,788		4,219,071
Total liabilities		31,480,243		31,360,279	 1,998,478	_	1,761,432	_	33,478,721	_	33,121,711
Deferred inflows of resources		1 227 475		1 1 65 617					1 225 455		1 165 617
Property taxes Payments in lieu of taxes		1,227,475 95,505		1,165,617 73,675	-		-		1,227,475 95,505		1,165,617 73,675
Pension		567,449		344,499	42,513		23,992		609,962		368,491
Total deferred inflows of		· · ·			 <u> </u>	-			<u> </u>		,
resources		1,890,429		1,583,791	 42,513	_	23,992		1,932,942		1,607,783
Net position Net investment in capital											
assets		49,337,872		48,804,352	18,654,104		18,740,110		67,991,976		67,544,462
Restricted		3,695,303		3,939,012	-		-		3,695,303		3,939,012
Unrestricted		4,238,058		5,874,223	 13,254,491	_	12,449,139		17,492,549	_	18,323,362
Total net position	\$	57,271,233	\$	58,617,587	\$ 31,908,595	\$	31,189,249	\$	89,179,828	\$	89,806,836

As displayed in Table 1, total net position of the City as a whole, decreased \$627,008 from 2016 to 2017. This was due to a decrease in cash and an increase in the net pension liability from the prior year.

Total net position of the City's governmental activities decreased by \$1,346,354, and the unrestricted net position decreased \$1,636,165 from 2016 to 2017. The decrease in governmental net position as mentioned above is due to a decrease in equity in pooled cash and investments, and an increase in the net pension liability.

The net position of the City's business type activities increased by \$719,346. One of the three enterprise funds reported operating income during 2017. Overall, program expenses decreased \$259,291 from the prior year and had an increase of \$146,809 in charges for services during 2017. The City strives to control operation expenses for business-type activities in order to maintain stability in charges for services rates.



The City's statement of activities prepared on an accrual basis of accounting includes an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows. The City is also reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting in the statement of net position.

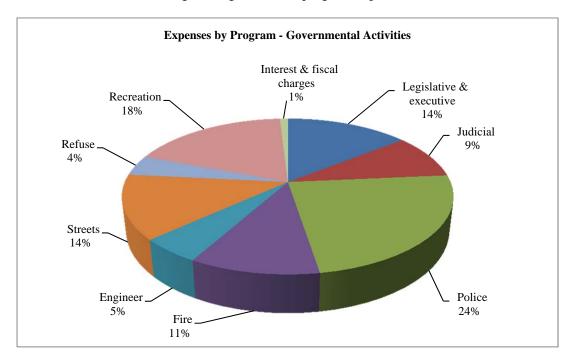
Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the year ended December 31, 2017, and revenue and expense comparisons to 2016.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position												
	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total											
	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-13	pe Activities	Total	Total						
	<u>2017</u>	2016	2017	2016	<u>2017</u>	2016						
Revenues												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$ 6,331,026	\$ 6,268,161	\$ 5,121,535	\$ 4,974,726	\$ 11,452,561	\$ 11,242,88						
Operating grants, contributions,												
and interest	1,028,220	1,184,517	-	-	1,028,220	1,184,51						
Capital grants and contributions	131,649	151,524	116,890	121,799	248,539	273,32						
General revenues:												
Property taxes	1,289,362	1,275,653	-	-	1,289,362	1,275,65						
Income taxes	13,897,814	14,247,899	-	-	13,897,814	14,247,89						
Grants and entitlements	615,526	345,958	-	-	615,526	345,95						
Payment in lieu of taxes	104,572	115,268	-	-	104,572	115,26						
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	7,906	_	-	-	7,90						
Investment earnings	273,681	119,752	-	_	273,681	119,75						
Other	7,405	39,115	-	-	7,405	39,11						
Total revenues	23,679,255	23,755,753	5,238,425	5,096,525	28,917,680	28,852,27						
Program Expenses												
Governmental Activities:												
General government												
Legislative and executive	3,552,107	2,851,137	_	-	3,552,107	2,851,13						
Judicial system	2,286,252	1,985,784	-	-	2,286,252	1,985,78						
Public safety	, ,	, ,			, ,	, ,						
Police	5,916,257	5,641,594	-	_	5,916,257	5,641,59						
Fire	2,654,948	2,200,282	_	_	2,654,948	2,200,28						
Public works	, ,-	,, -			, ,-	, , .						
Engineer	1,266,346	1,075,594	_	_	1,266,346	1,075,59						
Streets	3,307,653	2,993,858	_	_	3,307,653	2,993,85						
Refuse	1,042,976	820,926	_	_	1,042,976	820,92						
Recreation	4,527,113	3,793,318	_	_	4,527,113	3,793,31						
Interest and fiscal charges	231,297	235,861	_	_	231,297	235,86						
Business-Type Activities:	231,277	233,001			231,277	255,00						
Water	_	_	1,942,016	2,010,094	1,942,016	2,010,09						
Sewer			1,703,795	1,944,231	1,703,795	1,944,23						
Golf	_		1,113,928	1,064,705	1,113,928	1,064,70						
Total program expenses	24,784,949	21,598,354	4,759,739	5,019,030	29,544,688	26,617,38						
Increase (decrease) in net position												
before transfers	(1,105,694)	2,157,399	478,686	77,495	(627,008)	2,234,89						
Transfers	(240,660)	(9,855)	240,660	9,855	(027,008)	2,234,05						
	<u></u>				(627,009)	2 224 90						
Change in net position	(1,346,354)	2,147,544	719,346	87,350	(627,008)	2,234,89						
Net position, beginning of year	58,617,587	56,470,043	31,189,249	31,101,899	89,806,836	87,571,94						
Net position, end of year	\$ 57,271,233	\$ 58,617,587	\$ 31,908,595	\$ 31,189,249	\$ 89,179,828	\$ 89,806,83						

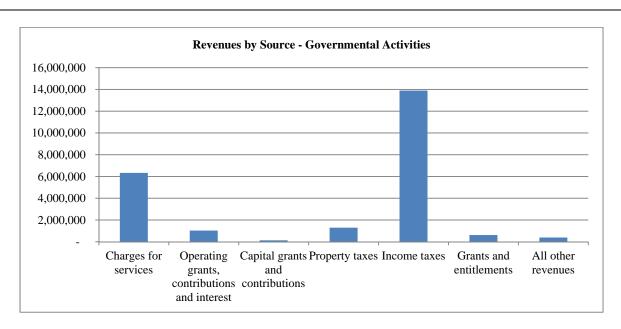
#### **Governmental Activities**

The City 2% income tax effective January 1, 2006, is the largest source of revenue for the City of Vandalia. The above table reflects that income tax receipts decreased slightly from the prior year.

Charges for services increased \$62,865 and income tax revenues decreased \$350,085 during 2017. Governmental activities program expenses increased \$3,186,595 during 2017 with increases and decreases in several areas. Expenses related to income tax collection for the municipality of Brookville also continue to be reflected in the general government program expenses.



As indicated by governmental program expenses, citizen safety and well being is emphasized as well as maintaining the City's streets and other infrastructure. Recreation programs and facilities are considered an integral part of the quality of life factor.



When looking at the sources of income used to support governmental activities, it should be noted that charges for services of \$6,331,026 represent 26.7% of revenue. Revenues provided by sources other than city residents in the form of operating and capital grants comprise another \$1,159,869, or 4.9%, and unrestricted grants and entitlements accounted for \$615,526, which is another 2.6%. The remaining revenues are primarily generated locally through property taxes, \$1,289,362 or 5.5% and income taxes, \$13,897,814 at 58.7%. City Council relies on these taxes to furnish the quality of life to businesses and citizens to which they and previous councils have always been committed.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The City's business-type activities include water, sewer and golf.

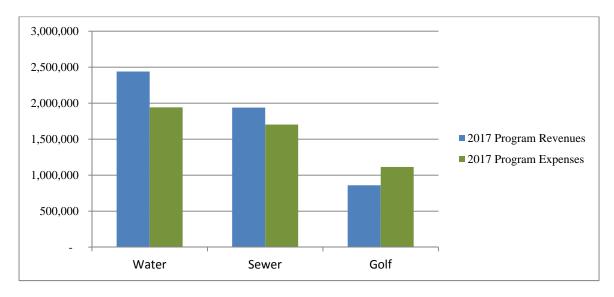
*Water* – The City of Vandalia closed their water treatment plant in 1970 and contracted with the City of Dayton to furnish water to the residents of Vandalia. Vandalia owns, maintains and repairs all lines and pumping stations as needed. In March, 2002, the City entered into a joint venture with the City of Tipp City to build a water treatment plant. The water treatment plant is operated by the Northern Area Water Authority (NAWA) which is located in Tipp City and provides water treatment services to both communities. Per the engineer and design rate study, water rates will be increased as necessary to fund this joint venture. During 2008, the City instituted a sewer rate increase and in order to keep utility bills from increasing, the City Council voted to reduce water rates by 4.5% in 2008 and 2009.

The water treatment plant became fully operational in June of 2007. The City of Dayton implemented water rate increases of 22% in 2005, 34% in January 2006 and 8% in January 2007. The City of Vandalia abandoned the final two years of its rate increases and passed a new ordinance to increase water rates to residents equal to the City of Dayton's rate increases.

Sewer - The City closed their wastewater treatment facility in 1985. Vandalia then contracted with the Miami Conservancy District for wastewater treatment services. In 1996, the Conservancy District decided they no longer wanted to furnish this service. A joint venture was formed between the Cities of Vandalia, Huber Heights and Tipp City to take over the Conservancy District operation. The joint venture now furnishes waste water treatment services to each city. Each city owns and maintains the infrastructure necessary to furnish service to their citizens. All capital repairs and upkeep of the treatment plant are the responsibility of the joint venture. The joint venture in turn will set costs of service for the cities, based on flow, to maintain the plant. The City of Vandalia will in turn, charge its citizens accordingly. Any capital outlay needed to maintain Vandalia's sewer infrastructure was provided by user fees. Due to the need for current and future capital improvements, maintenance and up keep of enterprise infrastructure, Council decided to implement a 9% sewer rate increase for 2008 and 2009. For 2017, there was no change in the current charge to member cities which is not more than \$1.25 per thousand gallons of usage.

Golf - Vandalia's Cassel Hills Golf Course is an 18-hole golf course with a snack bar. In 1997 the course was voted as "best in the valley" by Dayton Daily Newsreaders and in 2003 received a four-star ranking by Golf Digest. Vandalia was one of the first smaller cities in the Miami Valley to have a municipal golf course. As a result, public expectation has been that a public course should have lesser fees than a private golf course. Vandalia's council has, for the most part, agreed with the expectation of lower fees and has been willing to subsidize operations of the course with transfers and advances from the general fund when necessary.

Overall, the City's business-type activities generated over \$5 million in program revenues during 2017, program expenses were over \$4.7 million. Operating expenses in the business-type activities had a slight decrease from the prior year due to the close monitoring of expenses. Charges for services showed an increase in two of the three business type activities during 2017.



In a prior year, the City implemented the accounting standard for pension plans. As a result of implementing the accounting standard, the City is reporting a significant net pension liability, related deferred inflows of resources and an increase in expenses related to pension for the fiscal year which have a negative effect on net position. In addition, the City is reporting deferred outflows of resources, which have a positive consequence on net position. The increase in pension expense is the difference between the contractually required contributions and the pension expense resulting from the change in the net pension liability that is not reported as deferred inflows or outflows. These two amounts can be found in the reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities. To further explain the impact of this new accounting standard on the City's net position, additional information is presented below.

	2017	2016	2017	2016
	Governmental	Governmental	Business-Type	Business-Type
	<b>Activities</b>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>
Deferred outflows - pension	\$ 5,619,089	\$ 5,522,225	\$ 539,735	\$ 437,849
Deferred inflows - pension	(567,449)	(344,499)	(42,513)	(23,992)
Net pension liability	(19,584,608)	(17,863,249)	(1,402,850)	(1,137,526)
Impact of GASB 68 on net position	\$ (14,532,968)	\$ (12,685,523)	\$ (905,628)	\$ (723,669)

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Information about the City's major governmental funds begins on page 22. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds reported revenues of \$23 million and expenditures of \$23 million. The general fund net change in fund balance from 2016 to 2017 was a increase of \$651,963. Within the general fund, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$2,361,793. The total revenues of the general fund decreased from 2016 by \$163,641 and expenditures increased from 2016 by \$1,410,615. This increase in expenditures is not due to any one single event. Transfers to other funds such as the capital improvement fund, the general obligation debt service fund and the golf fund equaled \$2.36 million. The funds transferred were used for capital assets, improvements, repairs, and debt.

The capital improvement fund balance increased by \$492,287. Fund balance at December 31, 2017, was \$618,110. The police, fire and street capital improvements fund balance decreased \$665,392 from 2016 to an ending fund balance of \$557,903. The general obligation bond retirement fund balance increased \$396,529 from 2016 to an ending deficit fund balance of \$3,619,658. All other governmental funds fund balance decreased by \$255,679 during 2017.

The City has implemented a series of rate increases in the enterprise funds to help alleviate future fund losses. If unrestricted net position is not sufficient to sustain the losses, the City will provide transfers and advances from the general fund as necessary to cover negative balances. Charges for services for water and sewer services have historically been established to ensure that on a cash basis, fees are adequate to cover operations. In the past, Council has not set fees with the intention of funding capital improvements, however, beginning in 2004, capital items are now charged to the enterprise funds. Therefore, during 2004, Council passed ordinances to implement new fee structures for water and sewer rates. Of the water and sewer funds, both funds showed an increase in cash during 2017.

The golf activity's operating loss of \$211,347 is attributable to continually increasing costs for contractual services related to repair and maintenance of the facility with only small increases in fees charged. The Golf course is intended to be operated as a business-type activity. However, historically; Council has not set fees adequate to cover all operating expenses. Even though this operation periodically receives governmental support, it is reflected as a business-type activity.

#### General fund budgeting highlights

The City's budget is adopted on a fund basis. Before the budget is adopted council reviews the detailed work papers of each function within the general fund, and then adopts the budget on a fund basis. During 2017, revisions were made to the general fund budget. These revisions are reflected on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund on page 29. Within each departmental function, a department head may make small line item adjustments within their budget, as long as the total operation and maintenance amount does not exceed their original budget allowance.

Original general fund budgeted revenues and other financing sources increased \$150,000, from \$23,706,204 to the final budgeted amount of \$23,856,204 for the fiscal year end December 31, 2017. Municipal income taxes final budget was consistent with actual income tax revenue for the prior year. At the end of the year, actual municipal income revenues were less than the final budget by \$1,278,777.

Original general fund expenditures and other financing uses increased \$588,800, from \$24,392,141 to the final budgeted amount of \$24,980,941. This increase was due to an increase in legislative and executive appropriations. Actual expenditures were \$1,745,161 below final budget expenditures for 2017 due to the close monitoring of expenditures.

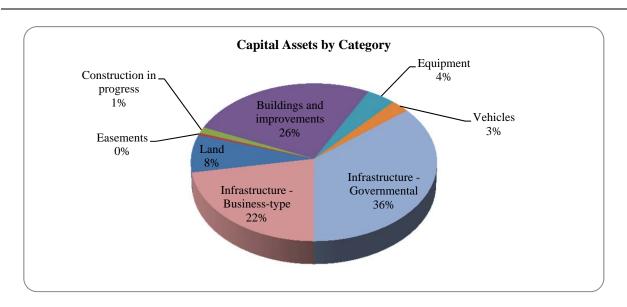
#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

#### (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities				Total				
		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>	2017		<u>2017</u>			<u>2016</u>		
Land	\$	5,609,469	\$	6,104,043	\$	167,369	\$	167,369	\$	5,776,838	\$	6,271,412		
Easements		376,999		376,999		500		500		377,499		377,499		
Construction in progress		720,114		359,033		220,376		134,183		940,490		493,216		
Buildings and improvements		18,292,815		18,727,645		1,222,203		1,249,160		19,515,018		19,976,805		
Equipment		2,570,093		2,453,416		420,816		402,859		2,990,909		2,856,275		
Vehicles		1,920,826		1,189,825		-		-		1,920,826		1,189,825		
Infrastructure	_	26,969,929	_	27,771,249	_	16,689,901		16,786,039	_	43,659,830	_	44,557,288		
Total	\$	56,460,245	\$	56,982,210	\$	18,721,165	\$	18,740,110	\$	75,181,410	\$	75,722,320		

Capital assets, net of depreciation, in governmental activities decreased from the prior year. This is due to current year depreciation expense exceeding current year additions. Capital assets, net of depreciation, for the business-type activities also decreased during 2017 for the same reason. See Note 7 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on capital assets.



#### Debt

At December 31, 2017, the City of Vandalia had \$8,755,048 in bonds, notes, loans and capital leases.

Table 4
Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities			Business-Ty	pe Act	tivities	Total				
	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2	<u> 2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	
Unvoted general obligation bonds											
Various purpose limited tax	\$ 2,144,	582	\$ 2,457,755	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,144,682	\$	2,457,755	
State infrastucture bank loan	1,130,	750	1,196,910	-		-		1,130,750		1,196,910	
OPWC loan	35,	808	-	67,061		-		102,569		-	
Capital leases	120,	133	214,193	 51,614		91,797		172,047		305,990	
	\$ 3,431,	373	\$ 3,868,858	\$ 118,675	\$	91,797	\$	3,550,048	\$	3,960,655	

The Various Purpose Limited Tax bonds will be paid with property tax revenues via transfers from the general fund.

The City has short term note obligations being reported in the capital improvement capital projects fund, and the general obligation bond retirement debt service fund in the amounts of \$1,514,000, and \$3,691,000, respectively. Revenues for payment of interest and principal on the bond anticipation notes will result from proceeds from new notes to be issued in 2017. The general obligation debt service fund will retire the debt.

The City's overall legal debt margin was \$32,954,461 at December 31, 2017. See Note 9, 10 and 11 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on debt of the City.

#### **Contacting the City's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayer, creditors and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Bridgette Leiter, Finance Director, City of Vandalia, 333 James E. Bohanan Drive, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

		overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
Assets:	_		_		_	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	20,923,683	\$	4,942,523	\$	25,866,206
Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts		231,913		-		231,913
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent		522,544		-		522,544
Receivables:		2 525 516				2 525 516
Income tax		2,525,716		-		2,525,716
Property and other taxes		1,322,585		222 182		1,322,585
Accounts		453,386		323,182		776,568
Revenue in lieu of taxes receivable		108,678		-		108,678
Special assessments		4,862		-		4,862
Accrued interest		78,415		-		78,415
Due from other governments		812,872		29,872		842,744
Materials and supplies inventory		105,836		13,811		119,647
Inventory held for resale		-		8,633		8,633
Prepaid items		41,834		-		41,834
Restricted: equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		-		54,777		54,777
Investment in joint venture		-		9,249,089		9,249,089
Internal balances		(66,799)		66,799		1 405 046
Land held for resale		1,497,046		-		1,497,046
Nondepreciable capital assets		6,706,582		388,245		7,094,827
Depreciable capital assets, net		49,753,663		18,332,920		68,086,583
Total assets		85,022,816		33,409,851		118,432,667
<u>Deferred outflows of resources:</u>						
Pension		5,619,089		539,735		6,158,824
<u>Liabilities:</u>						
Accounts payable		317,217		13,716		330,933
Contracts payable		53,939		-		53,939
Accrued wages and benefits		177,870		10,384		188,254
Matured compensated absences payable		50,228		4,184		54,412
Retainage payable		231,873		-		231,873
Due to other governments		144,696		10,602		155,298
Due to related parties		-		183,631		183,631
Unearned revenue		1,358		1,762		3,120
Income tax refunds payable		398,201		-		398,201
Bond anticipation notes payable		5,205,000		-		5,205,000
Accrued interest payable		58,494		-		58,494
Claims payable		184,835		-		184,835
Refundable deposits		-		54,777		54,777
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		1,458,246		146,462		1,604,708
Due in more than one year:						
Net pension liability		19,584,608		1,402,850		20,987,458
Other amounts due in more than one year		3,613,678		170,110		3,783,788
Total liabilities		31,480,243		1,998,478		33,478,721
					(	(Continued)

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017 (Continued)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
<u>Deferred inflows of resources:</u>				
Property taxes	1,227,475	-	1,227,475	
Payments in lieu of taxes	95,505	-	95,505	
Pension	567,449	42,513	609,962	
Total deferred inflows or resources	1,890,429	42,513	1,932,942	
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	49,337,872	18,654,104	67,991,976	
Restricted for capital projects	1,565,203	-	1,565,203	
Restricted for streets and highways	1,614,213	-	1,614,213	
Restricted for other purposes	515,887	-	515,887	
Unrestricted	4,238,058	13,254,491	17,492,549	
Total net position	\$ 57,271,233	\$ 31,908,595	\$ 89,179,828	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

			Progr	am Revenues		
	 Expenses	Charges for ices and Sales	Co	ating Grants, ntributions ad Interest	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental Activities:						
General government						
Legislative and executive	\$ 3,552,107	\$ 1,244,436	\$	1,256	\$	-
Judicial system	2,286,252	1,574,815		-		-
Public safety						
Police	5,916,257	54,380		12,000		-
Fire	2,654,948	428,813		-		-
Public works						
Engineer	1,266,346	471,661		-		250
Streets	3,307,653	103,799		999,227		126,899
Refuse	1,042,976	1,004,809		-		-
Recreation	4,527,113	1,448,313		15,737		4,500
Interest and fiscal charges	 231,297	 				
Total governmental activities	 24,784,949	 6,331,026		1,028,220		131,649
Business-Type Activities:						
Water	1,942,016	2,329,366		-		110,583
Sewer	1,703,795	1,932,540		-		6,307
Golf	 1,113,928	 859,629		-		
Total business-type activities	 4,759,739	 5,121,535				116,890
Total primary government	\$ 29,544,688	\$ 11,452,561	\$	1,028,220	\$	248,539

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for:

General purposes

Income tax levied for:

General purposes

Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs

Payment in lieu of taxes

Investment earnings

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

TAT /		D 1	$\alpha$	* TAT /	D '.'
Net (	Expense	Revenue and	unanges	in Nei	POSITION

G	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
\$	(2,306,415)	\$ -	\$ (2,306,415)
	(711,437)	-	(711,437)
	(5,849,877)	-	(5,849,877)
	(2,226,135)	-	(2,226,135)
	(794,435)	-	(794,435)
	(2,077,728)	-	(2,077,728)
	(38,167)	-	(38,167)
	(3,058,563)	-	(3,058,563)
	(231,297)	 	 (231,297)
	(17,294,054)	<u>-</u>	 (17,294,054)
	-	497,933	497,933
	-	235,052	235,052
		 (254,299)	 (254,299)
		 478,686	 478,686
\$	(17,294,054)	\$ 478,686	\$ (16,815,368)
	1,289,362	-	1,289,362
	13,897,814	-	13,897,814
	615,526	-	615,526
	104,572	-	104,572
	273,681	-	273,681
	7,405	-	7,405
	(240,660)	 240,660	 -
	15,947,700	 240,660	 16,188,360
	(1,346,354)	719,346	(627,008)
	58,617,587	31,189,249	 89,806,836
\$	57,271,233	\$ 31,908,595	\$ 89,179,828

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

			Capital aprovement	•			General igation Bond Retirement	
Assets:				<u> </u>				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	14,952,821	\$	695,867	\$	569,835	\$	95,062
Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts		-		-		231,913		-
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent		522,544		-		-		-
Receivables:								
Income tax		2,525,716		-		-		-
Property and other taxes		1,322,585		-		-		-
Accounts		388,928		_		_		-
Revenue in lieu of taxes		_		_		_		-
Special assessments		_		4,862		_		-
Accrued interest		78,415		_		_		-
Restricted assets:		,						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		45,979		_		_		_
Due from other governments		244,271		_		48,513		_
Materials and supplies inventory		12,131		_		-		_
Land held for resale		,		1,497,046		_		_
Total assets	\$	20,093,390	\$	2,197,775	\$	850,261	\$	95,062
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	309,158	\$		\$		\$	
Contracts payable	φ	309,136	φ	47,215	φ	6,724	Φ	-
Accrued wages and benefits		166,513		47,213		2,356		-
Matured compensated absences payable		48,350		-		2,330 196		-
		46,330		-		231,873		-
Retainage payable		133,721		-				-
Due to other governments Unearned revenue				-		2,758		-
		1,358		-		-		-
Income tax refunds payable		398,201		12 500		-		- 22.720
Accrued interest payable		-		13,588		-		23,720
Bond anticipation notes payable				1,514,000	-		-	3,691,000
Total liabilities		1,057,301		1,574,803		243,907		3,714,720
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes		1,227,475		-		-		-
Payments in lieu of taxes		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - delinquent property taxes		62,230		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - other		1,667,618		4,862		48,451		
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,957,323		4,862		48,451		
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		58,110		-		-		-
Restricted		-		618,110		557,903		-
Committed		778,590		, -		, <u>-</u>		-
Assigned		1,289,226		_		_		-
Unassigned		13,952,840		-		-		(3,619,658)
Total fund balances		16,078,766		618,110		557,903		(3,619,658)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	20,093,390	\$	2,197,775	\$	850,261	\$	95,062

Other	Total
Governmental	Governmental
Funds	Funds
	<del>-</del>
3,790,223	\$ 20,103,808
-	231,913
-	522,544
-	2,525,716
-	1,322,585
29,519	418,447
108,678	108,678
-	4,862
-	78,415
-	45,979
520,088	812,872
93,705	105,836
	1,497,046
\$ 4,542,213	\$ 27,778,701
\$ 7,802	\$ 316,960
-	53,939
9,001	177,870
1,682	50,228
-	231,873
8,217	144,696
-	1,358
-	398,201
-	37,308
	5,205,000
26,702	6,617,433
	1 227 475
108,678	1,227,475 108,678
100,078	
477 246	62,230
477,346	2,198,277
586,024	3,596,660
93,705	151,815
2,017,396	3,193,409
1,818,386	2,596,976
-,010,000	1,289,226
_	10,333,182
3,929,487	17,564,608
3,727,487	17,304,008
\$ 4,542,213	\$ 27,778,701
Ψ 7,372,213	Ψ 21,110,101



# City of Vandalia, Ohio Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2017

Total governmental fund balances			\$	17,564,608
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in funds.				56,460,245
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds.  The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.				665,577
The internal balance represents the portion of the internal service fund's assets and liabilities that are allocated to the proprietary funds.				(66,799)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are offset by deferred inflows of resources in the funds:  Property and other taxes Income taxes Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	62,230 1,162,398 13,173		
Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Special assessments Charges for services Other		3,791 712,963 4,862 313,523 740		
Total				2,273,680
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows - pension	\$	5,619,089		
Deferred inflows - pension		(567,449)		
Net pension liability Total	_	(19,584,608)		(14,532,968)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.				(21,186)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:				
General obligation bonds	\$	(2,135,000)		
Premium on bonds		(9,682)		
State infrastructure bank loan		(1,130,750)		
OPWC loan		(35,508)		
Capital lease payable Compensated absences		(120,433) (1,640,551)		
Total		(1,040,331)		(5,071,924)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	57,271,233
1.00 position of governmental activities			Ψ	37,271,233

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	General		In	Capital approvement	St	ice, Fire and reet Capital provements	General Obligation Bond Retirement		
Revenues:				<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Municipal income tax	\$	11,957,165	\$	_	\$	1,757,832	\$	_	
Property and other taxes		1,295,864		-		-		-	
Charges for services		3,349,370		-		-		-	
Licenses and permits		363,667		-		-		-	
Fines and forfeitures		1,273,230		_		-		_	
Intergovernmental		1,070,349		66,987		-		_	
Special assessments		-		28,095		_		_	
Interest		273,681		_		-		_	
Payments in lieu of taxes		-		_		-		_	
Other		305,064		995		1,699		_	
Total revenue		19,888,390		96,077		1,759,531		-	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government									
Legislative and executive		2,930,089		-		-		-	
Judicial system		1,785,417		-		-		-	
Public safety									
Police		4,793,979		-		304,536		-	
Fire		2,189,626		-		55,378		-	
Public works									
Engineer		869,993		3,787		-		-	
Streets		499,861		40,826		65,660		-	
Refuse		1,042,976		-		-		-	
Recreation		3,412,069		169,598		-		-	
Capital outlay		2,587		667,309		1,558,457		-	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		-		33,486		288,500		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		-		39,527		96,015		59,859	
Total expenditures		17,526,597		954,533		2,368,546		59,859	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		2,361,793		(858,456)		(609,015)		(59,859)	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Issuance of loans		-		-		-		-	
Issuance of OPWC loans		-		405 121		-		-	
Sale of capital assets		-		485,131		-		456.200	
Transfers - in		656,284		865,612		(56.277)		456,388	
Transfers - out		(2,366,114)		1 250 512		(56,377)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,709,830)		1,350,743		(56,377)		456,388	
Net change in fund balance		651,963		492,287		(665,392)		396,529	
Fund balances at beginning of year		15,426,803		125,823		1,223,295		(4,016,187)	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	16,078,766	\$	618,110	\$	557,903	\$	(3,619,658)	

\$ - \$ 13,714,997 - 1,295,864 288,679 3,638,049 - 363,667 331,192 1,604,422 960,568 2,097,904 - 28,095 8,655 282,336 99,979 99,979 69,413 377,171 1,758,486 23,502,484  133,774 3,063,863 131,829 1,917,246 64,717 5,163,232 - 2,245,004  197,526 1,071,306 949,678 1,556,025 - 1,042,976 - 3,581,667 466,081 2,694,434  223,325 545,311 42,341 237,742 2,209,271 23,118,806 450,785) 383,678  75,391 75,391 35,508 35,508 - 485,131 740,491 2,718,775 (656,284) (3,078,775) 195,106 236,030  (255,679) 619,708  4,185,166 16,944,900  \$ 3,929,487 \$ 17,564,608	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
- 1,295,864 288,679 3,638,049 - 363,667 331,192 1,604,422 960,568 2,097,904 - 28,095 8,655 282,336 99,979 99,979 69,413 377,171 1,758,486 23,502,484  133,774 3,063,863 131,829 1,917,246 64,717 5,163,232 - 2,245,004  197,526 1,071,306 949,678 1,556,025 - 1,042,976 - 3,581,667 466,081 2,694,434  223,325 545,311 42,341 237,742 2,209,271 23,118,806 (450,785) 383,678  75,391 75,391 35,508 35,508 - 485,131 740,491 2,718,775 (656,284) (3,078,775) 195,106 236,030  (255,679) 619,708 4,185,166 16,944,900		
288,679	\$ -	
- 363,667 331,192 1,604,422 960,568 2,097,904 - 28,095 8,655 282,336 99,979 99,979 69,413 377,171 1,758,486 23,502,484  133,774 3,063,863 131,829 1,917,246 64,717 5,163,232 - 2,245,004  197,526 1,071,306 949,678 1,556,025 - 1,042,976 - 3,581,667 466,081 2,694,434  223,325 545,311 42,341 237,742 2,209,271 23,118,806 (450,785) 383,678  75,391 75,391 35,508 35,508 - 485,131 740,491 2,718,775 (656,284) (3,078,775) 195,106 236,030  (255,679) 619,708 4,185,166 16,944,900	-	
331,192       1,604,422         960,568       2,097,904         -       28,095         8,655       282,336         99,979       99,979         69,413       377,171         1,758,486       23,502,484         23,502,484       23,502,484         64,717       5,163,232         -       2,245,004         197,526       1,071,306         949,678       1,556,025         -       1,042,976         -       3,581,667         466,081       2,694,434         223,325       545,311         42,341       237,742         2,209,271       23,118,806         (450,785)       383,678         75,391       75,391         35,508       35,508         -       485,131         740,491       2,718,775         (656,284)       (3,078,775)         195,106       236,030         (255,679)       619,708         4,185,166       16,944,900	288,679	
960,568 2,097,904 - 28,095 8,655 282,336 99,979 99,979 69,413 377,171 1,758,486 23,502,484  133,774 3,063,863 131,829 1,917,246 64,717 5,163,232 - 2,245,004  197,526 1,071,306 949,678 1,556,025 - 1,042,976 - 3,581,667 466,081 2,694,434  223,325 545,311 42,341 237,742 2,209,271 23,118,806 (450,785) 383,678  75,391 75,391 35,508 35,508 - 485,131 740,491 2,718,775 (656,284) (3,078,775) 195,106 236,030  (255,679) 619,708 4,185,166 16,944,900	-	
- 28,095 8,655 282,336 99,979 99,979 69,413 377,171 1,758,486 23,502,484  133,774 3,063,863 131,829 1,917,246 64,717 5,163,232 - 2,245,004  197,526 1,071,306 949,678 1,556,025 - 1,042,976 - 3,581,667 466,081 2,694,434  223,325 545,311 42,341 237,742 2,209,271 23,118,806 (450,785) 383,678  75,391 75,391 35,508 35,508 - 485,131 740,491 2,718,775 (656,284) (3,078,775) 195,106 236,030  (255,679) 619,708 4,185,166 16,944,900		
8,655       282,336         99,979       99,979         69,413       377,171         1,758,486       23,502,484         133,774       3,063,863         131,829       1,917,246         64,717       5,163,232         -       2,245,004         197,526       1,071,306         949,678       1,556,025         -       1,042,976         -       3,581,667         466,081       2,694,434         223,325       545,311         42,341       237,742         2,209,271       23,118,806         (450,785)       383,678         75,391       75,391         35,508       35,508         -       485,131         740,491       2,718,775         (656,284)       (3,078,775)         195,106       236,030         (255,679)       619,708         4,185,166       16,944,900	960,568	
99,979       99,979         69,413       377,171         1,758,486       23,502,484         133,774       3,063,863         131,829       1,917,246         64,717       5,163,232         -       2,245,004         197,526       1,071,306         949,678       1,556,025         -       1,042,976         -       3,581,667         466,081       2,694,434         223,325       545,311         42,341       237,742         2,209,271       23,118,806         (450,785)       383,678         75,391       75,391         35,508       35,508         -       485,131         740,491       2,718,775         (656,284)       (3,078,775)         195,106       236,030         (255,679)       619,708         4,185,166       16,944,900	-	
69,413       377,171         1,758,486       23,502,484         133,774       3,063,863         131,829       1,917,246         64,717       5,163,232         -       2,245,004         197,526       1,071,306         949,678       1,556,025         -       1,042,976         -       3,581,667         466,081       2,694,434         223,325       545,311         42,341       237,742         2,209,271       23,118,806         (450,785)       383,678         75,391       75,391         35,508       35,508         -       485,131         740,491       2,718,775         (656,284)       (3,078,775)         195,106       236,030         (255,679)       619,708         4,185,166       16,944,900	*	·
1,758,486       23,502,484         133,774       3,063,863         131,829       1,917,246         64,717       5,163,232         -       2,245,004         197,526       1,071,306         949,678       1,556,025         -       1,042,976         -       3,581,667         466,081       2,694,434         223,325       545,311         42,341       237,742         2,209,271       23,118,806         (450,785)       383,678         75,391       75,391         35,508       35,508         -       485,131         740,491       2,718,775         (656,284)       (3,078,775)         195,106       236,030         (255,679)       619,708         4,185,166       16,944,900	,	
133,774	69,413	377,171
131,829       1,917,246         64,717       5,163,232         -       2,245,004         197,526       1,071,306         949,678       1,556,025         -       1,042,976         -       3,581,667         466,081       2,694,434         223,325       545,311         42,341       237,742         2,209,271       23,118,806         (450,785)       383,678         75,391       75,391         35,508       35,508         -       485,131         740,491       2,718,775         (656,284)       (3,078,775)         195,106       236,030         (255,679)       619,708         4,185,166       16,944,900	1,758,486	23,502,484
131,829       1,917,246         64,717       5,163,232         -       2,245,004         197,526       1,071,306         949,678       1,556,025         -       1,042,976         -       3,581,667         466,081       2,694,434         223,325       545,311         42,341       237,742         2,209,271       23,118,806         (450,785)       383,678         75,391       75,391         35,508       35,508         -       485,131         740,491       2,718,775         (656,284)       (3,078,775)         195,106       236,030         (255,679)       619,708         4,185,166       16,944,900		
131,829       1,917,246         64,717       5,163,232         -       2,245,004         197,526       1,071,306         949,678       1,556,025         -       1,042,976         -       3,581,667         466,081       2,694,434         223,325       545,311         42,341       237,742         2,209,271       23,118,806         (450,785)       383,678         75,391       75,391         35,508       35,508         -       485,131         740,491       2,718,775         (656,284)       (3,078,775)         195,106       236,030         (255,679)       619,708         4,185,166       16,944,900	133,774	3.063.863
64,717       5,163,232         -       2,245,004         197,526       1,071,306         949,678       1,556,025         -       1,042,976         -       3,581,667         466,081       2,694,434         223,325       545,311         42,341       237,742         2,209,271       23,118,806         (450,785)       383,678         75,391       75,391         35,508       35,508         -       485,131         740,491       2,718,775         (656,284)       (3,078,775)         195,106       236,030         (255,679)       619,708         4,185,166       16,944,900	,	
- 2,245,004  197,526 1,071,306 949,678 1,556,025 - 1,042,976 - 3,581,667 466,081 2,694,434  223,325 545,311 42,341 237,742  2,209,271 23,118,806 (450,785) 383,678  75,391 75,391 35,508 35,508 - 485,131 740,491 2,718,775 (656,284) (3,078,775) 195,106 236,030  (255,679) 619,708  4,185,166 16,944,900	- ,	<i>y-</i> · <i>y</i> -
- 2,245,004  197,526 1,071,306 949,678 1,556,025 - 1,042,976 - 3,581,667 466,081 2,694,434  223,325 545,311 42,341 237,742  2,209,271 23,118,806 (450,785) 383,678  75,391 75,391 35,508 35,508 - 485,131 740,491 2,718,775 (656,284) (3,078,775) 195,106 236,030  (255,679) 619,708  4,185,166 16,944,900	64,717	5,163,232
197,526     1,071,306       949,678     1,556,025       -     1,042,976       -     3,581,667       466,081     2,694,434       223,325     545,311       42,341     237,742       2,209,271     23,118,806       (450,785)     383,678       75,391     75,391       35,508     35,508       -     485,131       740,491     2,718,775       (656,284)     (3,078,775)       195,106     236,030       (255,679)     619,708       4,185,166     16,944,900	-	
949,678       1,556,025         -       1,042,976         -       3,581,667         466,081       2,694,434         223,325       545,311         42,341       237,742         2,209,271       23,118,806         (450,785)       383,678         75,391       75,391         35,508       35,508         -       485,131         740,491       2,718,775         (656,284)       (3,078,775)         195,106       236,030         (255,679)       619,708         4,185,166       16,944,900		, ,
949,678       1,556,025         -       1,042,976         -       3,581,667         466,081       2,694,434         223,325       545,311         42,341       237,742         2,209,271       23,118,806         (450,785)       383,678         75,391       75,391         35,508       35,508         -       485,131         740,491       2,718,775         (656,284)       (3,078,775)         195,106       236,030         (255,679)       619,708         4,185,166       16,944,900	197,526	1,071,306
- 3,581,667 466,081 2,694,434  223,325 545,311 42,341 237,742  2,209,271 23,118,806 (450,785) 383,678  75,391 75,391 35,508 35,508 - 485,131 740,491 2,718,775 (656,284) (3,078,775) 195,106 236,030  (255,679) 619,708  4,185,166 16,944,900	949,678	
466,081     2,694,434       223,325     545,311       42,341     237,742       2,209,271     23,118,806       (450,785)     383,678       75,391     75,391       35,508     35,508       -     485,131       740,491     2,718,775       (656,284)     (3,078,775)       195,106     236,030       (255,679)     619,708       4,185,166     16,944,900	-	1,042,976
223,325     545,311       42,341     237,742       2,209,271     23,118,806       (450,785)     383,678       75,391     75,391       35,508     35,508       -     485,131       740,491     2,718,775       (656,284)     (3,078,775)       195,106     236,030       (255,679)     619,708       4,185,166     16,944,900	-	3,581,667
42,341     237,742       2,209,271     23,118,806       (450,785)     383,678       75,391     75,391       35,508     35,508       -     485,131       740,491     2,718,775       (656,284)     (3,078,775)       195,106     236,030       (255,679)     619,708       4,185,166     16,944,900	466,081	2,694,434
42,341     237,742       2,209,271     23,118,806       (450,785)     383,678       75,391     75,391       35,508     35,508       -     485,131       740,491     2,718,775       (656,284)     (3,078,775)       195,106     236,030       (255,679)     619,708       4,185,166     16,944,900		
2,209,271     23,118,806       (450,785)     383,678       75,391     75,391       35,508     35,508       -     485,131       740,491     2,718,775       (656,284)     (3,078,775)       195,106     236,030       (255,679)     619,708       4,185,166     16,944,900	223,325	545,311
(450,785)     383,678       75,391     75,391       35,508     35,508       -     485,131       740,491     2,718,775       (656,284)     (3,078,775)       195,106     236,030       (255,679)     619,708       4,185,166     16,944,900	42,341	237,742
(450,785)     383,678       75,391     75,391       35,508     35,508       -     485,131       740,491     2,718,775       (656,284)     (3,078,775)       195,106     236,030       (255,679)     619,708       4,185,166     16,944,900	2.209.271	
75,391 75,391 35,508 35,508 - 485,131 740,491 2,718,775 (656,284) (3,078,775) 195,106 236,030 (255,679) 619,708 4,185,166 16,944,900		-
35,508 35,508 - 485,131 740,491 2,718,775 (656,284) (3,078,775) 195,106 236,030 (255,679) 619,708 4,185,166 16,944,900	(430,783)	363,076
35,508 35,508 - 485,131 740,491 2,718,775 (656,284) (3,078,775) 195,106 236,030 (255,679) 619,708 4,185,166 16,944,900		
- 485,131 740,491 2,718,775 (656,284) (3,078,775) 195,106 236,030 (255,679) 619,708 4,185,166 16,944,900	75,391	75,391
740,491     2,718,775       (656,284)     (3,078,775)       195,106     236,030       (255,679)     619,708       4,185,166     16,944,900	35,508	
(656,284)     (3,078,775)       195,106     236,030       (255,679)     619,708       4,185,166     16,944,900	-	485,131
195,106 236,030 (255,679) 619,708 4,185,166 16,944,900	740,491	2,718,775
(255,679) 619,708 4,185,166 16,944,900	(656,284)	(3,078,775)
4,185,166 16,944,900	195,106	236,030
	(255,679)	619,708
\$ 3,929,487 \$ 17,564,608	4,185,166	16,944,900
	\$ 3,929,487	\$ 17,564,608

# City of Vandalia, Ohio

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

No. 1. C. 11.1. The last of th		Φ.	<10 <b>5</b> 00
Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds		\$	619,708
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  In the current period, these amounts are:  Capital outlay  Capital contributions from enterprise fund  Capital contributions  Depreciation expense  Excess of capital asset additions and contributions over depreciation expense	\$ 2,694,434 119,340 4,500 (2,776,332)		41,942
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.			(563,907)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These activities consist of:  Property and other taxes Income taxes Payments in lieu of taxes Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Special assessments Charges for services Other Net change in deferred inflows of resources during the year	\$ (6,502) 182,817 4,593 (5,666) 114,340 (5,151) (94,994) (17,166)		172,271
Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.			1,449,424
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.			(3,296,869)
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:  Increase in compensated absences  Decrease in accrued interest  Total additional expenditures	\$ (42,351) 3,372		(38,979)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance claims to individual funds are not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated.			(167,429)
Repayment of bond and loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			451,551
Payment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			93,760
Loans are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the government-wide statements, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities.			(110,899)
The amortization of bond premium is reflected as an expense in the statement of activities. Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	3,073 (1,346,354)
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.			

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Municipal income tax	\$ 15,750,000	\$ 15,750,000	\$ 14,471,223	\$ (1,278,777)
Property and other taxes	1,238,938	1,238,938	1,281,153	42,215
Charges for services	3,379,810	3,379,810	3,349,397	(30,413)
Licenses and permits	409,000	409,000	367,314	(41,686)
Fines and forfeitures	1,155,500	1,155,500	1,283,425	127,925
Intergovernmental	909,922	1,059,922	1,067,530	7,608
Interest	150,000	150,000	201,158	51,158
Other	55,750	55,750	294,496	238,746
Total revenues	23,048,920	23,198,920	22,315,696	(883,224)
Expenditures: Current:				
General government				
Legislative and executive	4,364,829	4,763,029	4,253,692	509,337
Judicial system	1,899,698	1,899,699	1,751,375	148,324
Public safety				
Police	5,057,961	5,057,961	4,722,236	335,725
Fire	2,420,014	2,436,364	2,196,397	239,967
Public works				
Engineer	1,022,326	1,022,326	935,897	86,429
Streets	544,339	552,839	495,930	56,909
Refuse	985,648	1,067,647	1,059,562	8,085
Recreation	3,720,326	3,793,876	3,546,745	247,131
Total expenditures	20,015,141	20,593,741	18,961,834	1,631,907
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,033,779	2,605,179	3,353,862	748,683
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	1,000	1,000	_	(1,000)
Advances - in	, -	-	627,314	627,314
Advances - out	-	-	(50,000)	(50,000)
Transfers - in	656,284	656,284	656,284	-
Transfers - out	(4,377,000)	(4,387,200)	(4,223,946)	163,254
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,719,716)	(3,729,916)	(2,990,348)	739,568
Net change in fund balance	(685,937)	(1,124,737)	363,514	1,488,251
Fund balance at beginning of year	12,864,727	12,864,727	12,864,727	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	510,572	510,572	510,572	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 12,689,362	\$ 12,250,562	\$ 13,738,813	\$ 1,488,251

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2017

	 Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							Governmental	
	Water		Sewer		Golf		Total		Activities rnal Service
Assets:	 TT UICI		Bewei		Gon		Total		Thur Bervice
Current assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 2,064,010	\$	2,493,165	\$	385,348	\$	4,942,523	\$	773,896
Accounts	183,368		139,814		_		323,182		34,939
Due from other governments	29,622		92		158		29,872		´ -
Materials and supplies inventory	7,893		-		5,918		13,811		-
Inventory held for resale	-		-		8,633		8,633		
Prepaid items	-		-		-		-		41,834
Restricted: equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	36,701		18,076		-		54,777		-
Total current assets	2,321,594		2,651,147		400,057		5,372,798		850,669
Noncurrent assets:									
Investment in joint venture	1,149,295		8,099,794		_		9,249,089		_
Capital assets:	1,147,273		0,077,774		_		7,247,007		_
Land and easements	58,424		500		108,945		167,869		_
Construction in progress	220,376		-		100,543		220,376		_
Depreciable capital assets, net	8,340,062		9,013,423		979,435		18,332,920		_
Total noncurrent assets	 9,768,157		17,113,717		1,088,380		27,970,254		
Total assets	 12,089,751								950 660
rotar assets	 12,089,751		19,764,864		1,488,437	:==	33,343,052		850,669
<u>Deferred outflows of resources:</u>									
Pension	 172,157		162,851		204,727		539,735		-
Liabilities:									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	3,647		4,147		5,922		13,716		257
Accrued wages and benefits	3,861		2,751		3,772		10,384		-
Matured compensated absences payable	1,340		1,340		1,504		4,184		-
Due to other governments	3,320		2,969		4,313		10,602		-
Due to related parties	112,403		71,228		-		183,631		-
Unearned revenue	-		-		1,762		1,762		-
Capital leases payable	20,583		20,583		-		41,166		-
Compensated absences payable	33,739		33,739		24,406		91,884		-
Claims payable	-		-		-		-		184,835
OPWC loans payable	8,109		5,303		-		13,412		-
Refundable deposits	36,701		18,076		-		54,777		-
Total current liabilities	223,703		160,136		41,679		425,518		185,092
Long-term liabilities:									
Capital leases payable, net of current portion	5,224		5,224		_		10,448		_
Compensated absences payable	43,994		43,994		18,025		106,013		-
OPWC loans payable, net of current portion	32,434		21,215		10,023		53,649		-
Net pension liability	447,461		423,274		532,115		1,402,850		_
Total long-term liabilities	 529,113		493,707		550,140		1,572,960		
_									105.002
Total liabilities	 752,816		653,843		591,819		1,998,478		185,092 ontinued)

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2017 (Continued)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Water	Sewer	Golf	Total	Activities Internal Service			
<u>Deferred inflows of resources:</u>								
Pension	13,560	12,827	16,126	42,513				
Net position:								
Invested in capital assets	8,578,319	8,987,405	1,088,380	18,654,104	-			
Unrestricted	2,917,213	10,273,640	(3,161)	13,187,692	665,577			
Total net position	\$ 11,495,532	\$ 19,261,045	\$ 1,085,219	31,841,796	\$ 665,577			
Net position reported for business-type activities in the sta	tement of net nosi	tion is different be	canse					
they include a proportionate share of the balance of the			cause	66,799				
Net position of business-type activities \$ 31,908,595								

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities			
		Water		Sewer		Golf		Total		rnal Service
Operating revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	2,256,204	\$	1,616,810	\$	853,493	\$	4,726,507	\$	1,928,426
Tap-in fees		4,700		7,400		-		12,100		-
Other		61,209		65,154		6,136		132,499		221,496
Total operating revenue		2,322,113		1,689,364		859,629		4,871,106		2,149,922
Operating expenses:										
Personal services		411,950		383,237		614,763		1,409,950		-
Contractual services		1,262,713		1,039,251		186,590		2,488,554		506,326
Supplies and materials		32,630		23,526		159,956		216,112		-
Claims		-		-		-		-		1,829,319
Depreciation		226,713		263,516		65,026		555,255		-
Utility deposits returned		-		1,829		_		1,829		-
Other		1,475				44,641		46,116		
Total operating expenses		1,935,481		1,711,359		1,070,976		4,717,816		2,335,645
Operating income (loss)		386,632		(21,995)		(211,347)		153,290		(185,723)
Nonoperating revenue (expenses):										
Intergovernmental		110,583		6,307		-		116,890		-
Investment in joint venture		7,253		243,176		-		250,429		-
Loss on sale of capital assets		(35,986)		(69,423)		(35,783)		(141,192)		-
Interest and fiscal charges		(889)		(888)				(1,777)		
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)		80,961		179,172		(35,783)		224,350		
Income (loss) before transfers		467,593		157,177		(247,130)		377,640		(185,723)
Transfers in				-		360,000		360,000		
Change in net position		467,593		157,177		112,870		737,640		(185,723)
Net position at beginning of year		11,027,939		19,103,868		972,349				851,300
Net position at end of year	\$	11,495,532	\$	19,261,045	\$	1,085,219			\$	665,577
Some amounts reported for the business-type action proportionate share of the net expense of the ir								(18,294)		
-	Cl	nange in net po	neiti	on of husiness	_tvn	a activities	\$	719,346		
	Cr	iange in net po	281110	on or ousiness	-type	e activities	Þ	/19,540		

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities			
		Water		Sewer		Golf	 Total		ernal Service
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash received from interfund services provided Cash payments for employee services and benefits	\$	2,297,341 - (359,043)	\$	1,673,250 - (334,276)	\$	855,091 - (527,375)	\$ 4,825,682 - (1,220,694)	\$	2,234,129
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments for claims		(1,303,572)		(1,121,522)		(327,373)	(2,812,828)		(506,373) (1,754,950)
Utility deposits received Utility deposits returned		7,366 (5,968)		3,627 (4,769)		-	10,993 (10,737)		- -
Net cash provided by (used) for operating activities		636,124		216,310		(60,018)	 792,416		(27,194)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers from other funds						360,000	360,000		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities						360,000	 360,000	-	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:									
Grants		161,584		9,621		-	171,205		-
OPWC loan Interest paid on capital lease		40,543 (889)		26,518		-	67,061 (1,777)		-
Principal payment on capital lease		(20,091)		(888) (20,092)		_	(40,183)		_
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(20,0)1)		13,931		7,567	21,498		_
Acquisition of capital assets		(376,790)		(215,895)		(106,315)	(699,000)		_
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(195,643)		(186,805)		(98,748)	(481,196)		-
Cash flows from investing activities:									
Investment in joint venture		(326,920)		-			 (326,920)		
Net cash used for investing activities		(326,920)		-		-	 (326,920)		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		113,561		29,505		201,234	344,300		(27,194)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,987,150		2,481,736		184,114	4,653,000		801,090
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	2,100,711	\$	2,511,241	\$	385,348	\$ 4,997,300	\$	773,896
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:									
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$	386,632	\$	(21,995)	\$	(211,347)	\$ 153,290	\$	(185,723)
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:		226,713		263,516		65,026	555,255		-
(Increase) decrease in assets:  Accounts receivable  Materials and supplies inventory		(24,771) (1,503)		(16,115)		(193)	(40,886) (1,696)		84,207
Prepaid items		<u>-</u>		_		_	-		(50)
Due from other governments (Increase) in deferred outflows of resources - pension		(100) (32,133)		(92) (30,375)		(158) (39,378)	(350) (101,886)	((	- Continued)

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental		
									Activities
		Water		Sewer		Golf		Total	Internal Service
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:									
Accounts payable		(3,224)		(52,639)		3,391		(52,472)	3
Contracts payable		-		-		-		-	-
Refundable deposits		1,397		688		-		2,085	-
Claims payable		-		-		-		-	74,369
Unearned revenue		-		-		(4,538)		(4,538)	-
Accrued wages and benefits		774		(40)		225		959	-
Compensated absences		879		880		4,262		6,021	-
Due to related parties		(2,027)		(6,106)		-		(8,133)	-
Due to other governments		(75)		(80)		1,077		922	-
Net pension liability		77,775		73,200		114,349		265,324	-
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pension		5,787		5,468		7,266		18,521	-
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	636,124	\$	216,310	\$	(60,018)	\$	792,416	\$ (27,194)

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities December 31, 2017

	Agency		
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,317,335	
Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts		105,265	
Investments		747,660	
Total assets	\$	7,170,260	
<u>Liabilities:</u>			
Due to other governments	\$	114,251	
Due to employees		6,169	
Undistributed monies		96,755	
Due to others		6,953,085	
Total liabilities	\$	7,170,260	

# **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The financial statements of the City of Vandalia have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Vandalia (the City) is a charter municipal corporation operating under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City was incorporated in 1958 and operates under a Council/Manager form of government. The Mayor and the council are elected by separate ballot from the municipality at large for four-year terms. As a council member, the Mayor has the right to vote on all issues before council. Council appoints the City Manager. The City Manager appoints all managers of each department in the City.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of Vandalia, the primary government includes the departments that provide the following services: police and fire, parks and recreation, planning, zoning, street maintenance and repairs, water, sewer and refuse collection. Council and the City Manager have direct responsibility for these activities.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board; and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City authorizes the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes, or determines the budget. There are no component units included as part of this report.

The City is associated with the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority (Tri-Cities), and the Northern Area Water Authority (NAWA), which are defined as joint ventures. A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that is a result of a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. These organizations are presented in Note 14.

The Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA) is a risk sharing insurance pool established for the purpose of enabling the subscribing political subdivisions to obtain liability insurance and providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance fund for its members. The members formed a not-for-profit corporation known as Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. for the purpose of administering the pool. The City has no explicit and measurable equity interest in MVRMA and no ongoing financial responsibility for MVRMA.

The City is associated with the Economic Development/Government Equity Program (ED/GE), which is defined as a jointly governed organization. A jointly governed organization is an organization that is governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organization, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility on the part of the participating governments. This organization is presented in Note 15.

### **B.** Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

### Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid doubling up revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

### C. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

# Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City of Vandalia and/or the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> - The capital improvement fund accounts for transfers from the general fund, and is designated by Council for the purpose of improving, constructing, maintaining, and purchasing those items necessary to enhance the operation of the City.

<u>Police, Fire and Street Capital Improvements</u> - To account for the .25% increase in income taxes restricted for capital purchases for the police, fire and street departments and a portion of the police department's personnel costs.

<u>General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund</u> – To account for transfers from the general fund property tax revenue restricted to pay for general obligation bond debt.

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

# **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Water Fund</u> - The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to its residential and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - The sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

Golf Fund - The golf fund accounts for the operations of the golf course.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> – An internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's internal service fund reports on a self-insurance program for employee medical benefits.

# Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The City's agency funds account for building permit fees collected on behalf of the State, municipal court collections that are distributed to various local governments, the collection of income taxes for other subdivisions, performance bonds pledged by contractors, the activities of the Northern Area Water Authority and Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority and collection and distribution of employee health care expenses.

### **D.** Measurement Focus

### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, all liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

### E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

# Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within thirty-one days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5). Revenue from grants, entitlements, shared revenues and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax), fines and forfeitures, licenses and permits, interest, grants and rentals.

# Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes and unavailable revenues. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2017, but which were levied to finance year 2018 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables/revenues which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, income taxes, franchise taxes, intergovernmental grants, special assessments, and charges for services. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Note 12)

# Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

# F. Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

The City has segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the City's central bank account. These interest-bearing depository accounts are presented on the statement of net position as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the City's treasury. The cash of the police, fire and street capital improvements fund and the Municipal Court is included in this line item.

The City has invested in an external investment pool; the Dayton Foundation. This is presented on the statement of net position as "cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent".

Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. For investments in open-end mutual funds, fair value is determined by the fund's share price.

During the year, the City invested in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is recognized as an external investment pool by the City. The City measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2017, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following the Charter and Codified Ordinances of the City as well as Ohio statutes, the City has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2017 amounted to \$273,681, which includes \$120,773 assigned from other City funds.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase, and investments of the cash management pool are reported as cash equivalents on the financial statements.

# **G.** Inventory

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when used. Inventories of the proprietary funds are expensed when used.

Inventories of the general fund, the street special revenue fund and the water fund primarily consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of the golf fund consist of expendable supplies held for consumption, purchased food and supplies held for resale.

### H. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside for unclaimed monies. Restricted assets in the enterprise funds represent cash and cash equivalents set aside for repayment of deposits to utility customers.

### I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are reported as "Interfund Loan Receivables/Payables." Interfund loans which do not represent available expendable resources are offset by a fund balance reserve account. Interfund balance amounts, not services provided and used, are eliminated in the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as "Internal Balances".

### J. Prepaids

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2017 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure or expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

# K. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expended. For proprietary funds and business-type activities, any material amount of interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction and progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental	Business-Type
	Actvities	Actvities
Asset	Estimated Useful	Estimated Useful
<u>Class</u>	<u>Life</u>	<u>Life</u>
Buildings and improvements	45 to 52 years	45 to 71 years
Equipment	10 to 20 years	10 to 20 years
Vehicles	6 to 25 years	6 to 25 years
Infrastructure	7 to 65 years	65 years

The City's infrastructure consists of bridges, culverts, curbs, sidewalks, storm sewers, streets, irrigation systems and water and sewer lines.

### L. Net pension liability and pension expense

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

The current accounting standard requires Cities to report their proportionate share of the net pension liability using the earning approach to pension accounting instead of the funding approach as previously used. The funding approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability. Under the new standards, the net pension liability equals the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

Pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the employment exchange. The employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. The unfunded portion of this benefit of exchange is a liability of the City. However, the City is not responsible for key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Benefit provisions and both employer and employee contribution rates are determined by State statute. The employee and employer enter the employment exchange with the knowledge that the exchange is limited by law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. The City has no control over the changes in the pension benefits, contributions rate, and return on investments affecting the balance of the net pension liability. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statue does not identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

### M. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits and compensatory time are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation and compensatory time when earned for all employees.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those that the City has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wage rates at year-end taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The City records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after twenty years of accumulated service.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

# N. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and the net pension liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

### O. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the proceeds from the collection of these loans or from the sale of these properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

**Restricted** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (City ordinances). Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance) of City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council. The finance director is authorized to assign fund balance using encumbrances for planned purchases, provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

**Unassigned** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### P. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment of capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Net position restricted for other purposes include police services, court activities and educational programs as restricted by the City. The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available. None of the restricted net position for the City was restricted by enabling legislation.

# Q. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for golf, waste water treatment, water services and self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenses that do not meet these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

### R. Bond Premiums/Issuance Costs

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method since the results are not significantly different from the effective interest method. Debt issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

Bond premiums are presented as a reduction/addition of the face amount of the bonds payable.

# S. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

### T. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### **U. Budgetary Process**

All funds, except the Chuck Gabbard Memorial special revenue fund and agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution, both of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. Montgomery County does not require jurisdictions within the County to prepare a tax budget, therefore, this is not part of the City's budgetary process. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount Council may appropriate.

The appropriation resolution is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council.

The legal level of control has been established by Council at the fund level for all funds. The Finance Director, with the approval of the City Manager and respective Department Heads, has been authorized to allocate appropriations to the function, department and object level within each fund. Council must approve any revisions that alter total fund appropriations.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate at the time final appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by Council throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

### **NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Advances in and advances out ("repayment of advances") are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 5. The change in fair value of investments is not included on the budget operating statement. This amount is included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statement.
- 6. Unreported cash represents amounts received but not included as revenue on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statements.
- 7. The City's portion of the activity of the Municipal Court is not included on the budgetary statement. This activity is included on the GAAP basis operating statement.
- 8. The revenues, expenditures and other financing sources and uses of the general fund include activity that is budgeted within special revenue funds (GAAP basis). However, on the budgetary basis, the activity of the special revenue funds is excluded resulting in perspective differences.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

### Net Change in Fund Balance

	General
GAAP Basis	\$ 651,963
Revenue accruals	3,073,827
Expenditure accruals	(2,268,827)
Change in fair value of investments - 2016	46,402
Change in fair value of investments - 2017	(65,609)
Perspective differences from funds budgeted	
as special revenue funds:	
Other financing sources	(100,000)
Encumbrances (Budget Basis)	
outstanding at year end	 (974,242)
Budget Basis	\$ 363,514

# NOTE 3 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

		Capital	Police, Fire and Street Capital	General Obligation Bond	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Fund Balances	General	Improvement	<u>Improvements</u>	Retirement	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable						
Materials and supplies inventory	\$ 12,131	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 93,705	\$ 105,836
Unclaimed monies	45,979					45,979
Total nonspendable	58,110				93,705	151,815
Restricted for						
Streets and highways	-	-	-	-	1,160,638	1,160,638
Court activities	-	-	-	-	310,247	310,247
Police services	-	-	-	-	220,075	220,075
Capital improvements		618,110	557,903		326,436	1,502,449
Total restricted		618,110	557,903		2,017,396	3,193,409
Committed						
Employee retirements	256,046	-	-	-	-	256,046
Capital improvements	-	-	-	-	1,250,000	1,250,000
Cultural arts	522,544	-	-	-	-	522,544
Stormwater system					568,386	568,386
Total committed	778,590				1,818,386	2,596,976
Assigned						
Various purchases on order*	675,311	-	-	-	-	675,311
Next year's budget	613,915	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	613,915
Total assigned	1,289,226					1,289,226
Unassigned (deficit)	13,952,840	<u> </u>		(3,619,658)	<u> </u>	10,333,182
Total fund balances	\$16,078,766	\$ 618,110	\$ 557,903	\$(3,619,658)	\$ 3,929,487	\$ 17,564,608

<sup>\*</sup>Purchases on order consist primarily of materials and supplies and contractual services.

# **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The investment and deposit of City monies are governed by the provisions of the Charter and Codified Ordinances of the City and the Ohio Revised Code. In accordance with these provisions, investments purchased for the portfolio may be safe kept by any Ohio financial institution or any primary government security dealer.

Authorized dealer/brokers are restricted to Ohio financial institutions, primary government securities dealers, and NASD registered dealers. Interest income is distributed to the funds according to City Charter guidelines.

Public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in addition to amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or may pledge a pool of government securities, the market value of which is at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution.

Whenever there are monies available in the City Treasury, which will not be required to be used for a period of thirty days or more, the Director of Finance or his/her designee(s), may invest such funds. The investments are subject to the limitations contained within the investment policy, and are subject to all applicable laws and regulations.

The investment objectives controlling the management of the investment portfolio shall be, in order of importance: (1) Safety of principal. Recognizing that all investments contain one or more elements of risk, the portfolio shall be prudently managed with specific consideration given to credit risk, market risk, and prepayment risk; (2) Liquidity to meet current and contingent requirements; (3) Maximization of returns. The portfolio shall be managed to maximize the long-term return on the portfolio consistent with current cash needs.

The provisions of the City's investment policy permit the City to invest its monies in the following investment instruments:

- 1. Obligations of the United States including U.S. treasury securities and government agency securities guaranteed by the United States.
- 2. United States government agency securities and the securities issued by instrumentalities of the U.S. including, but not limited to, obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), the Farm Credit Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), and the Small Business Administration (SBA).
- 3. State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).
- 4. Obligations of the State of Ohio and obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio.
- 5. Deposits of any Ohio financial institution subject to collateralization of public funds defined by the Ohio Revised Code.
- 6. Bankers Acceptances and Deposits of the top fifty banks in the United States based upon asset size or Ohio based financial institutions with at least \$2 billion in total assets.

- 7. Prime Commercial Paper issued with a credit rating of P-1 by Standard & Poors Corporation or A-1 by Moody's rating service.
- 8. Obligations of corporate entities having debt rating of Aa or better by Standard & Poors Corporation or Moody's rating service.

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of the City's cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, financial institutions must collateralize all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105% of public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third parties of the financial institution. The City's policy states that in order to anticipate market changes and provide a level of security for all funds, the collateralization level shall be at least 102% of market value of principal and accrued interest.

<u>Cash on hand</u> At year-end, the City had \$9,770 in un-deposited cash on hand which is included as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments."

<u>Deposits:</u> At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$7,857,843 and the bank balance was \$8,610,675. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", none of the City's bank balance was exposed to custodial risk as described above.

*Investments:* At year-end, the City had the following investments.

			Investment Maturities		
				(in years)	
Investment	Fair	Percentage of			
<u>Type</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Investments</u>	< 1 year	< 2 years	<u>3-5 years</u>
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Bonds	\$ 3,289,449	12.66%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,289,449
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	1,473,885	5.67%	-	-	1,473,885
Federal Farm Credit Bank Bonds	706,206	2.72%	-	-	706,206
Federal National Mortgage Association Bonds	2,288,058	8.81%	-	-	2,288,058
Commerical paper	3,956,076	15.23%	3,956,076		-
Negotiable certificates of deposit	4,152,231	15.98%	245,815	1,934,922	1,971,494
Dayton Foundation	522,544	2.01%	522,544	-	-
STAR Ohio	8,080,836	31.11%	8,080,836	-	-
Investments recorded in agency fund:					
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Bonds	248,690	0.96%	-	-	248,690
Federal National Mortgage Association Bonds	498,970	1.92%	-	-	498,970
STAR Ohio	761,142	<u>2.93</u> %	761,142		
Total investments recorded in agency fund	1,508,802	<u>5.81</u> %	761,142		747,660
Total investments	\$ 25,978,087	100.00%	\$ 13,566,413	\$ 1,934,922	\$10,476,752

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The preceding table identifies the City's recurring fair value measurement as of December 31, 2017. As previously discussed Star Ohio is reported at its net asset value. All other investments of the City are valued using Level 2 inputs.

Custodial Credit Risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All financial institutions and broker/dealers who desire to become qualified for investment transactions with the City must meet a set of prescribed standards and be periodically reviewed. The investments in the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and commercial paper are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent and not in the City's name. All of the City's negotiable certificates of deposit are registered securities.

Interest Rate Risk – The City's investment policy states that the maximum maturity for any investment is limited to a final stated maturity of seven years, an expected call of seven years, or an expected average life of seven years, where the average life is estimated by nationally recognized firms independent of the dealer selling the security to the City. The City holds various agency securities of which some are callable in fiscal year 2018.

Credit Risk – The City's investment policy states that investment in commercial paper must have a credit rating of P-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or A-1 by Moody's rating service. Obligations of corporate entities must have a debt rating of Aa or better by Standard & Poor's Corporation or Moody's rating service. The City's investments in mortgage securities have an AA+ credit rating. The City's investments in commercial papers have an A-1 credit rating. The City's investment in STAR Ohio has an AAAm credit rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The City's investment policy states that the portfolio shall be diversified so as to avoid concentrations of credit risk from any rated issuer: (1) At the time of purchase, aggregate collateralized investments in the obligations of any financial institution are limited to the greater of \$1,000,000 or 20% of the portfolio, where eligible collateral is defined by the Ohio Revised Code; (2) At the time of purchase, aggregate investments in the obligations of any U.S. corporation and non-collateralized investments in the obligations of any financial institution are limited to the greater of \$500,000 or 10% of the portfolio. Investments in eligible short term investments which can be readily converted to cash within 48 hours are limited to the greater of \$2,500,000 or 30% of the portfolio. More than 5% of the City's investments are in FHLMC, FHLB, FNMA bonds and commercial paper. The table above is the City's allocation as of December 31, 2017.

### **NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at December 31, 2017, consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, intergovernmental receivables arising from entitlements, shared revenues, special assessments, accrued interest on investments and accounts (billings for ambulance service and utility service). No allowances for doubtful accounts have been recorded because uncollectible amounts are expected to be insignificant.

Special assessments expected to be collected amount to \$4,862 in the capital improvement fund. As of December 31, 2017, the City had less than \$1,000 in delinquent special assessments outstanding.

# **Property Taxes**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2017 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2016 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2017 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for 2017 taxes.

2017 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2017, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2017, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. 2017 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2018.

Public utility property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35% of true value. 2017 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2016, are levied after October 1, 2017, and are collected in 2018 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2017, was \$4.14 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and public utility property upon which 2016 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Property Category	<u>A</u>	Assessed Value				
Real Property						
Residential and agricultural	\$	220,802,230				
Commercial and industrial		107,317,230				
Public utilities		38,830				
Personal Property						
Public utilities		7,829,300				
Total	\$	335,987,590				

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, the payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the City of Vandalia. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Accrued property taxes receivable represent real and tangible personal property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2017, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the general fund, the entire receivable has been offset by deferred inflow of resources since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2017 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

# **Income Taxes**

The City levies a 2% income tax on substantially all income earned within the City. In addition, City residents employed in municipalities having an income tax less than 2% must pay the difference to the City of Vandalia. Additional increases in the income tax rate require voter approval.

Employers within the City withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit at least quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file an annual declaration.

All income tax proceeds are being receipted into the general fund. The general fund is transferring .25% of the income tax proceeds to the Police, Fire and Street Capital Improvements fund. The transfer of income tax was reclassified as income tax revenue during the year.

### Due from Other Governments

A summary of due from other governments follows:

	Amounts		
<b>Governmental Activities</b>			
Local Government and Local Government			
Revenue Assistance	\$	78,632	
Homestead and Rollback		79,602	
Gasoline and Excise Tax		304,386	
Motor Vehicle License Fees		189,561	
Permissive Motor Vehicle License Tax		70,053	
Other		90,638	
Total	\$	812,872	

### **NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. In 1988, the City joined the Miami Valley Risk Management Association, Inc. (MVRMA) a risk sharing insurance pool. This pool covers all property, crime, liability, boiler and machinery, and public official liability.

The City pays an annual premium to MVRMA that is intended to cover administrative expenses and any claims covered by the pool. MVRMA has the ability to require member cities to make supplemental payments in the event reserves are not adequate to cover claims. An actuarial opinion issued as of December 31, 2017, indicates reserves in excess of anticipated claims. There were no settled claims from these risks that have exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years and there has been no significant reduction in coverages from last year.

The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

The City has elected to provide employee healthcare benefits for its employees through a self-insured program. The City maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. This plan provides medical, dental, vision and prescription drug coverage, providing a traditional plan with a preferred provider organization (PPO) as well as a high deductible plan with Health Saving Account (HSA). The City contracts with Medical Mutual of Ohio for network discounts; deductibles are higher and vary for out-of-network claims. A third party administrator, Underwriters Services Corp, processes and pays the claims. The City is paying self-insurance claims and administrative costs from its hospital care internal service fund. An excess coverage insurance (stop loss) policy covers claims in excess of \$50,000 per employee, per year.

During 2017, a total of \$2,335,645 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. The liability for unpaid claims cost of \$184,835, reported in the hospital care internal service fund at December 31, 2017, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 and will be processed and paid in 2018. Statement No. 30 requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The claims liability was determined by reviewing invoices for claims paid in January through March 2018, which were incurred in 2017 or before.

The estimates for the internal services fund were not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in the internal services funds' claims liability amounts in the last two years follows:

	Balance at	Current	Claim	Balance at
	beginning of year	year claims	payments	end of year
2016	\$ 192,220	2,056,924	2,138,678	110,466
2017	\$ 110.466	1 829 319	1 754 950	184 835

# **NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	1	Balance 2/31/2016		Increases		<u>Decreases</u>		Balance 12/31/2017
Governmental activities	_	2/31/2010		<u>mereuses</u>		Decreases	-	12/31/2017
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	6,104,043	\$	_	\$	(494,574)	\$	5,609,469
Easements		376,999	·	-	·	-		376,999
Construction in progress		359,033		1,244,850		(883,769)		720,114
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	6,840,075	_	1,244,850	_	(1,378,343)	_	6,706,582
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		31,207,264		229,605		-		31,436,869
Equipment		6,417,951		472,130		(316,382)		6,573,699
Vehicles		5,280,958		1,124,704		(529,877)		5,875,785
Infrastructure								
Storm sewers, bridges and culverts		12,503,707		42,448		-		12,546,155
Streets, sidewalks and curbs		37,637,321		588,306		-		38,225,627
Traffic signals		2,481,077		-		-		2,481,077
Street lighting		1,776,705						1,776,705
Total capital assets, being depreciated		97,304,983		2,457,193		(846,259)		98,915,917
Less: accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and improvements		(12,479,619)		(664,435)		-		(13,144,054)
Equipment		(3,964,535)		(303,978)		264,907		(4,003,606)
Vehicles		(4,091,133)		(375,845)		512,019		(3,954,959)
Infrastructure								
Storm sewers, bridges and culverts		(5,736,400)		(228,927)		-		(5,965,327)
Streets, sidewalks and curbs		(19,502,914)		(1,003,343)		-		(20,506,257)
Traffic signals		(1,022,494)		(110,969)		-		(1,133,463)
Street lighting		(365,753)		(88,835)				(454,588)
Total accumulated depreciation		(47,162,848)	_	(2,776,332)		776,926		(49,162,254)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		50,142,135	_	(319,139)		(69,333)		49,753,663
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	56,982,210	\$	925,711	\$	(1,447,676)	\$	56,460,245

# Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	
Legislative and executive	\$ 136,319
Judicial system	87,905
Public safety	
Police	249,696
Fire	239,052
Public works	
Engineer	21,719
Streets	1,610,426
Recreation	431,215
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,776,332

	1	Balance 12/31/2016		Increases	Г	ecreases		Balance 12/31/2017
Business-type activities	1	12/31/2010		<u>Increases</u>	브	recieases		12/31/2017
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	167,369	\$	_	\$	_	\$	167,369
Easements	Ψ	500	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	500
Construction in progress		134,183		246,193		(160,000)		220,376
Total assets not being depreciated		302,052	_	246,193		(160,000)		388,245
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		2,980,867		17,387		_		2,998,254
Equipment		1,089,704		93,148		(123,732)		1,059,120
Vehicles		433,379		37,272		(122,033)		348,618
Infrastructure		,		,		, , ,		,
Water lines		12,713,707		270,000		(15,389)		12,968,318
Sewer lines		16,650,057		195,000		(62,459)		16,782,598
Golf cart paths and sprinkler systems		364,253		-		(56,776)		307,477
Total capital assets, being depreciated		34,231,967	_	612,807		(380,389)		34,464,385
Less: accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and improvements		(1,731,707)		(44,344)		_		(1,776,051)
Equipment		(686,845)		(51,034)		99,575		(638,304)
Vehicles		(433,379)		-		84,761		(348,618)
Infrastructure								
Water lines		(5,160,849)		(198,398)		-		(5,359,247)
Sewer lines		(7,597,919)		(255,576)		-		(7,853,495)
Golf cart paths and sprinkler systems		(183,210)		(5,903)		33,363		(155,750)
Total accumulated depreciation		(15,793,909)	_	(555,255)		217,699	_	(16,131,465)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		18,438,058	_	57,552		(162,690)	_	18,332,920
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	18,740,110	\$	303,745	\$	(322,690)	\$	18,721,165

Several assets were acquired in the water and sewer funds and subsequently transferred to governmental activities in the amount of \$35,986 in water and \$83,354 in sewer.

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$ 226,713
Sewer	263,516
Golf	 65,026
Total depreciation expense	\$ 555,255

#### **NOTE 8 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation: City employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. All employees may accrue a maximum of 45 days. In the event of a termination of employment, death, or retirement, employees (or their estates) are paid for unused vacation leave.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave: City employees earn sick leave at the rate of 4.616 hours per eighty hours of service. A maximum of 1,250 hours may be carried from one year to the next. Any hours over 1,250 accrued and not taken will be paid on a one for three basis at the end of the year. In the case of death or retirement, employees (or the employees' estates) are paid for one half of their accumulated leave with 625 hours being the maximum amount paid.

Accumulated Unpaid Compensatory Time: From time to time, employees may need, with prior approval from their supervisors, to work overtime. These overtime hours will usually be paid at the appropriate overtime rate; however, with permission of the supervisor, an employee may have the option of taking the overtime in compensatory time at one and one half times the amount of hours worked.

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

A schedule of changes in bonds and other long-term obligations of the City during 2017 follows:

Govermental activities Unvoted general obligation bonds		Amount Outstanding 12/31/2016		<u>Increases</u>		<u>Decreases</u>		Amount Outstanding 12/31/2017	<u>!</u>	Amount Due in One Year
2009 Various purpose limited tax										
bonds, 2.0% - 4.1%	\$	2,445,000	\$	_	\$	(310,000)	\$	2,135,000	\$	325,000
Premium on bonds	Ψ	12,755	Ψ	-	Ψ	(3,073)	Ψ	9,682	Ψ	-
Total unvoted general obligation bonds	-	2,457,755				(313,073)		2,144,682		325,000
Loans:										
2014 State infrastruture bank loan		1,196,910		75,391		(141,551)		1,130,750		160,040
2017 OPWC loan				35,508	_		_	35,508	_	7,102
Total loans		1,196,910	_	110,899		(141,551)	_	1,166,258	_	167,142
Other long-term obligations:										
Capital lease		214,193		-		(93,760)		120,433		96,054
Compensated absences		1,598,200		901,698	_	(859,347)		1,640,551		870,050
Total other long-term obligations		1,812,393	_	901,698	_	(953,107)	_	1,760,984	_	966,104
Not posion lighility										
Net pesion liability:		0.660.722		2.021.050				10,000,000		
OPERS OP&F		8,668,732		2,021,950		(200.501)		10,690,682		-
		9,194,517		2.021.050	_	(300,591)		8,893,926	_	<u>-</u>
Total net pension liability		17,863,249	_	2,021,950	_	(300,591)		19,584,608	_	
Total governmental activities	Φ	22 220 207	Φ	2.024.547	Φ	(1.700.222)	Φ	24.656.522	Φ	1 450 046
long-term liabilities	\$	23,330,307	\$	3,034,547	\$	(1,708,322)	\$	24,656,532	\$	1,458,246
Business-type activities										
Loans:										
2017 OPWC loan	\$		\$	67,061	\$	_	\$	67,061	\$	13,412
Other long-term obligations:		01.707				(40.102)		51.614		41.166
Capital lease		91,797		02.940		(40,183)		51,614		41,166
Compensated absences		191,432	_	92,840	_	(86,375)		197,897		91,884
Total other long-term obligations		283,229		92,840	_	(126,558)		249,511		133,050
Net pesion liability:										
OPERS		1,137,526		265,324		-		1,402,850		-
Total business-type activities		·							-	
long-term liabilities	\$	1,420,755	\$	425,225	\$	(126,558)	\$	1,719,422	\$	146,462

During 2009, the City issued \$4,755,000 General Obligation Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds. The Bonds were issued for the purpose of paying the costs of constructing, furnishing and equipping a fire station and related facilities, landscaping and otherwise improving the site thereof.

During 2014, the City entered into a State Infrastructure Bank (SIB) direct loan with the Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) in the amount of \$1,411,921 of which \$308,334 was received in 2014, \$866,421 during 2015 and \$161,775 during 2016, respectively. The remaining amount of \$75,391 was received during 2017.

During 2017, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC). The loan is for a street project, water lines and sanitary sewers. The loan will be repaid in annual installments of \$20,514, maturing in 2022. Principal is paid out of the stormwater special revenue fund, the police, fire and street capital improvements capital projects fund, the water and sewer funds.

Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund, street, stormwater, magistrate, and computer legal research special revenue funds, police, fire and street capital project fund and the water, sewer and golf enterprise funds.

The City pays net pension liability obligations from the fund benefitting from employee services.

Capital lease obligations will be paid from the street fund, stormwater fund, the capital improvement fund, the water fund and the sewer fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2017, are as follows:

Year ending	General Obligation Bonds								
December 31,	Principal		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>				
2018	\$ 325,000	\$	85,165	\$	410,165				
2019	335,000		72,978		407,978				
2020	345,000		59,577		404,577				
2021	365,000		45,777		410,777				
2022	375,000		31,178		406,178				
2023	390,000		15,990		405,990				
Total	\$ 2,135,000	\$	310,665	\$	2,445,665				

Year ending			Stat	e SIB Loar	<u>1</u>		OP	WC Loan
December 31,	I	Principal Principal	:	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>F</u>	Principal
2018	\$	160,040	\$	32,731	\$	192,771	\$	20,514
2019		164,877		27,894		192,771		20,514
2020		169,861		22,911		192,772		20,514
2021		174,995		17,777		192,772		20,514
2022		180,284		12,487		192,771		20,513
2023-2024		280,693		8,462		289,155		_
Total	\$ :	1,130,750	\$	122,262	\$	1,253,012	\$	102,569

# **NOTE 10 – SHORT TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Bond anticipation notes reported as a fund liability on the balance sheet consist of the following:

		Balance					Balance
	1	2/31/2016		<u>Increase</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	1	2/31/2017
Capital projects fund:							
Capital improvement, 2.00%	\$	2,039,000	\$	-	\$ (2,039,000)	\$	-
Capital improvement, 2.25%		-		1,514,000	-		1,514,000
Various purpose fire engine, 1.75%		480,000		-	(480,000)		-
Debt service fund:							
Refunding various purpose, 1.75%		4,076,000		-	(4,076,000)		-
Various purpose, 2.00%			_	3,691,000	<u>-</u> _		3,691,000
Total governmental activities	\$	6,595,000	\$	5,205,000	\$ (6,595,000)	\$	5,205,000

In August of 2017, the City paid off \$2,039,000 in bond anticipation notes and issued \$1,514,000 in bond anticipation notes. The bond anticipation notes were issued to encourage economic development and jobs in a redevelopment area and to purchase land. Revenues for payment of interest and principal on the bond will result from proceeds from a new note to be issued in 2018.

In September of 2017, the City paid off \$4,556,000 in bond anticipation notes and issued \$3,691,000 in bond anticipation notes. The bond anticipation notes were issued for a current refunding of the 2004 Refunding Various Purpose bonds during 2014 and for a new fire truck. The general obligation bond retirement debt service fund will retire these debts.

#### **NOTE 11 – CAPITALIZED LEASE**

During 2014, the City entered into a capital lease. From the lease proceeds, governmental activities and business-type activities acquired four vehicles and a front loader for the public works department. These assets were capitalized and reported as additions to capital assets in the amount of \$461,016 in the governmental activities and \$197,578 in the business-type activities. These capital assets are being depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service payments in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as function expenditures on a budgetary basis. The capitalized amount equals a portion of the present value of the future minimum lease payments and the down payment respectively, at the time of acquisition.

Following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2017:

		se Payments vernmental		e Payments iness-type
<u>Year</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>A</u>	ctivities
2018	\$	97,908	\$	41,960
2019		24,478		10,490
Total minimum lease payments		122,386		52,450
Less: amount representing interest		(1,953)		(836)
Total	\$	120,433	\$	51,614

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

### Net pension liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

# Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. 1.) The Traditional Pension Plan (TP) - a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. 2.) The Member-Directed Plan (MD) - a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and (vested) employer contributions, plus any investment earnings thereon. 3.) The Combined Plan (CP) - a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the Traditional Plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the MD. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; the following disclosure focuses on the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml#CAFR, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

#### Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

### State and Local

#### Age and service requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

### State and Local

# Age and service requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

### State and Local

#### Age and service requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

#### Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State
	and Local
2017 Statutory maximum contribution rates	
Employer	14.00%
Employee	10.00%
2017 Actual contribution rates	
Employer:	
Pension	13.00%
Post-employment health care benefits	1.00%
Total employer	14.00%
Employee	10.00%

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$917,309 for 2017. Of this amount, \$84,623 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

### Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	<u>Police</u>	<u>Firefighters</u>
2017 Statutory maximum contribution rates		
Employer	19.50%	24.00%
Employee:		
January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017	12.25%	12.25%
2017 Actual contribution rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00%	23.50%
Post-employment health care benefits	0.50%	0.50%
Total employer	19.50%	24.00%
		==
Employee:		
January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017	12.25%	12.25%

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$638,523 for 2017. Of this amount \$57,681 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2016, to December 31, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	<u>OPERS</u>	OP&F	<u>Total</u>
Proportion of the net pension			
liability - prior measurement date	0.056614%	0.142926%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability - current measurement date	0.053256%	0.140418%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.003358</u> %	- <u>0.002508</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 12,093,532	\$ 8,893,926	\$ 20,987,458
Pension expense	\$ 2,485,928	\$ 1,099,308	\$ 3,585,236

At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 16,392	\$ 2,516	\$ 18,908
Changes of assumptions	1,918,182	-	1,918,182
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,801,006	864,896	2,665,902
City contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	917,309	638,523	1,555,832
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 4,652,889	\$ 1,505,935	\$6,158,824
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 71,975	\$ 20,478	\$ 92,453
Changes in proportion and differences			
between City contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	294,524	222,985	517,509
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 366,499	\$ 243,463	\$ 609,962

\$1,555,832 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	OPERS		OP&F			Total
Year ending December 31:						
2018	\$	1,366,431	\$	279,822	\$	1,646,253
2019		1,426,930		279,823		1,706,753
2020		628,512		201,445		829,957
2021		(52,792)		(107,334)		(160, 126)
2022		-		(27,633)		(27,633)
Thereafter	_		_	(2,174)	_	(2,174)
Total	\$	3,369,081	\$	623,949	\$	3,993,030

## **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Wage inflation
Future salary increases, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA
Investment rate of return
Actuarial cost method

3.25 percent
3.25 percent to 10.75 percent
3 percent, simple
7.5 percent
Individual entry age

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table. For males, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015. For females, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvements back to the observation period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2010. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 for males and 2010 for females. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2016, OPERS managed investments in four investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the 401(h) Health Care Trust portfolio, the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The 401(h) Health Care Trust portfolio was closed as of June 30, 2016 and the net position transferred to the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio on July 1, 2016. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. The Defined Benefit portfolio historically included the assets of the Member-Directed retiree medical accounts funded through the VEBA Trust. However, the VEBA Trust was closed as of June 30, 2016 and the net position transferred to the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio on July 1, 2016. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 8.3% for 2016.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2016 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Weighted average long-term expected
	Target	real rate of return
Asset class	allocation	(arithmetic)
Fixed income	23.00%	2.75%
Domestic equities	20.70%	6.34%
Real estate	10.00%	4.75%
Private equity	10.00%	8.97%
International equities	18.30%	7.95%
Other investments	<u>18.00%</u>	<u>4.92%</u>
Total	100.00%	<u>5.66%</u>

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	discount rate	1% Increase
	<u>(6.50%)</u>	<u>(7.50%)</u>	(8.50%)
City's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$ 18,475,572	\$12,093,532	\$ 6,775,228

#### Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2016 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2016, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2016, are presented below:

Valuation date	January 1, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8.25 percent
Projected salary increases	4.25 percent to 11 percent
Payroll increases	3.75 percent
Inflation assumptions	3.25 percent
Cost of living adjustments	2.60 percent and 3.00 percent

Rates of death are based on the RP2000 Combined Table, age-adjusted as follows. For active members, set back six years. For disability retirements, set forward five years for police and three years for firefighters. For service retirements, set back zero years for police and two years for firefighters. For beneficiaries, set back zero years. The rates are applied on a fully generational basis, with a base year of 2009, using mortality improvement Scale AA.

The most recent experience study was completed January 1, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2016 are summarized below:

Asset	Target	Long-term expected
<u>class</u>	Allocation	real rate of return**
Cash and cash equivalents	0.00%	0.00%
Domestic equity	16.00%	5.21%
Non-US equity	16.00%	5.40%
Core fixed income *	20.00%	2.37%
Global inflation protected securities?	20.00%	2.33%
High yield	15.00%	4.48%
Real estate	12.00%	5.65%
Private markets	8.00%	7.99%
Real Assets	5.00%	6.87%
Master limited partnerships	8.00%	7.36%
Total	120.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Levered 2x.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

<sup>\*\*</sup>numbers are net of expected inflation

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.25 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.25 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.25 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	discount rate	1% Increase
	<u>(7.25%)</u>	(8.25%)	<u>(9.25%)</u>
City's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$ 11,845,661	\$ 8,893,926	\$ 6,392,299

# Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date

In October 2017, the OP&F Board adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of January 1, 2017. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 8.25 percent to 8.0 percent. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the City's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

### **NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

### Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage, commonly referred to as OPEB (other postemployment benefits). The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional plan (TP) – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan (MD) – a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan (CO) – a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for Member-Directed Plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or refund, Member-Directed Plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2016 CAFR for details.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml#CAFR, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority requiring employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care. Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2017, the City contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14.0 percent of covered payroll for state and local employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB plan.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2017. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2018 decreased to 0.0% for both plans. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited to the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2017 was 4.0%.

Actual employer contributions which were used to fund postemployment benefits for the years ended December 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$72,745, \$153,287 and \$140,244 respectively; 91.05% has been contributed for 2017 and 100% for 2016 and 2015. \$6,509 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2017 is recorded as an intergovernmental payable. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same.

#### Ohio Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund

The City of Vandalia contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access postretirement health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at <a href="https://www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a>.

The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.5% and 24% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to healthcare was 0.5% of covered payroll from January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's total contributions to OP&F for police and fire healthcare for the years ending December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$16,147, \$17,382 and \$15,446 respectively, 90.97 percent has been contributed, for 2017 with the remainder being reported as a liability. \$1,454 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2017 is recorded as an intergovernmental payable.

#### **NOTE 14 - JOINT VENTURES**

# **Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority**

Prior to June of 1996, the Miami Conservancy District provided the Cities of Vandalia, Tipp City and Huber Heights with wastewater treatment services. The Miami Conservancy District expressed the intent to no longer provide these services to the cities and gave them the option to acquire and operate the facility themselves. In order to do so, the three cities established the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority. In June of 1996, the Miami Conservancy District deeded the wastewater facility and all of the assets associated with the facility to the joint venture at no cost to the joint venture.

The Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority (Tri-Cities) is a joint venture among the cities of Vandalia, Huber Heights and Tipp City. Tri-Cities is governed by a management board consisting of the city managers of the three cities. The board has complete authority over all aspects of the operation. Tri-Cities supplies all participating residents of the member cities with sewer services. Each city owns the sewage lines located in its city and bills its residents for usage. Continued existence of Tri-Cities is dependent on the City's continued participation and the City does have an equity interest. The percentage of equity interest for each City is based on annual usage and is adjusted each year accordingly. The City's equity interest is \$8,099,794 which represents 26.94% of the total equity in Tri-Cities. Tri-Cities is not accumulating significant financial resources or experiencing fiscal stress which would cause additional financial benefit to or burden on the City. The City of Vandalia paid \$875,139 for services provided in 2017. Tri-Cities had four OWDA Loans outstanding at December 31, 2017, in the amounts of \$431,577, \$1,482,736, \$4,949,390 and \$747,472 for a total of \$7,611,175. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority, c/o City of Vandalia, 333 J.E. Bohanan Drive, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

# Northern Area Water Authority

The City of Dayton has provided water services to the City of Vandalia since 1971. In recent years, the City of Vandalia has felt it necessary to have an alternate source of water supply and to have more control over the rate structure of water services. Also in recent years, the City of Tipp City has learned that they must build a new water treatment plant to meet Environmental Protection Agency requirements.

Seeing a common issue between the two cities, the City of Vandalia and the City of Tipp City, in March of 2002, created a joint venture to plan, finance, construct, own and operate a joint water utility system. The purpose of the water utility system will be to provide safe, high quality, reliable, reasonably priced and environmentally sound water production, treatment and distribution services to the citizens, taxpayers and consumers in the cities of Vandalia and Tipp City.

The Northern Area Water Authority (NAWA) is a joint venture among the cities of Vandalia and Tipp City. NAWA is governed by a management board consisting of the city managers of the two cities. The board has complete authority over all aspects of the operation. NAWA supply the participating residents of the member cities with water services. Each city will own the water lines located in its city and bill its residents for usage. Continued existence of NAWA is dependent on the City's continued participation and the City will have an equity interest in NAWA. During 2017, the City's equity interest is \$1,149,295 which represents 50% of the total equity of NAWA as of December 31, 2017.

On August 29, 2002, NAWA was approved for an OWDA loan totaling \$2.5 million. During 2005, this loan was paid off and rolled into the water treatment plant construction loan. As of December 31, 2017, NAWA has two outstanding loans with OWDA in the amount of \$18,880,770 and \$512,030 for the water treatment plant construction. The City of Vandalia paid \$1,429,063 for services provided in 2017. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Northern Area Water Authority, c/o City of Vandalia, 333 J.E. Bohanan Drive, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

# **NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION**

The Economic Development/Government Equity Program (ED/GE) was established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 307 for the purpose of developing and promoting plans and programs designed to assure that County resources are efficiently used, economic growth is properly balanced, and that county economic development is coordinated with that of the State of Ohio and other local governments. Members include villages, townships, and cities within Montgomery County, and Montgomery County itself. Cooperation and coordination between the members is intended to promote economic health and improve the economic opportunities of the people in Montgomery County by assisting in the establishment or expansion within the County of industrial, commercial or research facilities and by creating and preserving job and employment opportunities for the people of the County.

The ED/GE Advisory Committee, made up of alternating member entities' representatives, decides which proposed projects will be granted each year. Sales tax revenues, set aside by Montgomery County, are used to fund the projects. Members annually contribute to or receive benefits based on an elaborate zero-based formula designed to distribute growth in contributing communities to those communities experiencing less economic growth. The City has agreed to be a member for ten years, ending December 31, 2019. Members in default of paying contributions will be liable for the contribution, any interest accrued, and penalties. The member will not be entitled to any allocations from ED/GE. The City has did not make any contributions to ED/GE during 2017. Financial information may be obtained by writing to Linda Gum, Administrative Assistant, 451 West Third Street, Dayton, Ohio, 45402.

### **NOTE 16 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

# **Litigation**

The City management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the City.

#### Federal and State Grants

The City participates in several federally assisted programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor or their representative. As of December 31, 2017, the audits of these programs have not been completed. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

#### NOTE 17 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers and Due to/from other funds for the year ended December 31, 2017, consisted of the following:

	Transfer fro	<u>m</u>		e, Fire and		Other	
<b>T</b>	G 1			et Capital	Go	vernmental	<b></b>
<u>Transfer to</u>	<u>General</u>		<u>Improvements</u>		<u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
Governmental activities:							
General fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	656,284	\$ 656,284
Capital improvement fund	865,6	12		-		-	865,612
General obligation bond retirement fund	456,3	88		-		-	456,388
Other governmental funds	684,1	14		56,377		<u>-</u>	740,491
	2,006,1	14		56,377		656,284	2,718,775
Business-Type activities:							
Golf fund	360,0	00					360,000
Total	\$ 2,366,1	14	\$	56,377	\$	656,284	\$3,078,775

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

### **NOTE 18 – OPERATING LEASE**

On October 15, 2015, the City entered into an operating lease to lease computers and software. The lease agreement began on January 11, 2016 and is in effect until December 11, 2018 with an option to purchase the equipment anytime during the life of the lease. Total payments for the use of this equipment are \$136,085, payable in monthly installments on the eleventh day of each month.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2017:

	Lease		
<u>Year</u>	<b>Payments</b>		
2018	\$	45,365	
Total minimum lease payments		45,365	
Less: amount representing interest		(822)	
Total	\$	44,543	

# **NOTE 19 – ACCOUNTABILITY**

At December 31, 2017, the following funds had a deficit fund balance:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ \hline Fund & & & & \\ \hline General obligation bond retirement fund & $3,619,658 \\ \end{array}$ 

It is unusual for the general obligation bond retirement debt service fund a major fund to report a deficit. The reason for the deficit in this case is that the City issued a refunding bond anticipation note (BAN), which does not qualify for treatment as a long-term liability. Accordingly, the BAN is reported as a fund liability in the general obligation bond retirement fund balance sheet (rather than an inflow on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances). The deficit may continue into future years until they are either refinanced with a long-term obligation or fully repaid.

The fund balance deficits are largely the result of the recognition of liabilities in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The general fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

#### NOTE 20 – COMMITMENTS

At December 31, 2017, the City has a construction commitment for an infrastructure project. This commitment is in the water fund for \$179,624.

The police, fire and street capital improvements fund also has a commitment in the amount of \$182,306 for communications equipment.

### **NOTE 21 – TAX ABATEMENTS**

#### Real estate tax abatements

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 5709, the City has established five Community Reinvestment Areas (CRAs). The City of Vandalia authorizes incentives through passage of public ordinances, based upon each businesses investment criteria, and through a contractual application process with each business, including proof that the improvements have been made. The abatement equals an agreed upon percentage of the additional property tax resulting from the increase in assessed value as a result of the improvements. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the recipient's property tax bill. The establishment of the CRAs gave the City the ability to maintain and expand businesses located in the City and created new jobs by abating or reducing assessed valuation of properties, resulting in abated taxes, from new or improved business real estate.

#### **Income tax abatements**

The City created on incentive program for the purpose of creating and preserving jobs and employment opportunities and improves the economic welfare of the City. Pursuant to the City's home rule powers as a charter community in accordance with Article XVIII, Section 3 & 8 of the Ohio Constitution, the City provides an incentive to the company based upon the company's gross annual payroll, the amount of income tax generated annually and the number of jobs created or retained by the business. The abatement is administered as an incentive payment based upon the company's payroll taxes. The cap and time period of each incentive varies for each agreement.

Under the real estate tax abatement agreements, the City property taxes were reduced by \$50,161 during 2017 and the City made incentive payments in the amount of \$294,451 for the income tax abatement programs.

**Required Supplementary Information** 

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Four Years (1)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) - Traditional Plan					
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.053256%	0.056614%	0.056832%	0.056832%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 12,093,532	\$ 9,806,258	\$ 6,854,574	\$ 6,699,752	
City's covered employee payroll	\$ 7,434,433	\$ 6,801,825	\$ 7,034,450	\$ 7,245,408	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	162.67%	144.17%	97.44%	92.47%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%	
	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund					
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.140418%	0.142926%	0.146112%	0.146112%	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,893,926	\$ 9,194,517	\$ 7,569,221	\$ 7,116,122	
City's covered employee payroll	\$ 3,476,364	\$ 3,089,263	\$ 3,017,685	\$ 2,383,101	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	255.84%	297.63%	250.83%	298.61%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	68.36%	66.77%	71.71%	73.00% (2)	

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2014 is not available and the amounts presented are as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year end.

<sup>(2)</sup> Restated during 2015.

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Contributions Last Five Years (1)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) - Traditional Plan					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 917,309	\$ 892,132	\$ 816,219	\$ 844,134	\$ 941,903
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	(917,309)	(892,132)	(816,219)	(844,134)	(941,903)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City covered employee payroll	\$ 7,056,223	\$ 7,434,433	\$ 6,801,825	\$ 7,034,450	\$ 7,245,408
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund - Police	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
	¢ 500.270	ф. 540.214	ф. 402.572	Ф 471.202	¢ 211.772
Contractually required contribution	\$ 508,278	\$ 540,214	\$ 492,573	\$ 471,293	\$ 311,773
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	(508,278)	(540,214)	(492,573)	(471,293)	(311,773)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City covered employee payroll	\$ 2,675,147	\$ 2,843,232	\$ 2,592,489	\$ 2,480,489	\$ 1,982,028
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	19.00%	15.73%
Ol's Dal's scale of Decision Established	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund - Fire					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 130,245	\$ 148,786	\$ 116,742	\$ 126,241	\$ 81,137
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	(130,245)	(148,786)	(116,742)	(126,241)	(81,137)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City covered employee payroll	\$ 554,234	\$ 633,132	\$ 496,774	\$ 537,196	\$ 401,073
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	23.50%	20.23%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2013 is not available.

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### Ohio Public Employees Retirement System - Traditional Plan

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported.

Changes in assumptions: There was a change in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017. See the notes to the basic financials for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

#### **Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund**

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions. See the notes to the basic financials for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

**Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds** 

#### Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules

#### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes. A description of the City's special revenue funds follows:

#### Street

To account for gasoline tax, motor vehicle license fees and various other miscellaneous charges remitted to the City restricted for routine maintenance of City streets.

#### State Highway

To account for gasoline tax and motor vehicle license fees restricted for routine maintenance of state highways within the City.

### Permissive Motor Vehicle Tax

To account for additional motor vehicle license tax levied by Montgomery County restricted for routine street maintenance and repairs.

#### Law Enforcement

To account for monies related to property or goods obtained by seizure or forfeiture and restricted, by State statue, for expenditures that would enhance the police department.

#### Drug Law Enforcement

To account for fines and costs collected for felonious drug trafficking convictions. This money is restricted for drug law enforcement activity.

#### **OMVI** Education and Enforcement

To account for fines imposed by the Municipal Court restricted for the purpose of enforcing and educating the public about law governing operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

#### **OMVI** Indigent

To account for fines imposed by the Municipal Court restricted for the purpose of paying costs of attendance of indigent OMVI offenders at alcohol and drug addiction treatment programs.

#### Computer Legal Research

To account for fines imposed by the Municipal Court restricted for the purpose of computerization of the court including training, maintenance and support.

# Indigent Drivers Interlock and Alcohol Monitoring (IAM)

To account for monies and restricted for expenditures related to funding interlock and secure remote electronic alcohol monitoring devices for indigent drivers.

# Combining Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued)

# NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

# Police Continuous Professional Training

To account for monies received from the Ohio Attorney General for the reimbursement of police continuing professional training hours.

# Stormwater

To account for the collection of stormwater fees committed for stormwater maintenance and repairs.

# **Magistrate**

To account for fines imposed by the Municipal Court restricted for the purpose of reimbursement of magistrate fees.

#### NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds.

### Tax Increment Financing (TIF)

To account for payments in lieu of taxes restricted for the commercial tax increment financing district. The monies will be used for future capital projects that will benefit the district.

### Dixie Drive Phase 3 Widening Project

To account for the receipt and dispersal of all resources restricted for the Dixie Drive Phase 3 widening project.

# Stonequarry Crossings Tax Increment Financing (TIF)

To account for payments in lieu of taxes restricted for the commercial tax increment financing district in the Stonequarry Crossings development. . The monies will be used for the future capital projects and debt payments that will benefit the district.

# Community Development Block Grant

To account for the receipt and dispersal of all restricted federal grant monies under the Community Development Block Grant.

#### Fire Equipment

To account for the receipt and dispersal of all resources restricted for a new fire truck.

#### OPWC

To account for the receipt and dispersal of all restricted grant monies under the Ohio Public Works Commission.

#### Capital Improvement Reserve

To account for the receipt and dispersal of all resources committed for future capital expenses.

### Facilities Improvement & Maintenance Reserve

To account for the receipt and dispersal of all resources committed for future capital expenses related to the building of new facilities or repairs and improvements to existing facilities.



# City of Vandalia, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

Assets:		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	2,213,787	\$	1,576,436	\$	3,790,223	
Receivables:	Ψ	2,213,707	Ψ	1,570,150	Ψ	3,770,223	
Accounts		29,519		-		29,519	
Revenue in lieu of taxes		_		108,678		108,678	
Due from other governments		520,088		-		520,088	
Materials and supplies inventory		93,705				93,705	
Total assets	\$	2,857,099	\$	1,685,114	\$	4,542,213	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	7,802	\$	-	\$	7,802	
Accrued wages and benefits		9,001		-		9,001	
Matured compensated absences payable		1,682		-		1,682	
Due to other governments		8,217				8,217	
Total liabilities		26,702				26,702	
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Payments in lieu of taxes		-	108,678			108,678	
Unavailable revenue - other		477,346				477,346	
Total deferred inflows of resources		477,346	108,678		586,0		
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable		93,705		-		93,705	
Restricted		1,690,960		326,436		2,017,396	
Committed		568,386		1,250,000		1,818,386	
Total fund balances		2,353,051		1,576,436		3,929,487	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$	\$ 2,857,099		1,685,114	\$	4,542,213	

# City of Vandalia, Ohio

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	 Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues:		•••			***	
Charges for services	\$	288,679	\$ -	\$	288,679	
Fines and forfeitures		331,192	-		331,192	
Intergovernmental		896,060	64,508		960,568	
Interest		8,655	-		8,655	
Payments in lieu of taxes		-	99,979		99,979	
Other		69,413	 		69,413	
Total revenue		1,593,999	 164,487	1,758,486		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government						
Legislative and executive		102,668	31,106		133,774	
Judicial system		131,829	-		131,829	
Public safety						
Police		64,717	-		64,717	
Public works						
Engineer		197,526	-		197,526	
Streets		819,087	130,591		949,678	
Capital outlay		153,456	312,625		466,081	
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		60,274	163,051		223,325	
Interest and fiscal charges		2,667	 39,674		42,341	
Total expenditures		1,532,224	677,047	2,209,271		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		61,775	 (512,560)		(450,785)	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Issuance of loans		-	75,391		75,391	
Issuance of OPWC loans		-	35,508		35,508	
Transfers - in		-	740,491		740,491	
Transfers - out			 (656,284)		(656,284)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			 195,106		195,106	
Net change in fund balance		61,775	(317,454)		(255,679)	
Fund balances at beginning of year		2,291,276	 1,893,890		4,185,166	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	2,353,051	\$ 1,576,436	\$	3,929,487	
	-					

# City of Vandalia, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2017

		Street Fund	H	State Iighway Fund	Vel	rmissive Motor hicle Tax Fund	Law Enforcement Fund		Drug Law Enforcement Fund		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	986,390	\$	56,739	\$	65,253	\$	25,737	\$	1.010	
Receivables:	Ф	980,390	Þ	30,739	Ф	03,233	Ф	23,737	Þ	1,918	
Accounts		186		_		_		_		_	
Due from other governments		457,029		37,046		21,602		-		_	
Materials and supplies inventory	93,705			<u> </u>		<u> </u>					
Total assets	\$	1,537,310	\$	93,785	\$	86,855	\$	25,737	\$	1,918	
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	6,987	\$	113	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Accrued wages and benefits		6,243		-		-		-		-	
Matured compensated absences payable		1,084		-		-		-		-	
Due to other governments		4,958									
Total liabilities		19,272		113							
Deferred inflows of resources:											
Unavailable revenue - other		394,074		31,937		18,211					
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable		93,705		-		-		-		-	
Restricted		1,030,259		61,735		68,644		25,737		1,918	
Committed											
Total fund balances		1,123,964		61,735		68,644		25,737		1,918	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of											
resources and fund balances	\$	1,537,310	\$	93,785	\$	86,855	\$	25,737	\$	1,918	

OMVI Education and Enforcement Fund		OMVI Indigent Fund		Computer Legal Research Fund		Indigent Drivers IAM Fund		Police Continuous Professional Training Fund		Stormwater Fund		Magistrate Fund		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$	7,688	\$	163,792	\$	156,911	\$	139,173	\$	20,940	\$	571,640	\$	17,606	\$	2,213,787
	- - -		3,791		- 14 -		527 -		- - -		29,333 38		- 41 -		29,519 520,088 93,705
\$	7,688	\$	167,583	\$	156,925	\$	139,700	\$	20,940	\$	601,011	\$	17,647	\$	2,857,099
\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	176 611 165	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	526 1,126 433	\$	1,021	\$	7,802 9,001 1,682
					635						1,207		1,417		8,217
			3,791		1,587						3,292 29,333		2,438		26,702 477,346
	- 7,688 -		- 163,792 -		155,338		139,700		20,940		568,386		15,209		93,705 1,690,960 568,386
	7,688		163,792		155,338		139,700		20,940		568,386		15,209		2,353,051
\$	7,688	\$	167,583	\$	156,925	\$	139,700	\$	20,940	\$	601,011	\$	17,647	\$	2,857,099

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Street Fund	State Highway Fund	Permissive Motor Vehicle Tax Fund	Law Enforcement Fund	Drug Law Enforcement Fund	
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Fines and forfeitures			-	7,797	174	
Intergovernmental	778,622		42,088	-	-	
Interest	7,839		443	-	-	
Other	66,665	<u> </u>				
Total revenue	853,126	63,473	42,531	7,797	174	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government						
Legislative and executive			-	-	451	
Judicial system			-	-	-	
Public safety						
Police			-	-	-	
Public works						
Engineer			-	-	-	
Streets	746,889	70,492	1,706	-	-	
Capital outlay	95,201	-	15,000	-	-	
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	46,880	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	2,074	<u> </u>				
Total expenditures	891,044	70,492	16,706		451	
Net change in fund balance	(37,918	(7,019)	25,825	7,797	(277)	

1,161,882

\$ 1,123,964

Fund balances at beginning of year

Fund balances at end of year

68,754

61,735

\$

42,819

68,644

\$

\$

17,940

25,737

\$

2,195

1,918

OMVI Education and Enforcement Fund	OMVI Indigent Fund	Computer Indigent Continuous OMVI Legal Drivers Professional Indigent Research IAM Training Stormwater Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund		OMVI Legal Drivers Indigent Research IAM Fund Fund Fund		Professional Training Stormwater Magistrate			Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 288,679	\$ -	\$ 288,679		
625	34,566	140,749	22,786	12,000	250	124,495	331,192 896,060		
-	-	-	_	-	-	<u>-</u>	8,655		
		626			1,263	859	69,413		
625	34,566	141,375	22,786	12,000	290,192	125,354	1,593,999		
- -	- -	102,217	-	- -	- -	131,829	102,668 131,829		
-	44,309	-	20,408	-	-	-	64,717		
-	-	-	-	-	197,526	-	197,526		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	819,087		
-	-	28,820	-	-	14,435	-	153,456		
-	-	-	-	-	13,394	-	60,274		
					593		2,667		
	44,309	131,037	20,408		225,948	131,829	1,532,224		
625	(9,743)	10,338	2,378	12,000	64,244	(6,475)	61,775		
7,063	173,535	145,000	137,322	8,940	504,142	21,684	2,291,276		
\$ 7,688	\$ 163,792	\$ 155,338	\$ 139,700	\$ 20,940	\$ 568,386	\$ 15,209	\$ 2,353,051		

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2017

	 TIF Fund	F	xie Drive Phase 3 ning Project Fund	onequarry rossings TIF Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund		Fire Equipment Fund	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 191,583	\$	134,475	\$ 20	\$	-	\$	358
Revenue in lieu of taxes	 51,061			 57,617				
Total assets	\$ 242,644	\$	134,475	\$ 57,637	\$		\$	358
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 51,061	\$	-	\$ 57,617	\$		\$	
Fund balances:								
Restricted	191,583		134,475	20		-		358
Committed	 -			 		-		
Total fund balances	 191,583		134,475	 20				358
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$ 242,644	\$	134,475	\$ 57,637	\$		\$	358

			Total			
	Capital	Facilities	Nonmajor			
	Improvement	Improvement &	Capital			
OPWC	Reserve	Maintenance	Projects			
Fund	Fund	Reserve Fund	Funds			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 1,576,436			
			108,678			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 1,685,114			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 108,678			
-	-	-	326,436			
		1,250,000	1,250,000			
		1,250,000	1,576,436			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 1,685,114			

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

			Dixie Drive Phase 3 Widening Project Fund		Stonequarry Crossings TIF Fund		Community Development Block Grant Fund		Fire Equipment Fund	
Revenues:	Φ.		ф		Φ.		Φ.	<b>5</b> 0.000	Φ.	
Intergovernmental	\$	- 00.724	\$	-	\$	17.040	\$	50,000	\$	-
Payments in lieu of taxes		82,736				17,243				
Total revenue		82,736				17,243		50,000		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government										
Legislative and executive		25,706		-		5,400		-		-
Public works										
Streets		-		75,391		-		50,000		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		248,756
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		-		141,551		21,500		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges				33,974						5,700
Total expenditures		25,706		250,916		26,900		50,000		254,456
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures		57,030		(250,916)		(9,657)				(254,456)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Issuance of loans		-		75,391		-		-		-
Issuance of OPWC loans		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers - in		-		-		-		-		490,491
Transfers - out								-		
Total other financing sources (uses)				75,391						490,491
Net change in fund balance		57,030		(175,525)		(9,657)		-		236,035
Fund balances at										
beginning of year		134,553		310,000		9,677				(235,677)
Fund balances at end of year	\$	191,583	\$	134,475	\$	20	\$		\$	358

OPWC Fund	Capital Improvement Reserve Fund	Facilities Improvement & Maintenance Reserve Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		
\$ 14,508	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 64,508 99,979		
14,508			164,487		
-	-	-	31,106		
5,200	-	-	130,591		
63,869	-	-	312,625		
-	-	-	163,051		
			39,674		
69,069			677,047		
(54,561)	<del>-</del> _		(512,560)		
-	-	-	75,391		
35,508	-	-	35,508		
-	-	250,000	740,491		
	(656,284)		(656,284)		
35,508	(656,284)	250,000	195,106		
(19,053)	(656,284)	250,000	(317,454)		
19,053	656,284	1,000,000	1,893,890		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 1,576,436		

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenue, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance/Fund Equity – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Major and Nonmajor

#### MAJOR GENERAL FUND

The general fund is the operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City and the general laws of Ohio.

#### Funds being reported as part of the general fund

The following fund is legally budgeted as a separate special revenue fund but is being reported as part of the general fund for GAAP reporting purposes.

#### Employee Retirement Benefits Reserve

To account for the receipt and dispersal of all resources collected in anticipation of future expenses related to the accumulated benefit payments owed to employees upon their retirement from city service.

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

## In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund

#### Gelleral Fullu

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Municipal income tax	\$ 15,750,000	\$ 15,750,000	\$ 14,471,223	\$ (1,278,777)		
Property and other taxes	1,238,938	1,238,938	1,281,153	42,215		
Charges for services	3,379,810	3,379,810	3,349,397	(30,413)		
Licenses and permits	409,000	409,000	367,314	(41,686)		
Fines and forfeitures	1,155,500	1,155,500	1,283,425	127,925		
Intergovernmental	909,922	1,059,922	1,067,530	7,608		
Interest	150,000	150,000	201,158	51,158		
Other	55,750	55,750	294,496	238,746		
Total revenues	23,048,920	23,198,920	22,315,696	(883,224)		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government						
Legislative and executive						
Personal services	1,866,687	1,862,073	1,680,607	181,466		
Operations and maintenance	2,498,142	2,900,956	2,573,085	327,871		
Total legislative and executive	4,364,829	4,763,029	4,253,692	509,337		
Judicial system						
Personal services	1,691,969	1,691,969	1,587,622	104,347		
Operations and maintenance	207,729	207,730	163,753	43,977		
Total judicial system	1,899,698	1,899,699	1,751,375	148,324		
Total general government	6,264,527	6,662,728	6,005,067	657,661		
Public safety						
Police						
Personal services	4,646,183	4,645,433	4,354,746	290,687		
Operations and maintenance	411,778	412,528	367,490	45,038		
Total police	5,057,961	5,057,961	4,722,236	335,725		
Fire						
Personal services	2,086,808	2,086,808	1,853,350	233,458		
Operations and maintenance	333,206	349,556	343,047	6,509		
Total fire	2,420,014	2,436,364	2,196,397	239,967		
Total public safety	7,477,975	7,494,325	6,918,633	575,692		
Public works						
Engineer						
Personal services	777,557	777,557	722,804	54,753		
Operations and maintenance	244,769	244,769	213,093	31,676		
Total engineer	1,022,326	1,022,326	935,897	86,429		
				(Continued)		

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

#### In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

#### General Fund

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (Continued)

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Street lighting				
Operations and maintenance Street maintenance	171,500	180,000	169,060	10,940
Personal services	360,209	360,209	316,768	43,441
Operations and maintenance	12,630	12,630	10,102	2,528
Total streets	544,339	552,839	495,930	56,909
Refuse				
Operations and maintenance	985,648	1,067,647	1,059,562	8,085
Total public works	2,552,313	2,642,812	2,491,389	151,423
Recreation Parks				
Personal services	2,692,250	2,692,250	2,508,383	183,867
Operations and maintenance	1,028,076	1,101,626	1,038,362	63,264
Total recreation	3,720,326	3,793,876	3,546,745	247,131
Total expenditures	20,015,141	20,593,741	18,961,834	1,631,907
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,033,779	2,605,179	3,353,862	748,683
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)
Advances - in	-	-	627,314	627,314
Advances - out	-	-	(50,000)	(50,000)
Transfers - in	656,284	656,284	656,284	162.054
Transfers - out	(4,377,000)	(4,387,200)	(4,223,946)	163,254
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,719,716)	(3,729,916)	(2,990,348)	739,568
Net change in fund balance	(685,937)	(1,124,737)	363,514	1,488,251
Fund balance at beginning of year	12,864,727	12,864,727	12,864,727	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	510,572	510,572	510,572	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 12,689,362	\$ 12,250,562	\$ 13,738,813	\$ 1,488,251

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Employee Retirement Benefits Reserve Fund (1) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with	
Davanues	0	riginal		Final	Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Judicial system								
Personal services		56,000		56,000		44,486		11,514
Public safety								
Police								
Personal services		89,000		89,000		88,004		996
Public works								
Streets								
Street maintenance								
Personal services	-	7,250		7,250		7,258		(8)
Recreation								
Parks								
Personal services		16,500		16,500				16,500
Total expenditures		168,750		168,750		139,748		29,002
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(168,750)		(168,750)		(139,748)		29,002
Other financing sources:								
Transfers - in		100,000		100,000		100,000		
Net change in fund balance		(68,750)		(68,750)		(39,748)		29,002
Fund balance at beginning of year		295,794		295,794		295,794		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	227,044	\$	227,044	\$	256,046	\$	29,002

<sup>(1)</sup> This fund is combined with the general fund in the GAAP statements.

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Capital Improvement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	¢.	ф <b>50.005</b>	e 66.007	Ф 0.000
Intergovernmental Special assessments	\$ - 10.000	\$ 58,095 10,000	\$ 66,987 28,095	\$ 8,892
Other	23,000	23,000	28,093 995	18,095 (22,005)
Total revenues	33,000	91,095	96,077	4,982
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	1,251,585	1,369,880	1,270,115	99,765
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	33,508	33,508	33,486	22
Interest and fiscal charges	1,471	1,471	1,481	(10)
Total expenditures	1,286,564	1,404,859	1,305,082	99,777
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(1,253,564)	(1,313,764)	(1,209,005)	104,759
Other financing sources:				
Sale of capital assets	-	405,000	578,863	173,863
Transfers - in	820,000	303,200	300,000	(3,200)
Total other financing sources	820,000	708,200	878,863	170,663
Net change in fund balance	(433,564)	(605,564)	(330,142)	275,422
Fund balance at beginning of year	282,993	282,993	282,993	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	401,681	401,681	401,681	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 251,110	\$ 79,110	\$ 354,532	\$ 275,422

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Police, Fire and Street Capital Improvements Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts							iance with al Budget
	(	Original		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Other	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	\$	1,699	\$	(65,000) 1,699
Total revenues	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	\$	1,699	\$	(63,301)
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Police								
Personal services Capital outlay		219,273 1,079,374		219,273 1,079,374		210,747 1,037,438		8,526 41,936
Total police		1,298,647		1,298,647		1,248,185	-	50,462
Fire Capital outlay		390,354		390,354		387,653		2,701
Total public safety		1,689,001		1,689,001		1,635,838		53,163
Public works Streets Capital outlay Debt service:		548,000		780,000		539,591		240,409
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		330,000 104,392		338,500 104,392		336,500 104,392		2,000
Total expenditures		2,671,393		2,911,893		2,616,321		295,572
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(2,606,393)		(2,846,893)		(2,614,622)		232,271
Other financing sources: Transfers - in		1,920,000		1,760,000		1,757,832		(2,168)
Net change in fund balance		(686,393)		(1,086,893)		(856,790)		230,103
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,124,297		1,124,297		1,124,297		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		348,978		348,978		348,978		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	786,882	\$	386,382	\$	616,485	\$	230,103

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with		
	Original			Final		Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:									
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$		
Expenditures:									
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	$\epsilon$	5,565,000		6,565,000		6,547,000		18,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		111,800		111,800		111,799		1	
Bond issuance costs		50,000		50,000		27,902		22,098	
Total expenditures	6	5,726,800		6,726,800		6,686,701		40,099	
Excess of revenues under expenditures		5,726,800)		(6,726,800)		(6,686,701)		40,099	
Other financing sources:									
Bond anticipation notes issued	5	5,748,000		5,221,000		5,205,000		(16,000)	
Premium on notes issued		50,000		50,000		40,228		(9,772)	
Transfers - in		927,000		1,454,000		1,454,000		-	
Total other financing sources	6	5,725,000		6,725,000		6,699,228		(25,772)	
Net change in fund balance		(1,800)		(1,800)		12,527		14,327	
Fund balance at beginning of year		82,535		82,535		82,535			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	80,735	\$	80,735	\$	95,062	\$	14,327	

## City of Vandalia, Ohio

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

## In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Street Fund

	Budgeted Amounts							iance with
	(	Original		Final		Actual	]	al Budget Positive Vegative)
Revenues:	¢.	000 750	d.	000 750	¢ 774.292		Ф	(216.467)
Intergovernmental Interest	\$	990,750	\$	990,750	\$	774,283 7,839	\$	(216,467) 7,839
Other		21,000		21,000		66,665		*
							-	45,665
Total revenues		1,011,750		1,011,750		848,787		(162,963)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public works								
Streets								
Street maintenance								
Personal services		586,654		586,654		471,914		114,740
Operations and maintenance		219,636		232,023		217,464		14,559
Capital outlay		209,460		208,573		202,190		6,383
Total streets		1,015,750		1,027,250		891,568		135,682
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		46,912		46,912		46,880		32
Interest and fiscal charges		2,058		2,058		2,074		(16)
Total expenditures		1,064,720		1,076,220		940,522		135,698
Net change in fund balance		(52,970)		(64,470)		(91,735)		(27,265)
Fund balance at beginning of year		993,292		993,292		993,292		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		41,796		41,796		41,796		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	982,118	\$	970,618	\$	943,353	\$	(27,265)

### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

# In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual State Highway Fund

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts				ance with
	(	Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					_		_	
Intergovernmental Interest	\$	80,500	\$	80,500	\$	62,749 373	\$	(17,751)
Total revenues		80,500		80,500		63,122		(17,378)
Expenditures: Current: Public works Streets Street maintenance Operations and maintenance		137,953		137,953		112,322		25,631
Net change in fund balance		(57,453)		(57,453)		(49,200)		8,253
Fund balance at beginning of year		62,716		62,716		62,716		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		30,753		30,753		30,753		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	36,016	\$	36,016	\$	44,269	\$	8,253

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Permissive Motor Vehicle Tax Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Variance with Final Budget					
	C	Priginal	Final Actual			ositive egative)		
Revenues:	Ф	47.000	Ф	47.000	¢.	41.006	ф	(5.004)
Intergovernmental Interest	\$	47,000	\$	47,000	\$	41,906 443	\$	(5,094) 443
Total revenues		47,000		47,000		42,349		(4,651)
Expenditures: Current: Streets Street maintenance								
Operations and maintenance		15,595		16,056		12,807		3,249
Capital outlay		35,005		34,544		15,005		19,539
Total expenditures		50,600		50,600		27,812		22,788
Net change in fund balance		(3,600)		(3,600)		14,537		18,137
Fund balance at beginning of year		39,610		39,610		39,610		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,600		3,600		3,600		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	39,610	\$	39,610	\$	57,747	\$	18,137

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Law Enforcement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts							ance with l Budget
_	Original Final			Actual	Positive (Negative)			
Revenues: Fines and forfeitures	\$	500	\$	500	\$	7,797	\$	7,297
Expenditures: Current: General government Legislative and executive Operations and maintenance		9,569		9,569		9,069		500
Net change in fund balance		(9,069)		(9,069)		(1,272)		7,797
Fund balance at beginning of year		8,871		8,871		8,871		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		9,069		9,069		9,069		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	8,871	\$	8,871	\$	16,668	\$	7,797

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Drug Law Enforcement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amount	ts			nce with	
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	100	\$	100	\$ 189	\$	89	
Expenditures: Current: General government Legislative and executive Operations and maintenance		1,000		1,000	 452_		548	
Net change in fund balance		(900)		(900)	(263)		637	
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,171		2,171	 2,171			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,271	\$	1,271	\$ 1,908	\$	637	

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual OMVI Education and Enforcement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amount	S.S.			Final	nce with Budget sitive	
	0	riginal		Final	A	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:								<u> </u>	
Fines and forfeitures	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	685	\$	(315)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public safety									
Police									
Operations and maintenance		1,000		1,000				1,000	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		685		685	
Fund balance at beginning of year		6,988		6,988		6,988			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,988	\$	6,988	\$	7,673	\$	685	

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

# In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual OMVI Indigent Fund

		Budgeted	Amou			Variance with		
	(	Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	34,889	\$	14,889
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Police Operations and maintenance		70,000		70,000		45,731		24,269
Net change in fund balance		(50,000)		(50,000)		(10,842)		39,158
Fund balance at beginning of year		172,005		172,005		172,005		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	122,005	\$	122,005	\$	161,163	\$	39,158

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Computer Legal Research Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted		Variance with Final Budget				
	(	Original	Final Actual					ositive egative)
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	140,000	\$	140,000	\$	142,018	\$	2,018
Other			-			626		626
Total revenues		140,000		140,000		142,644		2,644
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Legislative and executive								
Personal services		77,497		77,497		65,534		11,963
Operations and maintenance		51,772		51,772		39,693		12,079
Capital outlay		49,722	-	49,722		32,600		17,122
Total expenditures		178,991		178,991		137,827		41,164
Net change in fund balance		(38,991)		(38,991)		4,817		43,808
Fund balance at beginning of year		115,404		115,404		115,404		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		20,794		20,794		20,794		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	97,207	\$	97,207	\$	141,015	\$	43,808

### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Indigent Drivers IAM Fund

	Budgeted Amounts							iance with	
	(	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	_		_		_		_		
Fines and forfeitures	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	23,455	\$	3,455	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Police Operations and maintenance		20,000		120,000		20,498		99,502	
Net change in fund balance		-		(100,000)		2,957		102,957	
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	135,681		135,681		135,681			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	135,681	\$	35,681	\$	138,638	\$	102,957	

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Police Continuous Professional Training Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Fina	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original Final			Actual		(Negative)				
Revenues:	-									
Intergovernmental	\$		\$		\$	12,000	\$	12,000		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Public safety										
Police										
Operations and maintenance		8,940		8,940	-			8,940		
Net change in fund balance		(8,940)		(8,940)		12,000		20,940		
Fund balance at beginning of year		8,940		8,940		8,940				
Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	20,940	\$	20,940		

## City of Vandalia, Ohio

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

## In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Stormwater Fund

	Budgeted Amounts							ance with
	(	Original	Final			Actual	P	al Budget Positive [egative)
Revenues:	Φ.	202.000	Φ.	202.000	¢ 200.670		Φ.	£ 450
Charges for services	\$	283,000	\$	283,000	\$	288,679	\$	5,679
Intergovernmental		1 000		1.000		250		250
Other		1,000		1,000		1,263		263
Total revenues		284,000		284,000		290,192		6,192
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public works								
Engineer Personal services		151 702		151 702		120 441		12.261
		151,702		151,702		138,441		13,261
Operations and maintenance		59,328 52,106		59,328 52,106		26,521		32,807
Capital outlay		53,196		53,196		51,948		1,248
Total engineer		264,226		264,226		216,910		47,316
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		13,405		13,405		13,394		11
Interest and fiscal charges		590		590		593		(3)
Total expenditures		278,221		278,221		230,897		47,324
Net change in fund balance		5,779		5,779		59,295		53,516
Fund balance at beginning of year		488,962		488,962		488,962		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		18,082		18,082		18,082		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	512,823	\$	512,823	\$	566,339	\$	53,516

### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

# In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Magistrate Fund

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget	
	(	Original Final Actual		Positive (Negative)					
Revenues:								<del>, , , _ ,</del>	
Fines and forfeitures	\$	120,000	\$	125,750	\$	125,745	\$	(5)	
Other				850		859		9	
Total revenues	\$	120,000	\$	126,600	\$	126,604	\$	4	
Expenditures: Current: General government Judicial system Personal services		111,809		131,809		131,418		391	
Net change in fund balance		8,191		(5,209)		(4,814)		395	
Fund balance at beginning of year		14,157		14,157		14,157		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1		1		1	ī	_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	22,349	\$	8,949	\$	9,344	\$	395	

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual TIF Fund

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	(	Original		Final	Actual	_	legative)	
Revenues: Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	71,000	\$	71,000	\$ 82,736	\$	11,736	
Expenditures: Capital outlay		26,500		26,500	25,706		794	
Net change in fund balance		44,500		44,500	57,030		12,530	
Fund balance at beginning of year		134,553		134,553	 134,553			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	179,053	\$	179,053	\$ 191,583	\$	12,530	

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Dixie Drive Phase 3 Widening Project Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						Vari	ance with
Revenues:		Original		Final		Actual		al Budget ositive egative)
Total revenues			\$		\$		\$	
Expenditures: Capital outlay Debt service:		-		111,391		75,391		36,000
Principal retirement		182,636		182,636		141,551		41,085
Interest and fiscal charges		44,002		44,002		33,974		10,028
Total expenditures		226,638		338,029		250,916		87,113
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(226,638)		(338,029)		(250,916)		87,113
Other financing sources:								
Loan proceeds				111,391		75,391		(36,000)
Net change in fund balance		(226,638)		(226,638)		(175,525)		51,113
Fund balance at beginning of year		310,000		310,000	-	310,000		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	83,362	\$	83,362	\$	134,475	\$	51,113

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Stonequarry Crossings TIF Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget		
		Original		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	ф	24.000	ф	17.050	Ф	17.040	ф	(7)
Payments in lieu of taxes		34,000	\$	17,250	\$	17,243	\$	(7)
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		11,500		5,425		5,400		25
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		30,000		21,500		21,500		_
Total expenditures		41,500		26,925		26,900		25
Net change in fund balance		(7,500)		(9,675)		(9,657)		18
Fund balance at beginning of year		9,677	-	9,677		9,677		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,177	\$	2	\$	20	\$	18

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Community Development Block Grant Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						ance with	
		Original	Final		Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	\$	
Expenditures: Capital outlay		50,000		50,000		50,000		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		15,000		15,000		15,000		
Other financing sources (uses): Advances - in Advances - out		- -		- -		50,000 (65,000)		50,000 (65,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)						(15,000)		(15,000)
Net change in fund balance		15,000		15,000		-		(15,000)
Fund balance at beginning of year						-		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$		\$	(15,000)

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Fire Equipment Fund

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
	Oı	riginal		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		249,114		249,114		248,756		358
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(249,114)		(249,114)		(248,756)		358
Other financing sources (uses):								
Advances - out		-		-		(489,814)		(489,814)
Transfers - in		2,114		2,114		2,114		_
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	2,114		2,114		(487,700)		(489,814)
Net change in fund balance		(247,000)		(247,000)		(736,456)		(489,456)
Fund balance at beginning of year		487,700		487,700		487,700		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		249,114		249,114		249,114		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	489,814	\$	489,814	\$	358	\$	(489,456)

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual OPWC Fund

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with			
		<b>D</b> riginal		Final		Actual		Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	16,015	\$	16,015	\$	14,508	\$	(1,507)	
Expenditures:									
Capital outlay		70,200		70,200		69,069		1,131	
Excess of revenues under expenditures		(54,185)		(54,185)		(54,561)		(376)	
Other financing sources (uses):		27.240		27.260		25.500		(1.050)	
Issuance of OPWC loans		37,368		37,368		35,508		(1,860)	
Advances - out						(72,500)		(72,500)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		37,368		37,368		(36,992)		(74,360)	
Net change in fund balance		(16,817)		(16,817)		(91,553)		(74,736)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		21,353		21,353		21,353		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		70,200		70,200		70,200			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	74,736	\$	74,736	\$		\$	(74,736)	

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Capital Improvement Reserve Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
	(	Original Final			Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	_
Expenditures:								
Total expenditures								
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures						<u>-</u>		
Other financing uses: Transfers - out				(656,284)		(656,284)		
Net change in fund balance		-		(656,284)		(656,284)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		656,284		656,284		656,284		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	656,284	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Facilities Improvement & Maintenance Reserve Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts			nts		Variance w	
Revenues:		Original Final			 Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
Expenditures: Total expenditures		<u>-</u>			 <u>-</u>		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		<u> </u>			 <u>-</u>		
Other financing sources: Transfers - in	-	250,000		250,000	 250,000		
Net change in fund balance		250,000		250,000	250,000		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,000,000		1,000,000	 1,000,000		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,250,000	\$	1,250,000	\$ 1,250,000	\$	

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Net Position - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Water Fund

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 2,151,500	\$ 2,151,500	\$ 2,231,432	\$ 79,932
Tap-in fees	10,000	10,000	4,700	(5,300)
Utility deposits received	- 52.000	52,000	7,366	7,366
Other	53,000	53,000	61,209	8,209
Total revenues	2,214,500	2,214,500	2,304,707	90,207
Expenses:				
Personal services	379,606	379,606	359,063	20,543
Contractual services	1,627,539	1,744,140	1,710,549	33,591
Materials and supplies	48,242	47,766	40,070	7,696
Capital outlay	40,626	566,126	557,318	8,808
Utility deposits returned	-	-	5,968	(5,968)
Other	1,000	1,475	1,475	
Total expenses	2,097,013	2,739,113	2,674,443	64,670
Operating income (loss)	117,487	(524,613)	(369,736)	154,877
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Intergovernmental	100,000	100,000	161,584	61,584
Issuance of OPWC loans	100,000	100,000	40,543	(59,457)
Principal retirement	-	(28,355)	(20,091)	8,264
Interest		(885)	(889)	(4)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	200,000	170,760	181,147	10,387
Change in net position	317,487	(353,853)	(188,589)	165,264
Net position at beginning of year	1,938,817	1,938,817	1,938,817	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	48,333	48,333	48,333	
Net position at end of year	\$ 2,304,637	\$ 1,633,297	\$ 1,798,561	\$ 165,264

#### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Net Position - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Sewer Fund

	Bud	geted Amounts		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 1,755,15		\$ 1,601,318	\$ (153,832)	
Tap-in fees	10,00	00 10,000	7,400	(2,600)	
Utility deposits received	<b>60.0</b> 0		3,627	3,627	
Other	60,00		64,532	4,532	
Total revenues	1,825,15	1,825,150	1,676,877	(148,273)	
Expenses:					
Personal services	364,59	364,598	334,296	30,302	
Contractual services	944,65	1,029,256	1,018,332	10,924	
Materials and supplies	36,22	20 34,591	25,470	9,121	
Capital outlay	167,87	400,378	376,280	24,098	
Utility deposits returned	20	00 1,829	4,769	(2,940)	
Total expenses	1,513,55	1,830,652	1,759,147	71,505	
Operating income (loss)	311,59	(5,502)	(82,270)	(76,768)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Intergovernmental			9,621	9,621	
Sale of capital assets			13,931	13,931	
Issuance of OPWC loans		-	26,518	26,518	
Principal retirement		- (25,105)	(20,092)	5,013	
Interest		- (882)	(888)	(6)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		- (25,987)	29,090	55,077	
Change in net position	311,59	08 (31,489)	(53,180)	(21,691)	
Net position at beginning of year	2,308,18	2,308,186	2,308,186	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	173,55	50 173,550	173,550		
Net position at end of year	\$ 2,793,33	\$ 2,450,247	\$ 2,428,556	\$ (21,691)	

### City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Net Position - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Golf Fund

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	(	Original		Final	Actual		(legative)
Revenues:		, riginal			 	(2)	- Garage
Charges for services	\$	942,700	\$	942,700	\$ 848,955	\$	(93,745)
Other		400		400	 6,136		5,736
Total revenues		943,100		943,100	 855,091		(88,009)
Expenses:							
Personal services		580,864		646,864	527,505		119,359
Contractual services		175,743		179,818	137,647		42,171
Materials and supplies		174,176		203,926	165,241		38,685
Capital outlay		113,387		199,237	180,840		18,397
Other		55,602		55,602	 48,990		6,612
Total expenses		1,099,772		1,285,447	 1,060,223		225,224
Operating loss		(156,672)		(342,347)	 (205,132)		137,215
Nonoperating revenues:							
Intergovernmental		6,500		6,500	_		(6,500)
Sale of capital assets		0,500		0,500	7,567		7,567
·	-				 		
Total nonoperating revenues		6,500		6,500	 7,567		138,282
Loss before transfers		(150,172)		(335,847)	 (197,565)		138,282
Other financing sources:							
Transfers - in		360,000		360,000	 360,000		
Change in net position		209,828		24,153	162,435		138,282
Net position at beginning of year		142,121		142,121	142,121		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		41,992		41,992	 41,992		
Net position at end of year	\$	393,941	\$	208,266	\$ 346,548	\$	138,282

## City of Vandalia, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

# In Net Position - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Hospital Care Fund

	 Budgeted	Amou	ints		riance with
Revenues:	 Original		Final	 Actual	nal Budget Positive Negative)
Charges for services Other	\$ 2,500,778 250,000	\$	2,500,778 250,000	\$ 1,930,176 303,953	\$ (570,602) 53,953
Total revenues	 2,750,778		2,750,778	 2,234,129	 (516,649)
Expenses: Contractual services Claims	 475,254 2,170,707		475,254 2,170,707	 507,550 1,859,156	 (32,296) 311,551
Total expenses	 2,645,961		2,645,961	 2,366,706	 279,255
Change in net position	104,817		104,817	(132,577)	(237,394)
Net position at beginning of year	797,084		797,084	797,084	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 4,006		4,006	 4,006	 
Net position at end of year	\$ 905,907	\$	905,907	\$ 668,513	\$ (237,394)

#### Combining Statements – Fiduciary Funds

#### **AGENCY FUNDS**

To account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

#### **Building Standards**

Established to account for state assessed fees on building permits issued by the City.

#### Northern Area Water Authority

Established to account for activities of the Northern Area Water Authority which the City of Vandalia is the fiscal agent.

#### Municipal Court

Established to account for the monies that flow through the Clerk of Courts Office to various subdivisions.

#### Multi-District Tax Fund

Established to account for the flow through of municipal income tax monies that belong to the City of Brookville.

#### Butler Township JEDD Tax Collection

Established to account for the flow through of income tax monies that belong to the Vandalia-Butler Township Joint Economic Development District.

#### Butler Township JEDZ Tax Collection

Established to account for the flow through of income tax monies that belong to the Butler Township Miller Lane Hotel District Joint Economic Development Zone and the Butler Township Miller Lane Business District Joint Economic Development Zone.

#### Performance Bond

Established to account for the sureties received from contractors until contracts are complete.

#### Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority

Established to account for the activities of the Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority which the City of Vandalia is the fiscal agent.

#### Employee Flex Account

Established to account for the flow through of employee medical expenses that belong to the employees of the City.

### City of Vandalia, Ohio

# Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

### Agency Funds

Building Standards  Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets  Liabilities:		Balance anuary 1, 2017 902 902	\$ \$	Additions  4,166  4,166	\$ \$	Deletions 4,270 4,270	\$ \$	Balance ember 31, 2017 798 798
Due to other governments	\$	902	\$	4,166	\$	4,270	\$	798
Total liabilities		902	\$	4,166	\$	4,270	\$	798
Northern Area Water Authority		Balance anuary 1, 2017		Additions		Deletions	Dec	Balance ember 31, 2017
Assets:		•						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$	2,244,995 2,244,995	\$	3,444,298 3,444,298	\$	2,803,812 2,803,812	\$	2,885,481 2,885,481
<u>Liabilities:</u> Due to others Total liabilities	\$ \$	2,244,995 2,244,995	\$	3,444,298 3,444,298	\$	2,803,812 2,803,812	\$ \$	2,885,481 2,885,481
Municipal Court		Balance anuary 1, 2017		Additions		Deletions	Dec	Balance ember 31, 2017
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts	\$	anuary 1, 2017 113,338	\$	1,535,561	\$	1,543,634	\$	ember 31, 2017 105,265
Assets:	J	anuary 1, 2017						ember 31, 2017
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts Total assets  Liabilities: Due to other governments	\$	anuary 1, 2017 113,338 113,338 46,901	\$	1,535,561 1,535,561 652,942	\$	1,543,634 1,543,634 653,603	\$	ember 31, 2017 105,265 105,265 46,240
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts Total assets  Liabilities:	\$ \$	anuary 1, 2017 113,338 113,338	\$	1,535,561 1,535,561	\$	1,543,634 1,543,634	\$	ember 31, 2017 105,265 105,265
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts Total assets  Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies Total liabilities  Multi-District Tax fund	\$ \$ \$	anuary 1, 2017 113,338 113,338 46,901 66,437	\$ \$ \$	1,535,561 1,535,561 652,942 882,619	\$ \$ \$	1,543,634 1,543,634 653,603 890,031	\$ \$ \$	ember 31, 2017 105,265 105,265 46,240 59,025
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts Total assets  Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies Total liabilities  Multi-District Tax fund Assets:	\$ \$ \$	113,338 113,338 113,338 46,901 66,437 113,338 Balance anuary 1, 2017	\$ \$ \$	1,535,561 1,535,561 652,942 882,619 1,535,561 Additions	\$ \$ \$	1,543,634 1,543,634 653,603 890,031 1,543,634 Deletions	\$ \$ \$ Dec	ember 31, 2017 105,265 105,265 46,240 59,025 105,265 Balance ember 31, 2017
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts Total assets  Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies Total liabilities  Multi-District Tax fund	\$ \$ \$	anuary 1, 2017 113,338 113,338 46,901 66,437 113,338 Balance anuary 1,	\$ \$ \$	1,535,561 1,535,561 652,942 882,619 1,535,561	\$ \$ \$	1,543,634 1,543,634 653,603 890,031 1,543,634	\$ \$ \$	ember 31, 2017 105,265 105,265 46,240 59,025 105,265 Balance ember 31,
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts Total assets  Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies Total liabilities  Multi-District Tax fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets  Liabilities:	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	anuary 1, 2017 113,338 113,338 46,901 66,437 113,338 Balance anuary 1, 2017 5,758 5,758	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,535,561 1,535,561 652,942 882,619 1,535,561 Additions 3,674,845 3,674,845	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,543,634 1,543,634 653,603 890,031 1,543,634 Deletions 3,657,593 3,657,593	\$ \$ \$ Dec	ember 31, 2017 105,265 105,265 46,240 59,025 105,265 Balance ember 31, 2017 23,010 23,010
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts Total assets  Liabilities: Due to other governments Undistributed monies Total liabilities  Multi-District Tax fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ \$ \$ \$	113,338 113,338 113,338 46,901 66,437 113,338 Balance anuary 1, 2017	\$ \$ \$	1,535,561 1,535,561 652,942 882,619 1,535,561 Additions	\$ \$ \$	1,543,634 1,543,634 653,603 890,031 1,543,634 Deletions	\$ \$ \$ Dec	ember 31, 2017 105,265 105,265 46,240 59,025 105,265 Balance ember 31, 2017 23,010

### City of Vandalia, Ohio

# Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

# Agency Funds

Salancy   Color   Co	2017   Addition	159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 159,4 159,884 \$ 159,4 159,88	\$\frac{481}{481} \bigsplays \frac{17,718}{17,718}\$ \$\frac{481}{481} \bigsplays \frac{17,718}{17,718}\$  \$\frac{481}{481} \bigsplays \frac{17,718}{17,718}\$  Balance December 31, 2017  \$\frac{455}{49,495} \bigsplays \frac{49,495}{49,495}\$  \$\frac{455}{49,495} \bigsplays \frac{49,495}{49,495}\$	
Description of the content of the	Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 159,4 159,884 \$ 159,4 159,88	#81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 Balance December 31, 2017 #55 \$ 49,495 #55 \$ 49,495	
Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 11,315         \$ 159,884         \$ 153,481         \$ 17,718           Total assets         \$ 11,315         \$ 159,884         \$ 153,481         \$ 17,718           Liabilities:         Due to other governments         \$ 11,315         \$ 159,884         \$ 153,481         \$ 17,718           Total liabilities:         Balance January 1, 2017         Additions         Deletions         Deletions         December 31, 2017           Butler Township JEDZ Tax Collection         Additions         Deletions         Deletions         Deletions         Deletions         Deletions         Performance assets         S 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total liabilities         Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total liabilities         Balance January 1,         Deletions         Deletions         Deletions         Deletions         2017           Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910 <td rowsp<="" th=""><th>  Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents</th><th>159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 1590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4</th><th>#81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 Balance December 31, 2017  #55 \$ 49,495  #55 \$ 49,495</th></td>	<th>  Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents</th> <th>159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 1590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4</th> <th>#81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 Balance December 31, 2017  #55 \$ 49,495  #55 \$ 49,495</th>	Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 1590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4	#81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 Balance December 31, 2017  #55 \$ 49,495  #55 \$ 49,495
Total assets	Liabilities:         \$ 11,315         \$           Due to other governments         \$ 11,315         \$           Total liabilities         \$ 11,315         \$           Balance January 1, 2017         Addi           Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 49,613         \$           Total assets         \$ 49,613         \$           Liabilities:         Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$           Total liabilities         \$ 49,613         \$           Performance Bond         2017         Addi           Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$           Liabilities:         Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$	159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 1590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4	#81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 #81 \$ 17,718 Balance December 31, 2017  #55 \$ 49,495  #55 \$ 49,495	
Liabilities:         Due to other governments         \$ 11,315         \$ 159,884         \$ 153,481         \$ 17,718           Total liabilities         \$ 11,315         \$ 159,884         \$ 153,481         \$ 17,718           Butler Township JEDZ Tax Collection         Assets:           Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total assets         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total assets         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total liabilities:         Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total liabilities         Balance         January 1,         Additions         Deletions         Deletions         December 31,           Performance Bond         Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Liabilities:         Total liabilities <td row<="" td=""><td>Liabilities:         Balance           Total liabilities         January 1, 2017         Addition           Butler Township JEDZ Tax Collection         Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 49,613         \$           Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 49,613         \$           Total assets         \$ 49,613         \$           Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$           Total liabilities:         \$ 49,613         \$           Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$           Total liabilities         \$ 38,910         \$           Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$           Liabilities:         Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$</td><td>159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 itions Deletions 590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4</td><td>Balance December 31, 2017  455 \$ 49,495  455 \$ 49,495</td></td>	<td>Liabilities:         Balance           Total liabilities         January 1, 2017         Addition           Butler Township JEDZ Tax Collection         Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 49,613         \$           Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 49,613         \$           Total assets         \$ 49,613         \$           Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$           Total liabilities:         \$ 49,613         \$           Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$           Total liabilities         \$ 38,910         \$           Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$           Liabilities:         Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$</td> <td>159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 itions Deletions 590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4</td> <td>Balance December 31, 2017  455 \$ 49,495  455 \$ 49,495</td>	Liabilities:         Balance           Total liabilities         January 1, 2017         Addition           Butler Township JEDZ Tax Collection         Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 49,613         \$           Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 49,613         \$           Total assets         \$ 49,613         \$           Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$           Total liabilities:         \$ 49,613         \$           Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$           Total liabilities         \$ 38,910         \$           Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$           Liabilities:         Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$	159,884 \$ 153,4 159,884 \$ 153,4 itions Deletions 590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4	Balance December 31, 2017  455 \$ 49,495  455 \$ 49,495
Due to other governments	Due to other governments	159,884	Balance December 31, 2017  455 \$ 49,495 \$ 49,495 \$ 49,495	
Due to other governments	Due to other governments	159,884	Balance December 31, 2017  455 \$ 49,495 455 \$ 49,495  455 \$ 49,495	
Balance January 1, 2017         Additions         Deletions         Balance December 31, 2017           Butler Township JEDZ Tax Collection           Assets:         Sequity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total assets         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total liabilities         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total liabilities         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Balance January 1, Actional liabilities         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Performance Bond         \$ 2017         Additions         Deletions         December 31, 2017           Assets:         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities:         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities:         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720 <td>Balance January 1, 2017 Addi  Butler Township JEDZ Tax Collection  Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets  Liabilities: Due to other governments Total liabilities  Balance January 1, 2017 Addi  S  Balance January 1, Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents  Ferformance Bond Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S</td> <td>590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4</td> <td>Balance December 31, 2017  455 \$ 49,495  455 \$ 49,495</td>	Balance January 1, 2017 Addi  Butler Township JEDZ Tax Collection  Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets  Liabilities: Due to other governments Total liabilities  Balance January 1, 2017 Addi  S  Balance January 1, Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents  Ferformance Bond Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S  S	590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4	Balance December 31, 2017  455 \$ 49,495  455 \$ 49,495	
January 1, 2017   Additions   Deletions	January 1, 2017   Addition	590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4	December 31, 2017  455 \$ 49,495  455 \$ 49,495  455 \$ 49,495	
January 1, 2017   Additions   Deletions	January 1, 2017   Addition	590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4	December 31, 2017  455 \$ 49,495  455 \$ 49,495  455 \$ 49,495	
January 1, 2017   Additions   Deletions	January 1, 2017   Addition	590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4	December 31, 2017  455 \$ 49,495  455 \$ 49,495  455 \$ 49,495	
Butler Township JEDZ Tax Collection           Assets:         Sequity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total assets         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total lasilities:         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total liabilities:         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total liabilities:         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Performance Bond         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Performance Bond         \$ 2017         Additions         Deletions         2017           Assets:         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities:         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities:         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities:         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total	Sutler Township JEDZ Tax Collection   Assets:	590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4 590,337 \$ 590,4	\$ 49,495 \$ 49,495 \$ 49,495 \$ 49,495	
Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total assets         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Liabilities:         Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total liabilities         Balance         January 1,         December 31,           Performance Bond         2017         Additions         Deletions         2017           Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total assets         S 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities         Balance           Balance         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities         Balance         Balance         Balance         Balance         Balance <td rows<="" td=""><td>Assets:       Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents       \$ 49,613       \$         Total assets       \$ 49,613       \$         Liabilities:       Due to other governments       \$ 49,613       \$         Total liabilities       \$ 49,613       \$         Performance Bond       2017       Addition         Assets:       Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents       \$ 38,910       \$         Total assets       \$ 38,910       \$         Liabilities:       Undistributed monies       \$ 38,910       \$</td><td>590,337     \$ 590,4       590,337     \$ 590,4</td><td>\$ 49,495 455 \$ 49,495</td></td>	<td>Assets:       Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents       \$ 49,613       \$         Total assets       \$ 49,613       \$         Liabilities:       Due to other governments       \$ 49,613       \$         Total liabilities       \$ 49,613       \$         Performance Bond       2017       Addition         Assets:       Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents       \$ 38,910       \$         Total assets       \$ 38,910       \$         Liabilities:       Undistributed monies       \$ 38,910       \$</td> <td>590,337     \$ 590,4       590,337     \$ 590,4</td> <td>\$ 49,495 455 \$ 49,495</td>	Assets:       Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents       \$ 49,613       \$         Total assets       \$ 49,613       \$         Liabilities:       Due to other governments       \$ 49,613       \$         Total liabilities       \$ 49,613       \$         Performance Bond       2017       Addition         Assets:       Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents       \$ 38,910       \$         Total assets       \$ 38,910       \$         Liabilities:       Undistributed monies       \$ 38,910       \$	590,337     \$ 590,4       590,337     \$ 590,4	\$ 49,495 455 \$ 49,495
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total assets         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Liabilities:           Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total liabilities         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Balance           January 1,         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Balance           January 1,         Additions         Deletions         2017           Assets:           Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Liabilities:           Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Balance         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720	Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 49,613         \$           Total assets         \$ 49,613         \$           Liabilities:         S         \$ 49,613         \$           Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$           Total liabilities         \$ 49,613         \$           Performance Bond         2017         Additional cash equivalents           Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$           Liabilities:         Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$	590,337     \$ 590,4       590,337     \$ 590,4	\$ 49,495 455 \$ 49,495	
Total assets         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Liabilities:         Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total liabilities         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Balance         January 1,         Additions         Deletions         2017           Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Liabilities:         Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Balance         Balance         Balance         Balance         Balance           January 1,         Balance         Becember 31,	Liabilities:         \$ 49,613         \$           Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$           Total liabilities         \$ 49,613         \$           Performance Bond         2017         Addition           Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$           Liabilities:         Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$	590,337     \$ 590,4       590,337     \$ 590,4	\$ 49,495 455 \$ 49,495	
Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total liabilities         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Performance Bond         Balance	Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$           Total liabilities         Balance         January 1,           Performance Bond         2017         Addition           Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$           Liabilities:         Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$			
Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Total liabilities         \$ 49,613         \$ 590,337         \$ 590,455         \$ 49,495           Performance Bond         Balance	Due to other governments         \$ 49,613         \$           Total liabilities         Balance         January 1,           Performance Bond         2017         Addition           Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$           Liabilities:         Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$			
Balance January 1, Assets:         Balance January 1, Assets:         Balance January 1, Additions         Deletions         2017           Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets         \$ 38,910   \$ 3,901   \$ 28,091   \$ 14,720   \$ 14,720           \$ 14,720   \$ 14,720             Liabilities:         \$ 38,910   \$ 3,901   \$ 28,091   \$ 14,720   \$ 14,720           \$ 14,720   \$ 14,720             Total liabilities         \$ 38,910   \$ 3,901   \$ 28,091   \$ 14,720           \$ 14,720   \$ 14,720             Balance January 1,         \$ 38,910   \$ 3,901   \$ 28,091   \$ 14,720           \$ 14,720   \$ 14,720	Balance   January 1,   Addition   Assets:   Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents   \$ 38,910   \$   Total assets   \$ 38,910   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$			
Balance   January 1,   Additions   Deletions   2017	Balance January 1,  Performance Bond Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Total assets  Liabilities: Undistributed monies  Balance January 1, Addi 2017 Addi 38,910 \$  Liabilities:	390,331 \$ 390, <sup>2</sup>	49,493	
January 1,   December 31,	January 1,   2017   Addition			
January 1,   December 31,	January 1,   2017   Addition			
Performance Bond         2017         Additions         Deletions         2017           Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Balance         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Balance         January 1,         Balance         December 31,	Performance Bond 2017 Additional Assets:  Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents \$ 38,910 \$ Total assets \$ 38,910 \$ \$   Liabilities: Undistributed monies \$ 38,910 \$			
Assets:         Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total assets         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Liabilities:         Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Balance         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Balance         January 1,         Balance         December 31,	Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents \$ 38,910 \$ Total assets \$ 38,910 \$  Liabilities: Undistributed monies \$ 38,910 \$	itiana Dalationa		
Sequity in pooled cash and cash equivalents   \$38,910   \$3,901   \$28,091   \$14,720	Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents \$ 38,910 \$  Total assets \$ 38,910 \$  Liabilities: Undistributed monies \$ 38,910 \$	ittoris Defetions	2017	
Liabilities:         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Balance         January 1,         Balance         December 31,	Liabilities: Undistributed monies \$ 38,910 \$	3,901 \$ 28,0	91 \$ 14,720	
Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Balance         Balance         Balance         December 31,	Undistributed monies \$ 38,910 \$	3,901 \$ 28,0	91 \$ 14,720	
Undistributed monies         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Total liabilities         \$ 38,910         \$ 3,901         \$ 28,091         \$ 14,720           Balance         Balance         Balance         December 31,	Undistributed monies \$ 38,910 \$			
Balance         Balance         Balance         Balance         December 31,		3 901 \$ 28 (	001 \$ 14.720	
Balance Balance January 1, December 31,				
January 1, December 31,				
January 1, December 31,				
·				
<b>Tri-Cities North Regional Wastewater Authority</b> 2017 Additions Deletions 2017	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	itions Deletions		
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents \$ 2,106,523 \$ 4,528,482 \$ 3,315,061 \$ 3,319,944				
Investments 2,240,860 747,660 2,240,860 747,660  Tetal accepts \$ 4,247,282 \$ 5,76142 \$ 5,555,021 \$ 4,067,604				
Total assets \$ 4,347,383 \$ 5,276,142 \$ 5,555,921 \$ 4,067,604	10tal assets \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	276 142 \$ 5555	<u> </u>	
<u>Liabilities:</u>	<u>Liabilities:</u>	,276,142 \$ 5,555,9		
	Due to others \$ 4,347,383 \$ 5,	,276,142 \$ 5,555,9	921 \$ 4,067,604	
	Total liabilities <u>\$ 4,347,383</u> <u>\$ 5,</u>	,276,142 \$ 5,555,9		

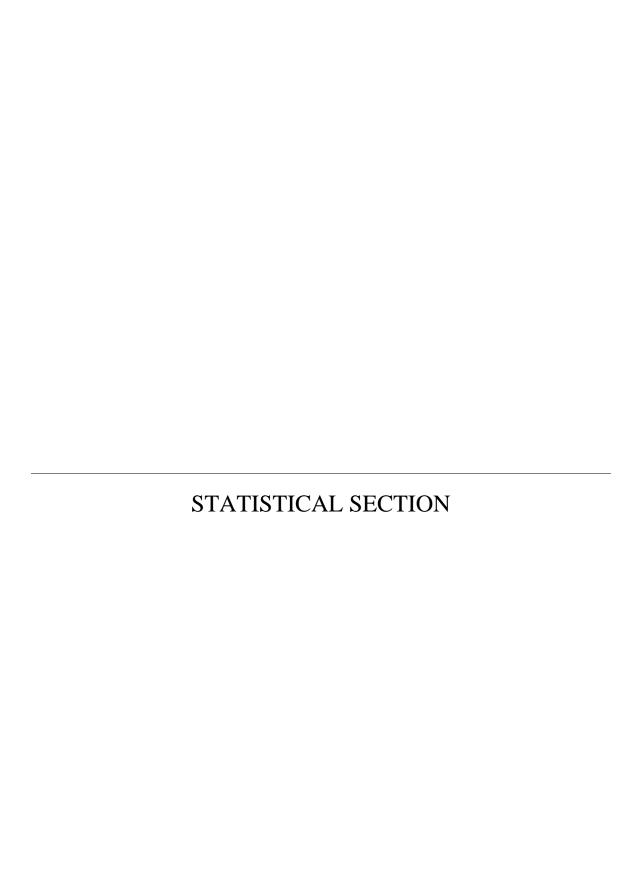
### City of Vandalia, Ohio

# Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

# Agency Funds

Employee Flex Account	Balance anuary 1, 2017	 Additions	Deletions	Dec	Balance ember 31, 2017
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,341	\$ 46,600	\$ 46,772	\$	6,169
Total assets	\$ 6,341	\$ 46,600	\$ 46,772	\$	6,169
Liabilities:					
Due to employees	\$ 6,341	\$ 46,600	\$ 46,772	\$	6,169
Total liabilities	\$ 6,341	\$ 46,600	\$ 46,772	\$	6,169
Totals  Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts Investments Total assets	Balance anuary 1, 2017 4,464,357 113,338 2,240,860 6,818,555	\$ Additions  12,452,513 1,535,561 747,660 14,735,734	\$ Deletions  10,599,535 1,543,634 2,240,860 14,384,029	\$	Balance ember 31, 2017 6,317,335 105,265 747,660 7,170,260
Liabilities: Due to other governments Due to employees Undistributed monies Due to others Tatal liabilities	\$ 108,731 6,341 111,105 6,592,378	\$ 1,407,329 46,600 4,561,365 8,720,440	\$ 1,401,809 46,772 4,575,715 8,359,733	\$	114,251 6,169 96,755 6,953,085
Total liabilities	\$ 6,818,555	\$ 14,735,734	\$ 14,384,029	\$	7,170,260





### **Statistical Section**

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial position has changed over time.	S2 - S8
Revenue Capacity	S9 - S14
These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source(s), the property tax (and the income tax).	
Debt Capacity	S15 - S19
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
<b>Economic and Demographic Information</b>	S20 - S21
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	
Operating Information	S22 - S29
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

				Restated	
	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>
Governmental Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 36,535,266	\$ 39,122,829	\$ 42,469,073	\$ 42,488,927	\$ 42,909,665
Restricted	4,489,010	5,991,019	5,776,138	2,032,828	3,006,345
Unrestricted	21,281,556	 14,113,877	 12,187,964	 15,743,855	 15,722,617
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 62,305,832	\$ 59,227,725	\$ 60,433,175	\$ 60,265,610	\$ 61,638,627
Business-Type Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 18,165,790	\$ 18,217,454	\$ 18,100,914	\$ 18,332,521	\$ 18,007,758
Unrestricted	9,385,576	 9,169,165	 10,846,059	 10,898,051	 11,833,535
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 27,551,366	\$ 27,386,619	\$ 28,946,973	\$ 29,230,572	\$ 29,841,293
Primary Government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 54,701,056	\$ 57,340,283	\$ 60,569,987	\$ 60,821,448	\$ 60,917,423
Restricted	4,489,010	5,991,019	5,776,138	2,032,828	3,006,345
Unrestricted	30,667,132	 23,283,042	 23,034,023	 26,641,906	 27,556,152
Total primary government net position	\$ 89,857,198	\$ 86,614,344	\$ 89,380,148	\$ 89,496,182	\$ 91,479,920

<sup>(1)</sup> The City implemented GASB 68 during 2015 and as a result 2014 was restated.

	I	Restated (1)			
<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
\$ 43,255,312 3,047,614 15,697,621	\$	45,004,853 3,895,737 3,669,638	\$ 47,900,553 3,929,597 4,639,893	\$ 48,804,352 3,939,012 5,874,223	\$ 49,337,872 3,695,303 4,238,058
\$ 62,000,547	\$	52,570,228	\$ 56,470,043	\$ 58,617,587	\$ 57,271,233
\$ 19,044,671	\$	18,585,891	\$ 18,584,910	\$ 18,740,110	\$ 18,654,104
 12,516,865		11,992,590	 12,516,989	 12,449,139	 13,254,491
\$ 31,561,536	\$	30,578,481	\$ 31,101,899	\$ 31,189,249	\$ 31,908,595
\$ 62,299,983	\$	63,590,744	\$ 66,485,463	\$ 67,544,462	\$ 67,991,976
3,047,614		3,895,737	3,929,597	3,939,012	3,695,303
 28,214,486		15,662,228	 17,156,882	 18,323,362	 17,492,549
\$ 93,562,083	\$	83,148,709	\$ 87,571,942	\$ 89,806,836	\$ 89,179,828

Expenses Governmental Activities:		2008		2009		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		2012
General government	\$	6,403,491	\$	7,686,032	\$	5,582,027	\$	5,726,617	\$	5,782,863
Public safety		6,608,469		6,605,685		6,531,788		6,911,373		6,811,934
Public works		4,430,596		5,881,207		5,030,029		5,328,780		6,294,260
Recreation		4,016,239		4,099,980		3,984,048		3,958,580		3,847,357
Interest and fiscal charges		625,917		758,879		736,084		661,538		601,289
Total governmental activities expenses		22,084,712		25,031,783		21,863,976		22,586,888		23,337,703
Business-Type Activities:										
Water		2,677,281		2,530,623		1,912,399		2,057,812		2,059,071
Sewer		1,574,798		1,699,742		450,852		1,741,089		1,512,536
Golf		1,137,838		1,057,710		1,087,328		965,069		1,042,176
Total business-type activities		5,389,917		5,288,075		3,450,579		4,763,970		4,613,783
Total primary government expenses	\$	27,474,629	\$	30,319,858	\$	25,314,555	\$	27,350,858	\$	27,951,486
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$	1,914,426	\$	1,821,605	\$	1,871,967	\$	1,871,826	\$	1,577,135
Public safety		654,686		629,222		663,224		326,695		649,206
Public works		1,132,996		1,245,630		1,333,534		1,706,801		1,400,408
Recreation		1,461,420		1,468,749		1,481,966		1,479,628		1,446,534
Operating grants, contributions and interest		919,062		1,324,350		727,898		1,272,681		1,106,688
Capital grants and contributions		750,497		2,078,995		2,501,327		818,757		2,004,768
Total governmental activities		6 022 007		0.560.551		0.550.016		7 476 200		0.104.720
program revenues	-	6,833,087		8,568,551		8,579,916		7,476,388		8,184,739
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water		1,979,915		2,056,963		2,182,747		2,128,858		2,226,641
Sewer		1,072,501		1,254,928		1,300,559		1,378,273		1,584,806
Golf		951,835		935,518		930,933		863,896		973,947
Operating grants, contributions and interest		102.704		412 100		100.770		1.052		130,340
Capital grants and contributions Total business-type activities		103,784		412,108		108,770		1,052		2,828
program revenues		4,108,035		4,659,517		4,523,009		4,372,079		4,918,562
Total primary government program revenues	\$	10,941,122	\$	13,228,068	\$	13,102,925	\$	11,848,467	\$	13,103,301
	Ψ	10,711,122	Ψ	13,220,000	Ψ	13,102,723	Ψ_	11,010,107	<u> </u>	13,103,301
Net (expense)/revenue		(15 051 505)		(1 5 4 50 000)	Φ.	(12.201.050)		(15 110 500)	ф	(15.150.051)
Governmental activities	\$	(15,251,625)	\$	(16,463,232)	\$	(13,284,060)	\$	(15,110,500)	\$	(15,152,964)
Business-type activities  Total primary government not expense	\$	(1,281,882) (16,533,507)	\$	(628,558) (17,091,790)	\$	1,072,430 (12,211,630)	\$	(391,891)	\$	304,779
Total primary government net expense	Ф.	(10,333,307)	Ф	(17,091,790)	<b>D</b>	(12,211,030)	Ф	(15,502,391)	<b></b>	(14,848,185)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:										
Property taxes levied for:										
General purposes	\$	2,077,147	\$	1,670,726	\$	1,989,379	\$	1,548,086	\$	1,505,738
Income tax levied for:										
General purposes Grants and entitlements not		11,391,659		9,222,083		10,889,271		11,709,263		13,025,898
restricted to specific programs		1,977,904		1,931,238		1,539,008		1,764,465		1,556,563
Payment in lieu of taxes		1,777,704		16,857		108,512		107,720		43,957
Investment earnings		1,211,323		622,173		254,451		492,580		208,984
Gain on the sale of capital assets		-						11,040		124,555
Other		154,641		114,904		131,464		59,415		82,334
Total governmental activities		16,812,674		13,577,981		14,912,085		15,692,569		16,548,029
Business-Type Activities:										
Investment earnings		1,140		483		287		-		-
Other		35,755		270,472		65,062		56,523		283,894
Total business-type activities		36,895		270,955		65,349		56,523		283,894
Total primary government	\$	16,849,569	\$	13,848,936	\$	14,977,434	\$	15,749,092	\$	16,831,923
Change in net position										
Governmental activities	\$	368,218	\$	(3,078,107)	\$	1,205,450	\$	(36,898)	\$	1,373,017
Business-type activities	_	(52,156)		(164,747)		1,560,354		283,599	_	610,721
Total primary government	\$	316,062	\$	(3,242,854)	\$	2,765,804	\$	246,701	\$	1,983,738

	<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>
\$	5,475,675	\$	5,520,951	\$	5,130,767	\$	4,836,921	\$	5,838,359
-	7,174,259	-	7,124,303	-	7,236,385	-	7,841,876	-	8,571,205
	5,098,906		4,736,869		4,900,560		4,890,378		5,616,975
	3,788,977		4,147,571		4,008,981		3,793,318		4,527,113
	560,923		569,379		209,376		235,861		231,297
	22,098,740		22,099,073		21,486,069		21,598,354		24,784,949
	1,909,167		2,072,336		2,151,550		2,010,094		1,942,016
	1,552,360		1,814,270		1,694,090		1,944,231		1,703,795
	1,097,625		1,019,002		1,035,124		1,064,705		1,113,928
	4,559,152		4,905,608		4,880,764		5,019,030		4,759,739
\$	26,657,892	\$	27,004,681	\$	26,366,833	\$	26,617,384	\$	29,544,688
	2.450.054		2 425 012	Φ.	2.550.525		2712157		2010.251
\$	2,459,074	\$	2,435,013	\$	2,579,526	\$	2,712,465	\$	2,819,251
	569,979 1,474,377		569,797		489,852		593,124		483,193
	1,395,800		1,424,524 1,446,891		1,544,620 1,476,639		1,452,055 1,510,517		1,580,269 1,448,313
	1,393,800		1,177,845		1,458,405		1,310,317		1,028,220
	45,000		1,623,771		2,399,492		151,524		131,649
	+3,000		1,023,771		2,377,472		131,324		151,047
	7,171,407		8,677,841		9,948,534		7,604,202		7,490,895
	2,190,856		2,218,971		2,149,396		2,174,722		2,329,366
	1,933,954		1,691,533		1,823,665		1,892,558		1,932,540
	888,023		885,919		880,378		907,446		859,629
	-				-		-		-
	1,290,959		2,960		369,115		121,799		116,890
	6,303,792		4,799,383		5,222,554		5,096,525		5,238,425
\$	13,475,199	\$	13,477,224	\$	15,171,088	\$	12,700,727	\$	12,729,320
					<del></del>				
\$	(14,927,333)	\$	(13,421,232)	\$	(11,537,535)	\$	(13,994,152)	\$	(17,294,054)
	1,744,640		(106,225)		341,790		77,495		478,686
\$	(13,182,693)	\$	(13,527,457)	\$	(11,195,745)	\$	(13,916,657)	\$	(16,815,368)
		·		1		·		·	
\$	1,221,094	\$	1,283,417	\$	1,272,611	\$	1,275,653	\$	1,289,362
φ	1,221,094	Ф	1,263,417	φ	1,272,011	φ	1,273,033	Ф	1,209,302
	12,709,385		13,021,106		13,682,940		14,247,899		13,897,814
	1,098,778		761,023		408,435		345,958		615,526
	84,136		196,368		105,453		115,268		104,572
	20,362		215,329		129,436		119,752		273,681
	-		-		-		7,906		-
	131,101		11,046		20,103		39,115		7,405
	15,264,856		15,488,289		15,618,978		16,151,551		16,188,360
		-						-	
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
									<del>-</del>
\$	15,264,856	\$	15,488,289	\$	15,618,978	\$	16,151,551	\$	16,188,360
\$	361,920	\$	2,264,635	\$	3,899,815	\$	2,147,544	\$	(1,346,354)
	1,720,243		(303,803)		523,418		87,350		719,346
\$	2,082,163	\$	1,960,832	\$	4,423,233	\$	2,234,894	\$	(627,008)
						-		-	

						Restated				
		<u>2008</u>		<u>2009</u>		<u>2010 (1)</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	42,721	\$	42,034	\$	50,022
Committed		-		-		380,484		360,215		442,531
Assigned		-		-		1,832,419		2,287,384		1,348,736
Unassigned		-		-		10,266,922		10,756,154		11,307,767
Reserved		1,952,111		1,304,239		-		-		-
Unreserved, designated		-		915,000		-		-		-
Unreserved		19,029,818		11,813,674						
Total general fund	\$	20,981,929	\$	14,032,913	\$	12,522,546	\$	13,445,787	\$	13,149,056
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	\$		\$		\$	3,763,299	\$	3,340,482	\$	2,849,291
Restricted	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,661,587	Ψ	1,788,921	Ψ	1,937,880
Committed		_		-		3,165,623		2,536,378		2,073,419
Assigned		_				3,103,023		2,330,376		2,073,417
Unassigned						(3,195,166)		(3,755,190)		(2,074,380)
Reserved		6,517,093		8,079,431		(3,173,100)		(3,733,170)		(2,074,300)
Unreserved, reported in:		0,517,075		0,077,431						
Special revenue funds		1,306,895		1,445,453		_		_		_
Capital projects funds		(4,158,504)		(1,453,242)		_		_		_
Debt service funds		221,577		243,154		-				<u>-</u>
Total all other governmental funds	\$	3,887,061	\$	8,314,796	\$	5,395,343	\$	3,910,591	\$	4,786,210

<sup>(1)</sup> Prior year amounts have not been restated for the implementation of GASB Statement 54.(2) The large change in fund balance during 2014 is due to the issuance of \$5,710,000 in refunding bond anticipation notes.

<u>2013</u>	2014 (2)	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
\$ 39,372 542,531 1,549,018 10,402,258	\$ 34,636 642,531 683,527 11,068,945	\$ 27,552 281,103 708,434 12,284,198	\$ 61,808 793,528 593,417 13,978,050	\$ 58,110 778,590 1,289,226 13,952,840
\$ 12,533,179	\$ 12,429,639	\$ 13,301,287	\$ 15,426,803	\$ 16,078,766
\$ 95,238 2,822,178 2,012,467	\$ 115,829 3,207,520 2,057,468 - (5,675,573)	\$ 115,167 3,495,329 2,083,166 - (5,070,761)	\$ 94,393 3,515,142 2,160,426 - (4,251,864)	\$ 93,705 3,193,409 1,818,386 - (3,619,658)
 -	- -	 <u> </u>	 <u> </u>	- -
\$ 4,929,883	\$ (294,756)	\$ 622,901	\$ 1,518,097	\$ 1,485,842

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
REVENUES  Municipal income taxes  Property and other taxes	\$ 11,905,601 2,097,501	\$ 9,377,445 1.674,192	\$ 11,031,533 1,973,483	\$ 11,811,152 1,614,735	\$ 12,554,400 1,533,779	\$ 12,667,627 1,232,843	\$ 13,019,647 1,281,724	\$ 13,873,876 1.276,849	\$ 14,553,185 1,275,898	\$ 13,714,997 1,295,864
Charges for services	3,625,059	3,544,147	3,647,220	3,685,674	3,485,052	3,463,040	3,669,349	3,750,556	3,592,620	3,638,049
Fines, licenses and permits	1,675,186	1,580,539	1,689,318	1,560,665	1,639,877	1,828,789	1,796,072	1,866,756	1,911,822	1,968,089
Intergovernmental revenues	3,703,037	3,891,817	5,034,523	3,669,156	3,544,825	2,712,119	3,562,887	3,817,380	2,284,559	2,097,904
Special assessments	27,739	17,950	9,606	7,862	10,231	7,757	6,018	24,246	10,088	28,095
Investment income	1,211,322	622,173	254,537	492,580	208,984	20,362	215,329	129,436	119,752	282,336
Payments in lieu of taxes	21,354	16,856	108,512	107,720	43,956	84,136	196,368	105,453	106,688	99,979
Other	146,798	39,536	132,485	76,244	103,708	545,020	309,685	164,552	282,277	377,171
Total revenues	24,413,597	20,764,655	23,881,217	23,025,788	23,124,812	22,561,693	24,057,079	25,009,104	24,136,889	23,502,484
EXPENDITURES										
General government	6,076,275	7,381,632	5,374,258	5,410,595	5,496,187	5,276,604	5,252,837	4,894,718	4,527,753	4,981,109
Public safety	6,105,935	6,105,910	6,096,542	6,308,866	6,187,676	6,822,655	6,832,743	6,813,125	6,952,097	7,408,236
Public works	3,453,508	4,877,949	4,069,538	3,745,331	4,884,241	3,844,621	3,433,779	3,419,534	3,386,391	3,670,307
Recreation	3,418,795	3,558,865	3,486,776	3,500,732	3,349,081	3,389,173	3,731,450	3,623,674	3,280,416	3,581,667
Capital outlay	3,787,251	4,477,252	7,279,564	3,042,512	1,190,438	2,135,887	3,589,683	4,407,748	2,263,170	2,694,434
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	632,844	1,011,352	935,008	963,819	997,791	1,021,931	6,847,216	520,306	563,031	545,311
Interest and fiscal charges	606,004	635,638	669,351	615,444	580,937	543,026	359,838	201,615	238,849	237,742
Bond issuance costs	-	97,735	-	-	-	-	-	5,500	2,750	-
Current refunding							149,300			
Total expenditures	24,080,612	28,146,333	27,911,037	23,587,299	22,686,351	23,033,897	30,196,846	23,886,220	21,214,457	23,118,806
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	332,985	(7,381,678)	(4,029,820)	(561,511)	438,461	(472,204)	(6,139,767)	1,122,884	2,922,432	383,678
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	)									
Proceeds of loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	308,334	866,421	161,775	110,899
Proceeds of bonds	-	4,755,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inception of capital lease	-	-	-	-	-	-	461,016	-	-	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	50,304	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	34,755	55,093	-	-	140,427	-	42,238	-	24,889	485,131
Transfers in	4,439,244	6,841,691	4,253,092	2,561,151	3,855,648	4,047,930	3,456,840	3,338,920	1,793,157	2,718,775
Transfer out	(4,439,244)	(6,841,691)	(4,653,092)	(2,561,151)	(3,855,648)	(4,047,930)	(3,456,840)	(3,538,920)	(1,881,541)	(3,078,775)
Total other financing sources (uses)	34,755	4,860,397	(400,000)		140,427		811,588	666,421	98,280	236,030
Net change in fund balance	\$ 367,740	\$ (2,521,281)	\$ (4,429,820)	\$ (561,511)	\$ 578,888	\$ (472,204)	\$ (5,328,179)	\$ 1,789,305	\$ 3,020,712	\$ 619,708
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	6.1%	7.0%	7.8%	7.7%	7.3%	7.5%	27.1%	3.7%	4.2%	3.8%

<sup>(1)</sup> Modified accrual basis of accounting.

			Real	Property (1)			Public U	tility (2)	Tangible Person	nal Property	(3)		Tota	1	Weighted	Total City
_	Collection Year	Assessed Value		nmercial/ strial/PU	Estimated Actual Value	Ass	sessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estim Actual		Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value	Average Tax Rate	Direct Rate
	2017	\$ 328,119,460	\$	38,830	\$ 937,595,114	\$	7,829,300	\$ 20,107,066	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 335,987,590	\$	957,702,180	35.98%	\$ 4.14
	2016	323,668,040		40,210	924,880,714		7,364,480	18,913,324	-		-	331,072,730		943,794,038	35.98%	4.14
	2015	326,292,560		39,830	932,378,257		7,254,310	18,630,387	-		-	333,586,700		951,008,644	35.98%	4.14
	2014	335,503,500		39,180	958,693,371		7,037,090	18,072,527	-		-	342,579,770		976,765,898	35.98%	4.14
	2013	332,400,670		37,770	949,824,114		6,375,710	16,373,983	-		-	338,814,150		966,198,097	35.90%	4.14
	2012	334,185,190		45,420	954,944,600		5,995,890	15,398,536	-		-	340,226,500		970,343,136	35.84%	4.14
	2011	358,924,870		40,320	1,025,614,829		5,873,700	15,084,730	-		-	364,838,890		1,040,699,558	35.77%	4.14
<b>2</b>	2010	361,083,290		37,350	1,031,773,257		5,638,060	14,479,563	116,150	2,3	23,000	366,874,850		1,048,575,820	35.77%	4.14
-9	2009	362,557,370		32,220	1,035,970,257		5,715,530	14,678,520	696,660	6,9	66,600	369,001,780		1,057,615,377	35.57%	4.14
	2008	363,742,150		28,420	1,039,344,486		5,625,360	14,446,947	25,112,712	40,1	80,339	394,508,642		1,093,971,772	36.71%	4.14

Source: Montgomery County Auditor

<sup>(1)</sup> Real estate value is assessed at 35% of appraised market value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Public utility personal property is assessed at 88% of true value for half of 2008-2017, the other half at 25% of true value. (3) Tangible personal property is assessed at 6.25% for 2008 and 0% for 2009-2017.

Year	Current Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections (1)	Deliquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Oustanding Deliquent Taxes to Current Tax Levy	Total Direct Tax Rate
2017	\$ 1,390,989	\$ 1,354,172	\$ 30,666	\$ 1,384,838	97.35%	\$ 27,446	1.97%	\$ 95.37
2016	1,370,641	1,346,397	35,325	1,381,722	98.23%	33,702	2.46%	95.45
2015	1,381,049	1,332,247	44,994	1,377,241	99.72%	33,976	2.46%	94.53
2014	1,418,280	1,357,528	10,260	1,367,788	96.44%	37,865	2.67%	93.50
2013	1,402,691	1,367,332	32,882	1,400,214	99.82%	33,275	2.37%	86.54
2012	1,408,538	1,363,912	42,503	1,406,415	99.85%	30,429	2.16%	84.92
2011	1,510,433	1,454,051	44,039	1,498,090	99.18%	39,136	2.59%	84.02
2010	1,518,862	1,459,807	48,781	1,508,588	99.32%	88,379	5.82%	83.13
2009	1,527,667	1,461,956	44,273	1,506,229	98.60%	107,679	7.05%	82.60
2008	1,633,266	1,584,325	47,460	1,631,785	99.91%	83,409	5.11%	81.32

Source: Montgomery County Auditor

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents amounts collected by the County for the City during the year indicated.

	-	City Dire	ct Rates		Overlapping Rates								
Calledian	Comment		D. U.	T 1	Caranta	Vandalia-Butler	Miami Valley Career		T-4-1				
Collection	General		Police	Total	County	City	Technology		Total				
Year	Fund	Charter	Pension	City	Levy	Schools	Center	Library	Levy				
2017	\$ 1.54	\$ 2.30	\$ 0.30	\$4.14	\$ 22.94	\$ 62.40	\$ 2.58	\$ 3.31	\$ 95.37				
2016	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	22.94	62.48	2.58	3.31	95.45				
2015	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	21.94	62.56	2.58	3.31	94.53				
2014	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	20.94	62.53	2.58	3.31	93.50				
2013	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	20.94	55.57	2.58	3.31	86.54				
2012	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	20.94	55.51	2.58	1.75	84.92				
2011	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	20.94	54.61	2.58	1.75	84.02				
2010	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	20.94	53.72	2.58	1.75	83.13				
2009	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	20.94	53.69	2.58	1.25	82.60				
2008	1.54	2.30	0.30	4.14	20.24	53.11	2.58	1.25	81.32				

Source: Montgomery County Auditor

		2008		2017					
			Percentage of				Percentage of		
	Taxable		Total City		Taxable		Total City		
	Assessed		Taxable		Assessed		Taxable		
	Value	Rank	Assessed Value		Value	Rank	Assessed Value		
<u>Taxpayer</u>									
MO Northwoods LLC	\$ 2,129,490	5	0.59%	\$	2,496,310	1	0.76%		
Anchor PH Vandalia LLC	-		0.00%		2,467,500	2	0.75%		
Sand Lake Plaza LLC	2,310,910	4	0.64%		2,281,150	3	0.70%		
Realty Income Properties 6 LLC	-		0.00%		2,084,950	4	0.64%		
Garrett-Ryan LLC	1,511,720	9	0.42%		1,936,960	5	0.59%		
DDC Hotels Inc	-		0.00%		1,824,740	6	0.56%		
Floriday LLC	-		0.00%		1,770,840	7	0.54%		
Certa Vandalia LLC	-		0.00%		1,612,800	8	0.49%		
3920 Space Drive Building	1,718,380	8	0.47%		1,551,620	9	0.47%		
Eurand America Inc.	-		0.00%		1,543,920	10	0.47%		
Dayton Power & Light Co.	5,358,160	1	1.47%		-		0.00%		
Delphi Automotive System	3,791,260	2	1.04%		-		0.00%		
The Iams Company	3,003,390	3	0.83%		-		0.00%		
Timberlake Limited Partners	2,043,160	6	0.56%		-		0.00%		
Poe Ave. 6196 LLC	1,918,070	7	0.53%		-		0.00%		
7124 Poe Ave LLC	 1,494,850	10	0.41%		-		0.00%		
Total of above	\$ 25,279,390		<u>6.96</u> %	\$	19,570,790		<u>5.97</u> %		
Total City	\$ 363,770,570			\$	328,158,290				

Source: Montgomery County Auditor.

		2008			2017		
			Percentage of			Percentage of	
	Taxable		Total City	Taxable		Total City	
	Assessed		Taxable	Assessed		Taxable	
	Value (1)	Rank	Assessed Value	Value	Rank	Assessed Value	
<u>Taxpayer</u>							
Dayton Power	\$ 5,358,160	1	95.25%	\$ 7,112,070	1	90.84%	
Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio	-		0.00%	716,320	2	9.15%	
Buckeye Power Inc.	-		0.00%	910	3	0.01%	
Ohio Bell Telephone Co.	523,070	2	9.30%			0.00%	
Total of above	\$ 5,881,230		104.55%	\$ 7,829,300		100.00%	
Total City	\$ 5,625,360			\$ 7,829,300			

Source: Montgomery County Auditor.

<sup>(1)</sup> The City's total assessed values is an estimate provided by the County Auditor that is reduced to reflect collections based upon the phase out of personal property. Reduced valuation amounts are not available by individual taxpayers.

				Percentage		Percentage		Percentage
				of Taxes		of Taxes	Taxes	of Taxes
Tax	Tax	Total Tax	Taxes from	from	Taxes From	from	From	from
Year	Rate	Collected	Withholding	Withholding	Net Profits	Net Profits	Individuals	Individuals
2017	2.00%	\$ 14,471,223	\$ 11,571,527	79.96%	\$ 1,545,989	10.68%	\$ 1,353,708	9.35%
2016	2.00	15,434,555	11,575,620	75.00	2,291,415	14.85	1,567,520	10.16
2015	2.00	14,449,582	10,791,743	74.69	2,226,693	15.41	1,431,146	9.90
2014	2.00	13,873,413	10,518,990	75.82	1,953,374	14.08	1,401,049	10.10
2013	2.00	13,234,807	10,015,750	75.68	1,826,881	13.80	1,392,176	10.52
2012	2.00	12.047.420	0.500.511	74.07	1.070.254	15.20	1 270 464	10.65
2012	2.00	12,947,429	9,590,711	74.07	1,978,254	15.28	1,378,464	10.65
2011	2.00	12 006 020	0.100.140	75.36	1.504.060	12.20	1 202 022	11.44
2011	2.00	12,086,039	9,108,148	73.30	1,594,969	13.20	1,382,922	11.44
2010	2.00	11,174,601	8,741,078	78.22	1,185,925	10.61	1,247,598	11.16
2010	2.00	11,174,001	6,741,076	10.22	1,103,923	10.01	1,247,396	11.10
2009	2.00	11,422,710	9,110,018	79.75	1,047,443	9.17	1,265,248	11.08
2007	2.00	11,722,710	>,110,016	17.13	1,047,443	7.17	1,203,240	11.00
2008	2.00	12,939,570	10,114,059	78.16	1,462,797	11.30	1,362,714	10.53
2300	2.00	12,757,570	10,111,000	, 5.10	1,.02,777	11.50	1,502,711	10.55

Source: City income tax records.

		C	overnmenta	1 Activities (1)			Busine Acti	ss-Typ vities	e				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	ral tion OPWC Loan Ca <sub>l</sub>		Capital Leases	OPWC Loans		Capital Leases	Total Primary Govern- ment	Percentage of Personal Income	Total Debt Per Capita			
2017	\$ 2,144,682	\$	35,508	\$ 1,130,750	\$	120,433	\$ 67,061	\$	51,614	\$ 3,550,048	0.85%	\$	233
2016	2,457,755		-	1,196,910		214,193	-		91,797	3,960,655	0.95%		260
2015	2,761,205		-	1,149,528		362,831	-		131,020	4,404,584	1.06%		289
2014	3,060,025		-	308,334		562,910	-		169,306	4,100,575	0.99%		269
2013	9,644,015		-	-		274,110	-		-	9,918,125	2.39%		651
2012	10,543,316		-	-		376,041	-		-	10,919,357	2.63%		716
2011	11,420,417		-	-		473,832	-		-	11,894,249	2.86%		780
2010	12,265,384		-	-		567,651	-		-	12,833,035	3.09%		842
2009	13,083,289		-	-		657,659	-		-	13,740,948	3.89%		941
2008	9,109,619		-	-		744,011	-		-	9,853,630	2.79%		675

 $<sup>(1) \</sup> Details \ regarding \ the \ City's \ outstanding \ debt \ can \ be \ found \ in \ Note \ 9 \ \& \ 11 \ in \ the \ current \ financial \ statements.$ 

	Govern	nmental Activities	(1)
		Percentage of	
	General	Actual Taxable	
Fiscal	Obligation	Value of	Per
Year	Bonds	Property	Capita
2017	\$ 2,144,682	0.65%	\$ 141
2016	2,457,755	0.74%	161
2015	2,761,205	0.83%	181
2014	3,060,025	0.89%	201
2013	9,644,015	2.85%	633
2012	10,543,316	3.10%	692
2011	11,420,417	3.13%	749
2010	12,265,384	3.34%	804
2009	13,083,289	3.55%	896
2008	9,109,619	2.31%	624

<sup>(1)</sup> Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in Note 9 & 11 in the current financial statements.

Governmental Unit	Ou	Debt	Percentage applicable to City (1)	Amount applicable to City
Vandalia-Butler City School District	\$	55,223,822	56.83%	\$ 31,383,698
Montgomery County		30,723,402	3.69%	1,133,694
Subtotal, overlapping debt				32,517,392
City of Vandalia governmental activities direc	t deb	ot		3,431,373
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 35,948,765

<sup>(1)</sup> Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

<sup>(2)</sup> All debt reported as of December 31, 2017, except for Vandalia-Butler School District which is reported as of June 30, 2017.

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Year Ending December 31, 2017		Unvoted	Overall							
Total assessed valuation		\$335,987,590	\$335,987,590							
Debt limitation - 5.5% of assessed val	luation	18,479,317								
Debt limitation - 10.5% of assessed v	aluation		35,278,697							
Debt applicable to limitation: Gross indebtedness Exempt debt: Bond anticipation notes State infrastructure bank loan OPWC loans Amount available in debt servi Total debt applicable to limitation Legal debt margin		8,755,048 (5,205,000) (1,130,750) (102,569) (95,062) 2,221,667 \$ 16,257,650	8,755,048 (5,205,000) (1,130,750) (102,569) (95,062) 2,221,667 \$ 33,057,030							
	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Debt limit	\$ 41,423,407	\$ 38,745,187	\$ 38,521,859	\$ 38,308,083	\$ 35,723,783	\$ 35,575,486	\$ 35,970,876	\$ 35,026,604	\$ 34,762,637	\$ 35,278,697
Total net debt applicable to limit	9,184,580	13,006,846	12,155,698	11,279,512	10,627,927	9,695,024	9,450,099	3,185,511	2,681,210	2,221,667
Legal debt margin	\$ 32,238,827	\$ 25,738,341	\$ 26,366,161	\$ 27,028,571	\$ 25,095,856	\$ 25,880,462	\$ 26,520,777	\$ 31,841,093	\$ 32,081,427	\$ 33,057,030
Total net debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit	22.17%	33.57%	31.56%	29.44%	29.75%	27.25%	26.27%	9.09%	7.71%	6.30%

CITY OF VANDALIA, OHIO Schedule of Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Years

GENERAL BONDED DEBT	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	2011	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Debt service	996,927	1,409,691	1,408,129	1,409,648	1,414,384	1,406,946	1,245,640	409,615	405,765	406,015
General governmental expenditures	24,080,612	28,146,333	27,911,037	23,587,299	22,686,351	23,033,897	30,196,846	23,886,220	21,214,457	23,118,806
Ratio of debt service to general governmental expenditures	4.14%	5.01%	5.05%	5.98%	6.23%	6.11%	4.13%	1.71%	1.91%	1.76%

Note: All years presented are reported on a GAAP basis.

2008 and 2017			201	7		200	8
				Percentage			Percentage
				of Total City			of Total City
Employer (1)	<u>Industry</u>	<b>Employees</b>	Rank	Employment	<b>Employees</b>	Rank	Employment
Staffmark Investment LLC (formerly CBS Personnel)	Employment Agency	702	1	1.47%	-		0.00%
GE Aviation (formerly Smiths Aerospace)	Aerospace Engineering & Manufacturing	528	2	1.11%	423	4	0.76%
All Service Plastic Molding	Injection Molding	526	3	1.10%	-		0.00%
Vandalia - Butler Schools	Schools	512	4	1.07%	674	2	1.22%
City of Vandalia	Local Government	477	5	1.00%	553	3	1.00%
SAIA Burgess, Inc. (formerly Johnson Controls)	Electronics Manufacturing	301	6	0.63%	300	6	0.54%
Kroger Limited Partnership	Grocery Retail	295	7	0.62%	-		0.00%
Dayton Freight Lines, Inc.	Trucking Company	276	8	0.58%	-		0.00%
Adare Pharmaceuticals Inc. (formerly Aptalis Pharmatec	h Specialty Pharmaceutical Company	252	9	0.53%	-		0.00%
Projects Unlimited	Manufacturing electronic parts	212	10	0.44%	-		0.00%
Delphi Automotive System)	Automotive Manufacturing & Engineering	-		0.00%	1,015	1	1.84%
Coorstek Medical LLC (formerly IMDS Holding Corp)	Medical Device Design & Manufacturing	-		0.00%	306	5	0.55%
P&G Pet Care (formerly Iams)	Headquarters - Cat & Dog Food	-		0.00%	234	7	0.42%
Evenflo	Headquarters - Juvenile Products Manufacturer	-		0.00%	188	8	0.34%
Eurand	Pharmaceutical and biopharmaceutical products	-		0.00%	170	9	0.31%
Exhibit Concepts	Trade Show Design and Fabrication			0.00%	120	10	0.22%
		4,081		8.55%	3,983		7.20%

Source: City Income Tax Department W2 Audit Listing.

<sup>(1)</sup> Number of employees are based on W-2's filed within the City income tax department without direct contact or confirmation from the employers. The totals may not include part-time and temporary employees.

Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (5)	Personal Income Per Capita (1)	Median Household Income (1)	Median Age (1)	Educational Attainment: Bachelor's Degree or Higher (1)	School Enrollment (2)	City of Vandalia Unemployment Rate (3)	Average Sales Price of Residential Property (4)	Total Assessed Property Value (4)
2017	15,246	\$ 415,514,484	\$ 27,254	\$ 49,539	41.3	3,095	3,065	4.4%	\$ 155,762	\$ 335,987,590
2016	15,246	415,514,484	27,254	49,539	41.3	3,095	3,071	4.6%	156,896	331,072,730
2015	15,246	415,514,484	27,254	49,539	41.3	3,095	2,999	4.7%	136,890	333,586,700
2014	15,246	415,514,484	27,254	49,539	41.3	3,095	3,156	4.6%	133,490	342,579,770
2013	15,246	415,514,484	27,254	49,539	41.3	3,095	3,324	7.0%	135,048	338,814,150
2012	15,246	415,514,484	27,254	49,539	41.3	3,095	3,325	7.0%	119,712	340,226,500
2011	15,246	415,514,484	27,254	49,539	41.3	3,095	3,331	8.5%	166,450	364,838,890
2010	15,246	415,514,484	27,254	49,539	41.3	3,095	3,351	10.1%	124,840	366,874,850
2009	14,603	353,377,997	24,199	44,463	38.1	2,215	3,422	11.4%	122,681	369,001,780
2008	14,603	353,377,997	24,199	44,463	38.1	2,215	3,411	7.2%	137,168	394,508,642

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: U. S. Census

<sup>(</sup>a) Years 2008 through 2009 - 2000 Federal Census (b) Years 2010 through 2017 - 2010 Federal Census

<sup>(2)</sup> Source: Ohio Department of Education (3) Source: Ohio Department of Job and Family Services (4) Source: Montgomery County Auditor

<sup>(5)</sup> Computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population

CITY OF VANDALIA, OHIO Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
General Government										
Council	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Finance	6.50	6.00	5.00	5.50	5.50	6.50	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.50
Tax	9.00	4.50	8.00	8.50	8.50	8.50	9.50	11.00	10.50	9.00
City Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Law	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Administration	7.00	7.00	6.50	6.50	6.50	8.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	7.00
Engineer	9.00	7.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	8.50	9.00	9.50	9.00
Planning	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Court	27.50	24.50	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	29.00	30.00	27.50
Public Building	19.00	7.00	7.50	7.50	7.50	8.50	18.00	18.00	17.00	19.00
Security of Persons and Property										
Police	32.00	32.00	32.00	32.00	32.00	32.00	32.00	32.00	31.00	32.00
Police - Auxiliary/Guards	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Police - Dispatchers/Office/Other	12.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	10.50	12.00	12.00	12.00
Fire	44.00	46.50	37.50	37.50	37.50	37.50	40.50	49.00	43.00	44.00
Fire - Secretary - Other	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Leisure Time Activities										
Recreation	118.00	126.00	119.00	119.00	119.00	123.50	103.50	122.00	112.50	118.00
Municipal Pool	6.00	3.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	8.50	5.50	7.00	4.50	6.00
Golf Course	32.50	24.00	21.50	21.50	21.50	22.50	20.00	25.00	29.50	32.50
Transportation										
Service	19.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	20.00	20.50	21.00	19.50	19.00
Basic Utility Services										
Water	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Wastewater	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Totals:	354.50	328.00	317.00	318.00	318.00	333.00	320.00	361.00	345.50	354.50

Source: City Payroll Department W2 Audit Listing
Method: Using 1.0 for each full-time employee and 0.50 for each
part-time and seasonal employee at year end.

Function/Program	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
General Government										
Square Footage Occupied	23,843	23,843	23,843	23,843	23,843	23,843	23,843	23,843	23,843	23,843
Administrative Vehicles	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1
Inspection Vehicles	5	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8
Municipal Court Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square Footage of Building	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219	43,219
Vehicles	26	25	25	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Fire										
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
Number of fire hydrants	802	802	802	770	770	770	770	770	770	765
Square Footage of Building	33,443	33,443	33,443	33,443	33,443	33,443	33,443	33,443	18,000	18,000
Vehicles	14	15	15	17	17	17	16	16	19	18
Recreation										
Number of Parks	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Number of Pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Golf Courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Tennis Courts	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Number of Baseball Fields	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Number of Senior Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Soccer Fields	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Square Footage of										
Recreation Center	58,357	58,357	58,357	58,357	58,357	58,357	58,357	58,357	58,357	58,357
Vehicles	21	21	21	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Other Public Works										
Streets (miles)	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	89.0	82.5	83.5
Service Vehicles	28	26	26	24	24	24	29	29	27	25
Wastewater										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	74	74	74	74	74	73	73	73	73	73
Storm Sewers (miles)	78	78	78	78	77	76	76	75	74	73
Water Department										
Water Lines (miles)	87	87	87	87	87	85	85	85	85	85
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: City of Vandalia

Function/Program	2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
General Government					
Council and Clerk					
Number of Ordinances Passed	33	36	26	33	18
Number of Resolutions Passed	93	103	111	74	64
Number of Planning Commission docket items	33	44	1	1	14
Zoning Board of Appeals docket items	16	17	5	12	13
Finance Department					
Number of payroll checks issued	74	87	104	116	117
Number of payroll direct deposits issued	9,619	9,161	9,854	9,571	9,580
Number of checks/ vouchers issued	3,665	3,988	4,426	4,917	4,774
Amount of checks written (\$000 omitted)	\$16,129	\$15,231	\$18,278	\$20,342	\$19,613
Interest earnings for fiscal year (cash basis)	\$201,158	\$146,071	\$137,269	\$138,696	\$161,018
Number of Budget Adjustments issued	6	3	4	7	6
Agency Ratings - Moody's Financial Services	Aa2	Aa2	Aa2	Aa2	Aa2
Health Insurance Costs vs General Fund Expenditures %	6.31%	7.02%	7.94%	6.68%	7.67%
General Fund Receipts (cash basis, \$000 omitted)	\$23,592	\$22,808	\$21,971	\$20,829	\$20,856
General Fund Expenditures (cash basis, \$000 omitted)	\$22,261	\$21,673	\$21,131	\$21,980	\$21,885
General Fund Cash Balances (\$000 omitted)	\$14,595	\$13,263	\$12,128	\$11,288	\$12,439
Income Tax Department					
Number of Individual/Business Returns	12,291	12,949	22,605	24,212	23,466
Number of business withholding accounts	2,520	2,649	2,331	3,604	3,604
Amount of Penalties and Interest Collected \$	101,284	\$ 122,520	\$ 113,693	\$ 118,174	\$ 109,648
Annual number of withholding forms processed	22,603	21,906	32,757	36,703	44,153
Annual number of balance due statements forms processed	4,811	6,257	10,626	10,431	8,759
Annual number of estimated payment forms processed Annual number of reconciliations of withholdings processed	3,023 2,520	3,508 2,649	5,613 4,617	5,779 4,360	5,397 4,321
•	2,020	2,0.9	1,017	1,500	1,021
Engineer Contracted Services					
Dollar amount of Construction overseen by Engineer	\$1,325,899	\$1,531,693	\$1,047,864	\$512,644	\$831,792
Municipal Court					
Number of Civil Cases	1,996	1,807	1,628	2,065	2,040
Number of Criminal/Traffic cases	14,533	14,471	14,293	14,000	12,398
Civil Service					
Number of police entry tests administered	2	1	1	0	1
Number of fire entry tests administered	4	1	1	0	0
Number of police promotional tests administered	0	0	0	0	0
Number of hires of Police Officers from certified lists	3	2	0	1	0
Number of hires of Fire/Medics from certified lists	2	2	0	0	0
Number of promotions from police certified lists	0	1	0	0	0
Building Department Indicators					
Construction Permits Issued	67	72	71	69	85
Estimated Value of Construction	\$7,543,900	\$4,680,457	\$21,137,691	\$8,783,595	\$31,879,840
Number of permits issued	741	739	815	754	750
Amount of Revenue generated from permits	\$177,673	\$138,914	\$202,980	\$110,652	\$162,512
Revenue generated from above 1,2,3,4	\$177,673	\$138,914	\$202,980	\$110,652	\$162,512

 2012	2011		2010	 2009	 2008
16		23	16	26	36
16 45		23 59	16 73	26 50	32
8		9	73	11	12
6		12	9	12	14
212	1	52	2,887	9,821	10,223
9,061	9,0	72	6,728	0	0
4,339	4,9		4,420	5,414	5,483
\$16,016	\$24,1	59	\$25,311	\$27,569	\$25,584
\$231,689	\$302,1	77	\$482,534	\$869,217	\$1,152,344
6		5	2	8	5
Aa2	Aa2		Aa2	Aa3	Aa3
8.55%	6.82%		8.20%	5.69%	8.06%
\$20,496	\$20,0		\$19,407	\$20,269	\$22,013
\$21,111	\$19,4		\$20,891	\$25,217	\$21,297
\$13,468	\$14,0	83	\$13,491	\$14,974	\$19,921
14,984	22,6	14	23,042	21,443	22,735
3,296	2,5	20	3,248	3,033	3,870
\$ 112,041	\$ 106,6	39	\$ 102,271	\$ 79,520	\$ 104,063
26,641	38,1	18	31,205	26,310	27,470
6,252	9,8	08	9,521	5,839	7,103
3,564	5,3	25	5,045	4,508	4,825
2,640	3,4	46	4,146	4,130	4,001
\$1,266,695	\$1,157,5	91	\$2,240,166	\$1,653,024	\$2,988,960
2,040	3,0		2,284	2,090	2,339
11,754	14,2	69	14,666	15,779	17,872
1		0	0	1	1
0		0	1	0	0
0		0	0	1	0
0		0	1	2	0
0		0	1	0	5
0		0	0	2	0
83		78	97	96	145
\$12,735,073	\$17,119,4		\$52,879,415	\$12,029,682	\$17,258,702
750		61	\$32,879,413 725	\$12,029,082 751	910
\$166,082	\$140,6		\$210,717	\$125,340	\$193,684
\$166,082	\$140,6 \$140,6		\$210,717	\$125,340	\$193,684
Ψ100,002	Ψ140,0		Ψ210,/1/	Ψ123,340	Ψ175,004

Function/Program	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Security of Persons & Property					
Police					
Total Calls for Services	14,405	13,545	12,983	13,610	14,029
Number of traffic citations issued	1,394	1,213	1,365	1,342	1,372
Number of parking citations issued	57	103	61	100	101
Number of criminal arrests	607	626	574	622	678
Number of accident reports completed	358	339	312	270	259
Part 1 Offenses (major offenses)	376	400	521	440	418
Reserve officers hours worked	0	320	235	6	88
DUI Arrests	77	75	86	101	69
Prisoners Proceessed - Temporary Holdings	55	67	78	124	143
Property damage accidents	286	263	229	210	199
Fatalities from Motor Vehicle Accidents	0	0	2	0	0
Gasoline costs of fleet	\$44,659	\$42,436	\$62,658	\$80,138	\$85,806
DARE youth program	0	0	0	0	255
Community Diversion Program Youths (Be Proud)	0	0	0	0	0
Volunteer Service Program	0	207	139	164	0
Fire					
EMS Calls	2,554	2,526	2,441	2,199	2,932
Ambulance Billing Collections (net)	\$530,308	\$451,399	\$521,946	\$500,094	\$499,769
Fire Calls	898	1,066	859	1,056	956
Fires with Loss	15	11	78	30	28
Fires with Losses exceeding \$10K	1	5	7	5	1
Fire Losses \$	\$50,275	\$408,852	\$749.186	\$87,850	\$51,300
Fire Safety Inspections	339	332	721	801	408
Number of times Mutual Aid given to Fire and EMS	174	121	96	79	262
Number of times Mutual Aid received for Fire and EMS	117	83	105	63	150
Public Health and Welfare					
Cemetery burials	22	29	27	27	16
Cemetery cremations	15	11	3	18	12
Cemetery sale of lots	32	30	29	46	64
Cemetery receipts	\$31,883	\$27,267	\$25,273	\$30,778	\$37,876
Leisure Time Activities					
Recreation					
Recreation Swimming pool receipts	\$50,196	\$49,242	\$44,568	\$36,525	\$31,896
Recreation Mens & Womens Leagues receipts	38,270	39,781	40,697	42,743	46,295
Recreation Programs	95,371	108,290	100,509	99,033	95,015
Youth Soccer League	30,129	32,674	30,920	33,378	30,202
Youth Baseball League	55,395	37,729	35,838	38,024	42,134
Facilities rentals	44,631	58,113	59,922	98,894	102,826
Total Recreation Department receipts	\$313,992	\$325,829	\$312,454	\$348,597	\$348,368
<b>Community Development</b>					
Grant amounts received due to Economic Development Dept.	\$282,500	\$0	\$25,000	\$500,000	\$500,000
Basic Utility Services					
Refuse disposal per year (in tons) January through December	5,920	5,615	5,511	5,466	5,509
Refuse disposal costs per year January through December	\$940,552	\$862,134	\$870,856	\$912,886	\$880,000
Annual recycling tonnage (excluding leaf, and compost items)	810	718	666	662	719

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
14,241	14,395	13,496	13,335	13,714
1,370	801	1,052	957	1,371
90	113	72	33	49
761	596	596	547	703
239	246	256	266	316
461 786	425 415	462 119	346 162	114 774
67	90	77	88	90
179	177	146	213	210
178	192	206	193	250
0	0	0	1	0
\$91,232	\$101,826	\$70,170	\$59,080	\$83,611
260	294	293	400	267
0	0	0	0	2
0	0	0	0	0
2.721	2.266	2.062	2.021	1.005
2,721	2,266	2,062	2,031	1,995
\$472,184 754	\$548,836 470	\$554,865 455	\$529,248 527	\$581,785 850
21	7	433 7	8	21
7	2	2	2	8
\$921,550	\$76,200	\$197,110	\$471,600	\$609,050
368	300	477	473	457
247	184	116	159	212
192	118	167	145	85
26	29	24	26	24
26 8	5	34	26 5	24 7
43	34	53	22	47
\$30,178	\$29,938	\$40,914	\$22,150	\$25,215
\$38,150	\$51,388	\$54,193	\$43,000	\$46,586
41,948	50,892	49,863	13,774	12,160
95,980	86,748	92,790	79,216	85,573
28,965	31,051	33,230	31,940	32,880
43,929	44,368	43,767	47,468	49,597
134,581	152,995	155,517	153,177	100,782
\$383,553	\$417,442	\$429,360	\$368,575	\$327,578
\$475,000	\$628,748	\$109,957	\$727,677	\$472,736
5,770	5,805	5,835	6,036	6,360
\$855,695	\$843,000	\$805,000	\$786,883	\$742,000
644	723	683	622	638

Function/Program	 2017	 2016	 2015	_	2014	 2013
Transportation						
Street Improvements - asphalt overlay (linear feet)	17,921	21,152	17,773		13,310	15,963
Rejuvenating Spray on Streets (Miles)	0	0	0		0	0
Crackseal Coating Program (Miles)	0	0	0		0	0
Street Repair (Concrete, asphalt, crack sealing) (hours)	2,886	3,361	3,895		3,758	3,750
Mowing (hours)	888	690	562		658	962
Paint Striping (hours)	1,098	1,180	784		872	1,118
Street Sweeper (hours)	915	1,084	993		849	758
Snow & Ice Removal regular hours	248	488	844		735	910
Sewer and Sanitary calls for service (hours)	1,382	124	1,234		794	643
Fire hydrants (hours)	184	244	356		401	528
Catch basin (hours)	2,762	1,932	2,705		2,489	1,898
Water and Water calls for service (hours)	2,337	2,044	2,006		3,039	2,503
Leaf collection (hours)	1,476	1,660	1,454		1,792	1,512
Holiday lights setup (hours)	241	240	310		244	384
Burial services (hours)	584	564	431		516	278
Equipment repair/body shop (hours)	3,557	3,528	3,542		3,738	3,960
Sign department (hours)	2,460	2,898	2,764		2,838	3,079
Building maintenance (hours)	758	1,242	1,178		1,382	1,004
Other (hours)	2,429	1,886	1,325		1,365	1,476
Water Department						
Water Rates per 1st 300 Cu ft of water used (2,250 gallons)	\$ 14.80	\$ 13.34	\$ 13.34	\$	13.34	\$ 13.34
Avg. number of water accounts billed monthly (Cu. Ft.)	5,400	5,390	5,425		5,444	5,427
Total Water Collections Annually (Inlcuding P&I)	\$2,226,045	\$2,084,024	\$2,074,955		\$2,079,548	\$2,112,547
Wastewater Department						
Wastewater Rates per 1st 300 Cu ft of water used	\$4.40	\$4.86	\$4.86		\$4.86	\$4.86
Total flow of wastewater treatment plant (Millions of Gallons)	4,085	3,655	3,803		2,958	3,540
Average daily flow (Millions of gallons per day)	11	10	8		8	10

Source: City of Vandalia

30,121 21,714 39,807 34,069 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 0 0
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
0 0 0
1066 1040 5160 1511 055
4,066 4,340 5,169 4,711 3,590
1,310 1,176 556 822 2,29
1,313 668 660 508 48.
1,086 1,030 980 946 89
376 890 1,205 816 76
892 558 596 768 18
220 291 212 220 36
2,494 1,196 2,344 3,245 2,490
2,851 3,003 2,893 3,701 3,87
1,904 1,798 1,735 1,356 1,52
408 296 297 138
417 469 730 292 32.
3,521 3,631 3,960 3,850 1,99
2,112 2,375 2,097 2,517 2,66
1,334 896 779 1,054 75
1,740 1,846 1,677 1,464 1,40
\$ 13.34 \$ 13.34 \$ 13.34 \$ 12.50
5,418 5,480 5,409 5,389 5,36
\$2,196,006 \$2,118,302 \$2,130,194 \$2,087,631 \$2,376,91
\$2,190,000 \$2,118,302 \$2,130,194 \$2,067,031 \$2,370,91
\$4.86 \$4.42 \$4.02 \$3.65 \$3.00
3,141 3,890 2,852 2,852 2,90
9 11 8 8

